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1 43 TAC §219.123

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INTRODUCTION. The Texas Department of Motor Vehicles (department) adopts amendments to 43 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 219, Oversize and Overweight Vehicles and Loads, Subchapter A, General Provisions, §219.1 and §219.2; Subchapter B, General Permits, §§219.11 - 219.15; Subchapter C, Permits for Over Axle and Over Gross Weight Tolerances, §§219.30 - 219.32 and 219.34 - 219.36; Subchapter D, Permits for Oversize and Overweight Oil Well Related Vehicles, §§219.41 - 219.45; Subchapter E, Permits for Oversize and Overweight Unladen Lift Equipment Motor Vehicles, §§219.60 -219.64; Subchapter F, Compliance, §219.81; and Subchapter G, Records and Inspections, §219.102. The department also adopts new Subchapter A, §§219.5, 219.7 and 219.9. The department adopts the following sections without changes to the proposed text as published in the February 23, 2024, issue of the Texas Register (49 TexReg 1002) and will not be republished: §§219.1, 219.2, 219.5, 219.7, 219.9, 219.12 - 219.15, 219.30 - 219.32, 219.34 - 219.36, 219.41 - 219.45, 219.60, 219.61, 219.62, 219.64, 219.81 and 219.102. The department adopts §219.11 and §219.63 with changes to the proposed text as published in the February 23, 2024, issue of the Texas Register (49 TexReg 1002), and §219.11 and §219.63 will be republished. The department adopts §219.11 with changes to delay the end date through which the language in §219.11(I)(2) will be in effect regarding restrictions on the movement of certain oversize vehicles and loads on a holiday, and to separate the two sentences in paragraph (2) into subparagraphs (A) and (B). Also, the department adopts §219.63 with changes at adoption to remove the proposed deletion of a space and the proposed addition of a space in the references to Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.62(f). In addition, the department adopts the repeal of §§219.84, 219.86 and 219.123.

The department adopts amendments to document the department's processes and requirements in rule, to update the language to remove unnecessary or obsolete requirements, to delete language that

is contained in statute, to delete repetitive language, to clarify the language, to update the language to be consistent with statutory changes; to update the language to be consistent with guidance from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), and to begin to organize the general provisions in Subchapter A of Chapter 219. The department also adopts the repeals to delete language that is obsolete or unnecessary; or exceeds the department's rulemaking authority. In addition, the department adopts amendments that renumber, re-letter, or remove cross-references within rule subdivisions due to the deletion of one or more subdivisions within the rules.

#### **REASONED JUSTIFICATION.**

### Subchapter A. General Provisions

Adopted amendments to §219.1 clarify that Chapter 219 includes permits that authorize travel on certain public roadways in addition to the state highway system. For example, Transportation Code, §623.402 provides for the issuance of an overweight permit that authorizes the permittee to travel on certain county roads, municipal streets, and the state highway system to the extent the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) approves such roads, streets, and state highways under Transportation Code, §623.405. An adopted amendment to §219.1 also clarifies that Chapter 219 includes the policies and procedures for filing surety bonds, including surety bonds that are required before an operator of certain vehicles that exceed certain axle weight limits is allowed to travel on municipal streets, county roads, or the state highway system. An adopted amendment to §219.1 also corrects an error by changing the word "insure" to "ensure."

Adopted amendments to §219.2(b) add a definition for the word "day" to define it as a calendar day for clarity; change the defined word "daylight" to "daytime" and modify the definition by referring to the definition in Transportation Code, §541.401 and deleting the definition, which was derived from §541.401; modify the definition for "hubometer" to replace the word "crane" with the term "unladen lift"

equipment motor vehicle" because that is the term used in Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter J; add the word "label" to the defined term "HUD number" so the term is consistent with the term used in §219.14 and Transportation Code, §623.093; amend the definition of "nighttime" to remove the portion of the definition contained in Transportation Code, §541.401 because the definition of "nighttime" refers to the definition in §541.401; amend the definition of "nondivisible load or vehicle" to be consistent with FHWA's interpretation of the term by adding language regarding properly secured components, adding the example from prior §219.61(g) for a crane traveling with properly secured components, and adding an example of a dozer traveling with the blade detached; amend the definition for "nondivisible load or vehicle" by adding a missing period at the end of the language regarding spent nuclear materials and relettering the subdivisions accordingly; amend the definition for "permit plate" to reference the definition for "oil well servicing, cleanout, or drilling machinery" as defined in Transportation Code, §502.001(29); add a hyphen between the words "trailer" and "mounted" because these words are compound modifiers for the defined term "trailer-mounted unit"; and add examples to the definition of "unladen lift equipment motor vehicle."

Adopted amendments to §219.2(b) also modify the definition for surety bond because the prior definition for surety bond only referenced the payment to TxDOT for damage to a highway and was therefore in conflict with Transportation Code, §622.134, which also requires payment to a county for damage to a county road and to a municipality for damage to a municipal street caused by the operation of the vehicle, and Transportation Code, §623.163, which also requires payment to a municipality for damage to a municipal street caused by the operation of the vehicle. In addition, an adopted amendment to the definition of surety bond in §219.2 removes language that said the surety bond expires at the end of the state fiscal year because §219.3(b) and §219.11(n) already include this language.

In addition, adopted amendments to §219.2(b) delete the following defined terms because the department adopted amendments that removed the defined terms from where they were used in Chapter 219: board, one-trip registration, temporary vehicle registration, 72-hour temporary vehicle registration, and 144-hour temporary vehicle registration.

Further, adopted amendments to §219.2(b) delete the following terms, which do not appear in Chapter 219: credit card, district, district engineer, machinery plate, motor carrier registration (MCR), traffic control device, trunnion axle group, and variable load suspension axles. Lastly, adopted amendments to §219.2(b) delete the following terms, which are defined in Transportation Code, Chapter 621, 622, or 623: department and director. Section 219.2 says the definitions contained in Transportation Code, Chapter 621, 622, and 623 apply to Chapter 219. The adopted amendments renumber the paragraphs within §219.2(b) to accommodate the adopted deletions and additions to the rule.

Adopted new §219.5 describes the department's current general application requirements to obtain an oversize or overweight permit, including the requirements to provide the required information, submit the required documents, pay the required fees, and submit the application in the form and by the method prescribed by the department on its website. The department's website lists the methods by which an applicant can apply for each type of permit. For example, the department's webpage for 30/60/90-day permits under Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter D says the applicant can apply via the Texas Permitting and Routing Optimization System (TxPROS) or submit the Time Permit Application (Form MCD-302) by mail to the address listed on the application form. TxPROS is the department's designated permitting system.

Adopted new §219.5 also refers to the application requirements under Chapter 219; Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 622, and 623; and other applicable law. For example, to qualify for certain permits, Transportation Code, §§623.011(b)(1), 623.079, and 623.194 require the vehicle to be

registered under Transportation Code, Chapter 502 for the maximum gross weight applicable to the vehicle under Transportation Code, §621.101, not to exceed 80,000 pounds. Adopted new §219.5 also describes the process for an applicant to obtain a customer identification number by setting up an account in TxPROS, as well as the process to authorize the department to obtain a customer identification number for the applicant via TxPROS.

Adopted new §219.7 expressly authorizes certain amendments to permits to be consistent with current practice. Adopted new §219.7(a) provides general amendment guidelines, which are subject to the specific provisions in adopted new §219.7(b). Adopted new §219.7 allows amendments necessary to correct errors made by department staff or the department's permitting system, and as necessary to keep the contact information up to date. Adopted new §219.7 expressly authorizes certain amendments to permits even though other sections in Chapter 219 limit the types of amendments that are allowed to certain types of permits.

Adopted new §219.9 clarifies that the provisions in Chapter 219 do not authorize the operation of a vehicle or vehicle combination on the following roadways in this state to the extent FHWA determines the vehicle or vehicle combination exceeds the applicable weight or size for such roadway under 23 U.S.C. §127, 49 U.S.C. §§31111 through 31114, or federal regulations prescribed under 23 U.S.C. §127 or 49 U.S.C. §§31111 through 31114: the federal-aid primary system, the federal-aid urban system, and the federal-aid secondary system, including the national system of interstate and defense highways. Although these federal laws and regulations do not directly apply to the vehicle operator, Texas complies with such federal laws and regulations through Texas laws and rules regarding maximum vehicle size and weight for the following reasons under the following authority: 1) 23 U.S.C. §127, 23 U.S.C. §141, 49 U.S.C. §31112, and the regulations prescribed under 23 U.S.C. §127, 23 U.S.C. §141, and 49 U.S.C. §31112, which enables Texas to avoid the risk of losing a portion of federal highway funding;

and 2) 49 U.S.C. §§31111 through 31114, which enables Texas to avoid a civil action by the U.S. Attorney General for injunctive relief under 49 U.S.C. §31115.

Adopted new §219.9 also requires the department to post a notice on its website and to possibly send notice to permittees through the applicable email addresses on file with the department to the extent the department learns that FHWA generally determines a vehicle or vehicle combination exceeds the applicable weight or size for such roadway under 23 U.S.C. §127, 49 U.S.C. §§31111 through 31114, or federal regulations prescribed under 23 U.S.C. §127 or 49 U.S.C. §§31111 through 31114 in a way that may conflict with a provision in this chapter. This provision is not based on FHWA finding that a specific permittee has exceeded the applicable weight or size; it is based on FHWA's general interpretation of federal law. For example, an adopted amendment to the definition of "nondivisible load or a vehicle" in §219.2 makes the definition consistent with FHWA's current interpretation of this term. If a vehicle already exceeds legal weight without including the weight of the properly secured components, FHWA said the vehicle is considered to be nondivisible even if properly secured components are being transported with the vehicle. To the extent the department learns that FHWA changed its interpretation of the definition of a "nondivisible load or vehicle" under 23 C.F.R. §658.5 in a way that conflicts with the adopted amended definition in §219.2, the department will post a notice on its website regarding FHWA's interpretation and may provide notice to permittees through the applicable email addresses on file with the department.

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## Subchapter B. General Permits

An adopted amendment to §219.11(b) removes the vehicle registration requirements because the applicable vehicle registration requirements under Transportation Code, §623.079 do not apply to the permits under the following sections in Subchapter B of Chapter 219: §§219.13(e)(5) through (7),

219.14, and 219.15. Also, it is not necessary to repeat the statutory requirements in rule. Amendments throughout Chapter 219 that delete reference to vehicle registration requirements do not impact the applicable vehicle registration requirements under Transportation Code, Chapter 502; the amendments are based on the department's statutory authority under Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 622 and 623. An adopted amendment to §219.11(b) also removes the word "commercial" from the term "commercial motor carrier" to be consistent with the terminology in Transportation Code, Chapter 643 and Chapter 218 of this title (relating to Motor Carriers). In addition, adopted amendments to §219.11(b) restructure the subsection due to adopted amendments and deletions within the subsection.

An adopted amendment to §219.11(d)(1), (d)(1)(D), and (d)(1)(E) changes the term "non-TxDOT engineer" to "non-TxDOT licensed professional engineer" to be consistent with existing terminology in §219.11(d), which refers to a "TxDOT approved licensed professional engineer."

An adopted amendment to §219.11(d)(1)(F) and (d)(3)(H) restructures the sentences to clarify that the maximum permit weight on the axle groups is reduced by 2.5 percent for each foot less than 12 feet. Adopted amendments to §219.11(d)(2) and (3) add hyphens to the compound modifiers regarding the axle groups and make the terms consistent with the terms in the text in §219.2. An adopted amendment to §219.11(e)(2)(A)(i) changes the word "weak" to "reduced capacity" to describe certain bridges more accurately.

An adopted amendment to §219.11(f) deletes paragraph (1) because the language regarding the payment of fees was added to adopted new §219.5 in Subchapter A, which applies to all permit applications under Chapter 219. An adopted amendment to §219.11(f) also removes the paragraph number and catch line for paragraph (2) because there would only be one paragraph in subsection (f) due to the adopted deletion of paragraph (1). An adopted amendment to the following sections removes the cross-reference to §219.11(f) regarding the payment of fees due to the adopted deletion of

- this language from §219.11(f), and renumber or re-letter accordingly as necessary: §§219.13, 219.14,
- 2 219.15, 219.30, 219.31, 219.32, 219.34, 219.35, 219.36, 219.41, 219.45 and 219.61.

An adopted amendment to §219.11(k)(7) deletes subparagraph (E) because it conflicts with Transportation Code, §547.382. Adopted amendments to §219.11(I)(1) change the word "daylight" to "daytime" and change the term "daylight hours" to "the daytime" because an adopted amendment to §219.2 changes the word "daylight" to "daytime." For this reason, the department also adopted similar amendments to the following sections: §§219.12, 219.13, 219.15, 219.41 and 219.61. An adopted amendment to renumbered and re-lettered §219.13(e)(5)(E) also deletes reference to Transportation Code, §541.401 for the definition of "daytime" because an adopted amendment to §219.2 defines "daytime" by referencing the definition in Transportation Code, §541.401. Adopted amendments to \$219.11(I)(1) change the word "night" to "nighttime" to provide clarity because "nighttime" is defined in §219.2. For this reason, the department also adopted amendments to the following sections to change the word "night" to "nighttime": §§219.13, 219.34, 219.35, 219.36 and 219.44.

The department adopts §219.11 with changes at adoption to make the language in §219.11(I)(2) effective through January 10, 2025, regarding restrictions on the movement of certain oversize vehicles and loads on a holiday and to separate the two sentences in paragraph (2) into subparagraphs (A) and (B). The delay will give the Texas Transportation Commission additional time in case it wants to adopt a rule regarding the maximum size limits for a permit issued under Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter D for holiday movement. The Texas Transportation Commission has rulemaking authority under Transportation Code, §621.006 to impose restrictions on the weight and size of vehicles to be operated on state highways on certain holidays. In addition, TxDOT is responsible for providing the department with routing information necessary to complete a permit under Transportation Code, §623.003.

An adopted amendment to §219.11(I)(2) clarifies that the department may apply restrictions imposed by TxDOT. An adopted amendment to §219.11(I)(3) clarifies that the curfew movement restrictions of a city or county do not apply unless the department publishes the curfew movement restrictions. The department only publishes the curfew movement restrictions if TxDOT approves the restrictions. Currently, the department publishes the curfew movement restrictions on the department's website. An adopted amendment to §219.11(I)(3) also deletes language regarding the curfew restrictions listed on the permit to make the language consistent throughout Chapter 219 regarding published curfew restrictions.

An adopted amendment to §219.11(m)(1) deletes subparagraph (B) because the department does not have statutory authority for the language in subparagraph (B). Also, an adopted amendment to §219.11(m)(1) deletes a reference in subparagraph (A) to subparagraph (B) and re-letters subparagraph (C) due to the deletion of subparagraph (B). In addition, an adopted amendment to re-lettered §219.11(m)(1)(B) clarifies that the restrictions in §219.11(m)(1)(A) and the definition of a "nondivisible load or vehicle" in §219.2 apply to a permit to haul a dozer and its detached blade. Further, an adopted amendment to re-lettered §219.11(m)(1)(B) replaces the word "non-dismantable" with "nondivisible" because "nondivisible load" is a defined term in §219.2, but "non-dismantable" is not defined in Chapter 219.

An adopted amendment to §219.12(b)(3)(C) clarifies that TxDOT, rather than the department, incurs a cost for analyses performed prior to issuing a superheavy permit under §219.12. An adopted amendment to §219.12(b)(6) deletes reference to an intermodal container because Transportation Code, §623.070 says that Subchapter D of Transportation Code, Chapter 623 does not apply to the transportation of an intermodal shipping container.

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Adopted amendments to §219.12(b)(7) through (b)(9) combine the paragraphs into revised §219.12(b)(7) because the text covers a specific type of single-trip permit called a superheavy permit. The adopted amendments to §219.12(b)(7) include the requirements in prior §219.12(b)(7) through (b)(9) for the department to provide the applicant with a tentative route based on the physical size of the overdimension load excluding weight, as well as the requirement for the applicant to investigate the tentative route and acknowledge in writing to the department that the route is capable of accommodating the overdimension load. The adopted amendments to §219.12(b)(7) also describe the current process, including the requirement for the department to consult with TxDOT and the applicant as necessary to attempt to determine a tentative route that the applicant can acknowledge is capable of accommodating the overdimension load; the department's obligation to provide the tentative route to the applicant's TxDOT-certified, licensed professional engineering firm once the applicant acknowledges to the department that the tentative route is capable of accommodating the overdimension load; and the requirement under Chapter 28, Subchapter G of this title (relating to Oversize and Overweight Vehicles and Loads) for the applicant's TxDOT-certified, licensed professional engineering firm to provide TxDOT with a report that TxDOT uses to approve the department's tentative route for the movement of a superheavy load under Transportation Code, §623.071 as required by Transportation Code, §623.003. TxDOT relies on outside engineering firms to provide the initial review and analysis for the superheavy permit application prior to providing the department with approval for the tentative route, which the department provides to the applicant for superheavy loads.

The applicant for a superheavy permit must provide the TxDOT-certified, licensed professional engineering firm with the information and documents the engineering firm needs to provide TxDOT with a written report under §28.86 of this title (relating to Bridge Report). The adopted amendments to §219.12(b)(7) delete text found in prior §219.12(b)(7)(A) through (B) because the information and

documents that the TxDOT-certified, licensed professional engineering firm needs to create a written report could vary, depending on the load and the processes of each firm. Before TxDOT will provide the department with approval for the department's tentative route for the superheavy load, TxDOT must receive from the applicant's TxDOT-certified, licensed professional engineering firm a written report that includes a detailed structural analysis of the bridges on the proposed route demonstrating that the bridges and culverts on the route are capable of sustaining the load. The department will not issue a superheavy permit unless TxDOT provides the department with approval for the tentative route proposed by the department and acknowledged by the applicant as capable of accommodating the overdimension load.

Adopted amendments to §219.12(b)(7) also clarify that the reference to an overdimension load that is between 200,001 and 254,300 pounds is a reference to gross weight, which is defined in §219.2. In addition, adopted amendments to §219.12(b)(7) delete text found in prior §219.12(b)(7)(C) through (D) because the department no longer needs the referenced form and because the vehicle supervision fee is already addressed in §219.12(b)(3). Further, adopted amendments to §219.12(b)(7) modify the prior text in §219.12(b)(7)(E) to require the applicant to provide the department with the TxDOT-certified licensed, professional engineering firm's email address, instead of the firm's phone number and fax number.

Adopted amendments to §219.12(d) delete references to storage tanks to be consistent with the department's current practice. An adopted amendment to §219.12(d) also deletes prior paragraph (1) because there are no statutory limits on the size of a house under a permit to move a house. In addition, adopted amendments to §219.12(d) add hyphens between the words "two" and "axle" because these words are compound modifiers for the word "group." Further, adopted amendments to §219.12(d) and (e) delete the requirement for a permit applicant to provide a loading diagram to the department because the applicant must enter weight information into the department's designated permitting system, rather than providing the loading diagram. An adopted amendment to §219.12(d) requires the applicant to

provide the department with the requested information regarding weights. Due to adopted deletions of subdivisions within §219.12(d), the remaining subdivisions are renumbered accordingly. With the adopted deletion of §219.12(e), subsection (f) is re-lettered accordingly.

An adopted amendment to §219.13(a) adds a citation to Transportation Code, Chapter 622 because permits for transporting poles required for the maintenance of electric power transmission and distribution lines (power line poles) are authorized under Transportation Code, Chapter 622, Subchapter E. Section 219.13(e)(6) provides the requirements regarding a permit for power line poles.

An adopted amendment to §219.13(b)(1) deletes the permit fee amounts because the fees are listed in Transportation Code, §623.076. An adopted amendment to §219.13(b) deletes prior paragraph (4), which said that time permits will not be issued to a vehicle or vehicle combination that is registered with temporary vehicle registration. Transportation Code, §623.079 says a permit issued under Subchapter D of Chapter 623 of the Transportation Code may only be issued if the vehicle is registered under Transportation Code, Chapter 502 for the maximum gross weight applicable to the vehicle under Transportation Code, §621.101 that is not heavier than 80,000 pounds overall gross weight. The vehicle registration requirements under Transportation Code, §623.079 do not apply to the permits under §219.13(e)(5) through (7). Also, for permits under §219.13 for which vehicle registration is required, temporary vehicle registration under Transportation Code, Chapter 502 qualifies as vehicle registration under Transportation Code, Chapter 502 qualifies as vehicle registration under Transportation Code, \$623.079. With the adopted deletion of §219.13(b)(1) and (4), adopted amendments to §219.13(b) renumber the subsequent paragraphs within §219.13(b) accordingly.

Adopted amendments to §219.13(e)(4) delete references to an intermodal container because Transportation Code, §623.070 says that Subchapter D of Transportation Code, Chapter 623 does not apply to the transportation of an intermodal shipping container. An adopted amendment to §219.13(e)(4) also corrects an error by replacing the word "principle" with "principal."

An adopted amendment to §219.13(e)(5) deletes reference to §219.13(e)(1)(E) because an adopted amendment to §219.13(e)(1) deletes subparagraph (A) and re-letters the subsequent subparagraphs. An adopted amendment to §219.13(e)(5) also deletes reference to §219.13(e)(1)(G) because paragraph (1) does not contain a subparagraph (G). In addition, an adopted amendment to §219.13(e)(5) deletes subparagraph (E) because Transportation Code, Chapter 623 does not require the vehicle to be registered under Transportation Code, Chapter 502. Also, to the extent the permitted vehicle under §219.13(e)(5) falls within the definition of "manufactured housing" under Occupations Code, §1201.003, the vehicle is not subject to vehicle registration under Transportation Code, Chapter 502 according to Transportation Code, §502.142. Further, an adopted amendment to §219.13(e)(5) deletes subparagraph (G) because the escort requirements are contained in statute. Lastly, adopted amendments to §219.13(e)(5) re-letter subsequent subdivisions within the rule text due to deletions.

An adopted amendment to §219.13(e)(6) deletes subparagraph (F) because Transportation Code, Chapter 623 does not require the vehicle to be registered under Transportation Code, Chapter 502. An adopted amendment to §219.13(e)(6) re-letters subsequent subdivisions within the rule text due to the deletion of subparagraph (F).

An adopted amendment to §219.13(e)(7) deletes subparagraph (F) because Transportation Code, Chapter 623 does not require the vehicle to be registered under Transportation Code, Chapter 502.

An adopted amendment to §219.13(e)(8) removes reference to the fee under subsection (b) of §219.13 because an adopted amendment deletes the fee language in subsection (b).

An adopted amendment to §219.14 deletes subsection (d) because the permit fee is listed in Transportation Code, §623.096. An adopted amendment to §219.14 re-letters the subsequent subsections due to the deletion of subsection (d). An adopted amendment to re-lettered §219.14(d) deletes paragraph (5) because the language duplicates language found in Transportation Code, §623.100,

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and does not list all national holidays. An adopted amendment to re-lettered §219.14(d) renumbers the subsequent paragraphs due to the deletion of paragraph (5). An adopted amendment to re-lettered and renumbered §219.14(d)(6) deletes the clause "listed in this subsection" because an adopted amendment to re-lettered and renumbered §219.14(d) deletes the prior §219.14(e)(5) in which some of the national holidays were listed. An adopted amendment to re-lettered and renumbered §219.14(d)(8) adds the title for §219.11 for clarity. An adopted amendment to re-lettered §219.14(d) deletes prior §219.14(e)(10) because Transportation Code, §623.099 requires TxDOT, rather than the department, to annually publish a map or list of all bridges or overpasses which, due to height or width, require an escort flag vehicle to stop oncoming traffic while the manufactured home crosses the bridge or overpass. An adopted amendment to re-lettered §219.14(d) renumbers the remaining paragraph due to the deletion of paragraph (10). Adopted amendments to §219.14 delete subsection (f) because the language is contained in statute.

An adopted amendment to §219.15(a)(2) deletes reference to the fee required by subsection (d) and replaces the language with a reference to the fee required by statute because an adopted amendment to subsection (d) removes fee language that duplicates language found in statute. An adopted amendment to §219.15(c) deletes reference to §219.11(b)(2) because the vehicle registration requirements under Transportation Code, §623.079 do not apply to a permit under §219.15 and an adopted amendment to §219.11(b) deletes the vehicle registration requirements. An adopted amendment to §219.15 deletes subsection (f) because the language regarding escort requirements is contained in statute.

Subchapter C. Permits for Over Axle and Over Gross Weight Tolerances

An adopted amendment to §219.30(a) removes an unnecessary sentence, which incorrectly references the requirements in Subchapter C of Chapter 219. An adopted amendment to §219.30(b) replaces the word "subchapter" with "section" because §219.30 is the only section in Subchapter C of Chapter 219 that provides for the issuance of a permit under Transportation Code, §623.011. An adopted amendment to §219.30(d)(3) removes reference to the vehicle's inspection sticker because vehicle inspection stickers are no longer issued in Texas. The vehicle inspection requirements in Texas are enforced through vehicle registration under Transportation Code, §502.047 and §548.256. An adopted amendment to §219.30(d) deletes paragraph (5) because the language is inconsistent with Transportation Code, §623.013, which was amended by Senate Bill 1814, 87<sup>th</sup> Legislature, Regular Session (2021). An adopted amendment to §219.30 deletes subsection (g) because most of the language is contained in Transportation Code, §621.508, which provides an affirmative defense to prosecution of, or an action under Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter F for the offense of operating a vehicle with a single axle weight or tandem axle weight heavier than the axle weight authorized by law. The adopted amendments to §219.30 re-letter the remaining subsection to address the removal of §219.30(g).

An adopted amendment to §219.32(k) deletes language that is contained in Transportation Code, §623.0171 because it is not necessary to repeat statutory language in rule. An adopted amendment to §219.32(k) also restructures the language due to the deletion of the paragraphs under subsection (k).

An adopted amendment to §219.35(a) updates the citation to the subchapter under which the fluid milk permit is located in Transportation Code, Chapter 623. The legislature redesignated the statutes for the fluid milk permit from Subchapter U to Subchapter V.

An adopted amendment to §219.36(a) deletes reference to the bill under which Transportation Code, §623.401, et seq. became law because Transportation Code, Chapter 623 currently only contains

one Subchapter U. The legislature redesignated the statutes for the fluid milk permit from Subchapter U
 to Subchapter V.

Subchapter D. Permits for Oversize and Overweight Oil Well Related Vehicles

Adopted amendments to §219.42(d) add a hyphen between the words "trailer" and "mounted" because these words are compound modifiers for the term "trailer-mounted unit." An adopted amendment to §219.42(d)(3) also removes outdated language regarding the calculation of the fee for a single-trip permit for the movement of a trailer-mounted oil well servicing unit. Axles are no longer temporarily disregarded for the purposes of calculating fees for this single-trip permit. In addition, an adopted amendment to §219.42(d)(3) removes the subparagraph letter for prior subparagraph (A) due to the deletion of subparagraph (B), which was the only other subparagraph under prior §219.42(d)(3).

Adopted amendments to §219.43(e) add a hyphen between the words "trailer" and "mounted" because these words are compound modifiers for the term "trailer-mounted unit." An adopted amendment to §219.43(e)(4) also removes outdated language regarding the calculation of the fee for a quarterly hubometer permit for the movement of an oil well servicing unit. Axles are no longer temporarily disregarded for the purposes of calculating the fees for this quarterly hubometer permit.

An adopted amendment to §219.44(a)(1) deletes subparagraph (A) because Transportation Code, §502.146(b)(3) requires the applicant for a permit plate for oil well servicing or drilling machinery to submit proof that the applicant has a permit under Transportation Code, §623.142 before they can obtain a permit plate under Transportation Code, §502.146(b)(3). An adopted amendment to §219.44(a)(1) also removes the subparagraph letter for prior subparagraph (B) due to the deletion of subparagraph (A), which was the only other subparagraph under prior §219.44(a)(1).

An adopted amendment to §219.45(a) replaces the word "fracing" with "fracking," which is defined as "the injection of fluid into shale beds at high pressure in order to free up petroleum resources (such as oil or natural gas)." *See Fracking*, Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary (www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/fracking) (last visited January 18, 2024). An adopted amendment to §219.45(c) deletes prior paragraph (2) because the vehicle registration requirements are specified in statute and are not required as part of the application process for a permit for a vehicle transporting liquid products related to oil well production. An adopted amendment to §219.45(c) renumbers the remaining paragraphs due to the deletion of prior paragraph (2). An adopted amendment to renumbered §219.45(c)(3)(C) inserts the word "plate" before the word "number" to clarify that the permittee must provide the department with the "license plate number" for the new trailer.

Subchapter E. Permits for Oversize and Overweight Unladen Lift Equipment Motor Vehicles

An adopted amendment to §219.60 replaces the word "cranes" with "unladen lift equipment motor vehicles" to be consistent with the terminology in Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapters I and J. The department also adopts amendments to the following sections to replace terminology regarding a crane with terminology regarding an unladen lift equipment motor vehicle to be consistent with the terminology in Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter I and Subchapter J: §§219.61, 219.62, 219.63 and 219.64.

An adopted amendment to §219.61(a) deletes paragraph (4) regarding a trailer-mounted crane, and an adopted amendment to §219.62(d)(2)(B) deletes the mileage rate for a trailer-mounted crane because Transportation Code, §623.181 and §623.191 say the permits are for an "unladen lift equipment motor vehicle," rather than for a trailer-mounted crane. An adopted amendment to §219.61 deletes prior

subsection (g) in conjunction with the adopted amendment to move that language to the definition of "nondivisible load or vehicle" in §219.2.

An adopted amendment to the title for §219.62 replaces the term "Single Trip" with "Single-Trip" to be consistent with the term used in the text of §219.62. An adopted amendment to §219.62(b) adds a space between the colon and title 43 as follows: Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.62(f). An adopted amendment to §219.62(d) deletes paragraph (3) to remove outdated language regarding the calculation of the fee for a single-trip permit for the movement of an unladen lift equipment motor vehicle. Axles are no longer temporarily disregarded for the purposes of calculating fees for this single-trip permit. An adopted amendment to §219.62(d) also renumbers paragraph (4) due to the deletion of paragraph (3).

The department adopts §219.63 with changes at adoption to remove the proposed deletion of a space and the proposed addition of a space in the references to Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.62(f) that the department indicated as changes in the published proposal. An adopted amendment to §219.63(e) deletes paragraph (4) to remove outdated language regarding the calculation of the fee for a hubometer permit for the movement of an unladen lift equipment motor vehicle. Axles are no longer temporarily disregarded for the purposes of calculating fees for this hubometer permit.

Transportation Code, §623.145 and §623.195 require the board to consult with the Texas Transportation Commission prior to the adoption of certain rules regarding oversize and overweight permits for the operation of oil well servicing and drilling machinery and unladen lift equipment motor vehicles. To comply with these statutory requirements, the board consulted with the Texas Transportation Commission on the amendments to 43 TAC §§219.41 - 219.45 and 219.60 - 219.64. The department provided the proposed amendments to the Texas Transportation Commission through TxDOT's staff. The Texas Transportation Commission considered the proposed amendments at its public meeting on April

25, 2024, and entered a Minute Order to document compliance with Transportation Code, §623.145 and
 §623.195.

### Subchapter F. Compliance

An adopted amendment to §219.81 deletes subsection (c) because the department does not have rulemaking authority under Transportation Code, Chapters 621 through 623 to prohibit a person from operating a vehicle on a highway or public road if the vehicle exceeds its gross weight registration. The vehicle registration weight requirements are enforced by law enforcement officers under statutes, such as Transportation Code, §§502.472, 621.002, 621.406, and 621.501.

The department adopts the repeal of §219.84 because the department replaced the remote permit system with TxPROS and the department does not require applicants to sign a contract to use TxPROS. The department adopts the repeal of §219.86 because it exceeds the scope of the department's rulemaking authority. Although Transportation Code, §623.146 and §623.196 contain language that is similar to the language in §219.86 for certain permits, the language in §219.86 applies to all permits. Not all permits under Chapter 219 are governed by Transportation Code, §623.146 and §623.196.

### Subchapter G. Records and Inspections

An adopted amendment to §219.102(b)(2) deletes language that says the display of an image that includes permit information on a wireless communication device does not constitute effective consent for a law enforcement officer or any other person to access the contents of the wireless communication device except to view the permit information. The department does not have the statutory authority for this language in §219.102(b)(2)(B). However, the person who chooses to display an image of a permit on a wireless communication device can discuss the extent of their consent with the law enforcement officer

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or any other person prior to displaying an image of a permit on a wireless communication device. An adopted amendment to §219.102(b)(2) re-letters the remaining subparagraph due to the deletion of prior §219.102(b)(2)(B). An adopted amendment to §219.102(b)(2) also deletes language in prior subparagraph (D) that said a telecommunications provider may not be held liable to the operator of the motor vehicle for the failure of a wireless communication device to display permit information. The department does not have the statutory authority for the language in prior §219.102(b)(2)(D).

Subchapter H. Administrative Penalties and Sanctions

The department adopts the repeal of §219.123 because it repeats the language found in Transportation Code, §623.271(e). It is not necessary to repeat statutory language in rule.

#### **SUMMARY OF COMMENTS.**

No comments on the proposed amendments, new sections and repeals were received.

## **SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS**

43 TAC §§219.1, 219.2, 219.5, 219.7 and 219.9

STATUTORY AUTHORITY. The department adopts amendments and new sections under Transportation Code, §621.008, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 621; Transportation Code, §621.356, which authorizes the board to adopt rules prescribing the method of payment of a fee for a permit that is issued by the department for the operation of a vehicle and load or a combination of vehicles and load that exceed size or weight limitations; Transportation Code, §622.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 622, including Transportation Code, §622.051,

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et seq. which authorize the department to issue a permit for transporting poles required for the maintenance of electric power transmission and distribution lines; Transportation Code, §623.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules as necessary to implement Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §623.0171, which requires the department by rule to require an applicant for a permit for a ready-mixed concrete truck to designate the counties in which the applicant intends to operate; Transportation Code, §623.070, et seq. which authorize the department to issue a permit to an applicant to move certain equipment or commodities and prescribe the application requirements for such permits; Transportation Code, §623.074, which authorizes the department to adopt a rule to authorize an applicant to submit an application electronically and to require an application for certain permits to include the region or area over which the equipment is to be operated; Transportation Code, §623.076, which authorizes the board to adopt rules for the payment of a fee under Subchapter D of Transportation Code, Chapter 623 regarding heavy equipment; Transportation Code, §623.095(c), which authorizes the department to adopt rules concerning the requirements for a permit under §623.095(c) regarding an annual permit for a person authorized to be issued permits under Transportation Code, §623.094 for the transportation of new manufactured homes from a manufacturing facility to a temporary storage location not to exceed 20 miles from the point of manufacture; Transportation Code, §623.145, which requires the board, in consultation with the Texas Transportation Commission, to adopt rules to provide for the issuance of a permit under Subchapter G of Transportation Code, Chapter 623 regarding oil well servicing and drilling machinery; Transportation Code, §623.195, which requires the board, in consultation with the Texas Transportation Commission, to adopt rules to provide for the issuance of a permit under Subchapter J of Transportation Code, Chapter 623 regarding unladen lift equipment motor vehicles; Transportation Code, §623.342, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement Subchapter R of Transportation Code, Chapter 623 regarding permits to deliver relief supplies during a major disaster;

Transportation Code, §623.411, which authorizes the department to adopt rules that are necessary to implement Subchapter U of Transportation Code, Chapter 623, including rules governing the application for a permit under Subchapter U regarding intermodal shipping containers; Transportation Code, §623.427, which authorizes the department to adopt rules that are necessary to implement Subchapter V of Transportation Code, Chapter 623 regarding vehicles transporting fluid milk; Transportation Code, §1002.001, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary and appropriate to implement the powers and the duties of the department; Transportation Code, §1001.009, which authorizes the board to adopt rules regarding the method of collection of a fee for any goods sold or services provided by the department, including the issuance of licenses and permits; Government Code, §2001.004, which requires state agencies to adopt rules of practice stating the nature and requirements of all available formal and informal procedures; and the statutory authority referenced throughout the preamble and in the rule text, which is incorporated herein by reference.

**CROSS REFERENCE TO STATUTE.** The adopted amendments and new sections implement Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 622, 623, 1001, and 1002; and Government Code, Chapter 2001.

Text.

219.1. Purpose and Scope.

The department is responsible for regulating the movement of oversize and overweight vehicles and loads on certain public roadways in this state, in order to ensure the safety of the traveling public, and to protect the integrity of the public roadways and the bridges. This responsibility is accomplished through the issuance of permits for the movement of oversize and overweight vehicles and loads. The sections under this chapter prescribe the policies and procedures for the issuance of permits and the

- filing of surety bonds. All applications for permits and all questions regarding the permits should be
   directed to the department, even though TxDOT is responsible for certain issues regarding permits.
  - 219.2. Definitions.

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- (a) The definitions contained in Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 622, and 623 apply to this chapter. In the event of a conflict with this chapter, the definitions contained in Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 622, and 623 control.
- (b) The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, will have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
- (1) Annual permit--A permit that authorizes movement of an oversize and/or overweight load for one year commencing with the effective date.
  - (2) Applicant--Any person, firm, or corporation requesting a permit.
- (3) Axle--The common axis of rotation of one or more wheels whether power-driven or freely rotating, and whether in one or more segments.
- (4) Axle group--An assemblage of two or more consecutive axles, with two or more wheels per axle, spaced at least 40 inches from center of axle to center of axle, equipped with a weight-equalizing suspension system that will not allow more than a 10% weight difference between any two axles in the group.
- (5) Closeout--The procedure used by the department to terminate a permit, issued under Transportation Code, §623.142 or §623.192 that will not be renewed by the applicant.
- (6) Complete identification number--A unique and distinguishing number assigned to
   equipment or a commodity for purposes of identification.

1	(7) Concrete pump truckA self-propelled vehicle designed to pump the concrete
2	product from a ready mix truck to the point of construction.
3	(8) CraneAny unladen lift equipment motor vehicle designed for the sole purpose of
4	raising, shifting, or lowering heavy weights by means of a projecting, swinging mast with an engine for
5	power on a chassis permanently constructed or assembled for such purpose.
6	(9) Day—A calendar day.
7	(10) DaytimeAs defined in Transportation Code, §541.401.
8	(11) Digital signatureAn electronic identifier intended by the person using it to have
9	the same force and effect as a manual signature. The digital signature shall be unique to the person
10	using it.
11	(12) Electronic identifierA unique identifier which is distinctive to the person using it, is
12	independently verifiable, is under the sole control of the person using it, and is transmitted in a manner
13	that makes it infeasible to change the data in the communication or digital signature without
14	invalidating the digital signature.
15	(13) Escort flag vehicleA vehicle that precedes or follows an oversize or overweight
16	vehicle to facilitate the safe movement of the oversize or overweight vehicle over roads.
17	(14) Four-axle groupAny four consecutive axles, having at least 40 inches from center
18	of axle to center of axle, whose extreme centers are not more than 192 inches apart and are individually
19	attached to or articulated from, or both, to the vehicle by a weight equalizing suspension system.
20	(15) GaugeThe transverse spacing distance between tires on an axle, expressed in feet
21	and measured to the nearest inch, from center-of-tire to center-of-tire on an axle equipped with only
22	two tires, or measured to the nearest inch from the center of the dual wheels on one side of the axle to
23	the center of the dual wheels on the opposite side of the axle.

1	(16) Gross weightThe unladen weight of a vehicle or combination of vehicles plus the
2	weight of the load being transported.
3	(17) Height poleA device made of a non-conductive material, used to measure the
4	height of overhead obstructions.
5	(18) Highway maintenance feeA fee established by Transportation Code, §623.077,
6	based on gross weight, and paid by the permittee when the permit is issued.
7	(19) Highway use factorA mileage reduction figure used in the calculation of a permit
8	fee for a permit issued under Transportation Code, §623.142 and §623.192.
9	(20) HubometerA mechanical device attached to an axle on a unit or an unladen lift
10	equipment motor vehicle for recording mileage traveled.
11	(21) HUD label numberA unique number assigned to a manufactured home by the U.S.
12	Department of Housing and Urban Development.
13	(22) Indirect cost shareA prorated share of administering department activities, other
14	than the direct cost of the activities, including the cost of providing statewide support services.
15	(23) Load-restricted bridgeA bridge that is restricted by the Texas Department of
16	Transportation, under the provisions of Transportation Code, §621.102, to a weight limit less than the
17	maximum amount allowed by Transportation Code, §621.101.
18	(24) Load-restricted roadA road that is restricted by the Texas Department of
19	Transportation, under the provisions of Transportation Code, §621.102, to a weight limit less than the
20	maximum amount allowed by Transportation Code, §621.101.
21	(25) Manufactured homeManufactured housing, as defined in Occupations Code,
22	Chapter 1201, and industrialized housing and buildings, as defined in Occupations Code, §1202.002, and
23	temporary chassis systems, and returnable undercarriages used for the transportation of manufactured

# TITLE 43. TRANSPORTATION Part 10. Texas Department of Motor Vehicles Chapter 219 – Oversize and Overweight Vehicles and Loads

1	housing and industrialized housing and buildings, and a transportable section which is transported on a
2	chassis system or returnable undercarriage that is constructed so that it cannot, without dismantling or
3	destruction, be transported within legal size limits for motor vehicles.
4	(26) Motor carrierA person that controls, operates, or directs the operation of one or
5	more vehicles that transport persons or cargo over a public highway in this state, as defined by
6	Transportation Code, §643.001.
7	(27) Nighttime—As defined in Transportation Code, §541.401.
8	(28) Nondivisible load or vehicle
9	(A) A nondivisible load or vehicle is defined as follows:
10	(i) Any load or vehicle exceeding applicable length or weight limits
11	which, if separated into smaller loads or vehicles, would:
12	(I) compromise the intended use of the vehicle, i.e., make it
13	unable to perform the function for which it was intended;
14	(II) destroy the value of the load or vehicle, i.e., make it
15	unusable for its intended purpose; or
16	(III) require more than eight workhours to dismantle using
17	appropriate equipment. The applicant for a nondivisible load permit has the burden of proof as to the
18	number of workhours required to dismantle the load.
19	(ii) Emergency response vehicles, including those loaded with salt, sand,
20	chemicals or a combination thereof, with or without a plow or blade attached in front, and being used
21	for the purpose of spreading the material on highways that are or may become slick or icy.
22	(iii) Casks designed for the transport of spent nuclear materials.

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(iv) Military vehicles transporting marked military equipment ormateriel.

(B) A vehicle or load that exceeds legal weight (without the properly secured components) and for which an appropriate permit is obtained from the department under this chapter may travel as a mobile vehicle or as a load, as applicable, with properly secured components in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications to the extent the components are necessary for the vehicle or load to perform its intended function or purpose, provided the axle weights, axle group weights, and gross weight do not exceed the maximum applicable permit weights listed in this chapter. For example, a crane permitted under Subchapter E of this chapter that exceeds legal weight without the properly secured components may travel with properly secured components, such as outriggers, booms, counterweights, jibs, blocks, balls, cribbing, outrigger pads, and outrigger mats, in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications to the extent the components are necessary for the crane to perform its intended function, provided the axle weights, axle group weights, and gross weight do not exceed the maximum permit weights listed in Subchapter E of this chapter. An example of a load being transported is a dozer with the blade detached that is permitted under §219.12 of this title (relating to Single-Trip Permits Issued under Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter D) when both are being transported on a trailer or semitrailer if the dozer without the blade is overweight, provided the axle weights, axle group weights, and gross weight do not exceed the maximum permit weights listed in §219.12.

(29) Oil field rig-up truck--An unladen vehicle with an overweight single steering axle, equipped with a winch and set of gin poles used for lifting, erecting, and moving oil well equipment and machinery.

1	(30) Oil well servicing unitAn oil well clean-out unit, oil well drilling unit, or oil well
2	swabbing unit, which is mobile equipment, either self-propelled or trailer-mounted, constructed as a
3	machine used solely for cleaning-out, drilling, servicing, or swabbing oil wells, and consisting in general
4	of, but not limited to, a mast, an engine for power, a draw works, and a chassis permanently
5	constructed or assembled for this purpose.
6	(31) Overdimension loadA vehicle, combination of vehicles, or vehicle and its load that
7	exceeds maximum legal width, height, length, overhang, or weight as set forth by Transportation Code,
8	Chapter 621, Subchapters B and C.
9	(32) OverhangThe portion of a load extending beyond the front or rear of a vehicle or
10	combination of vehicles.
11	(33) OverheightA vehicle or load that exceeds the maximum height specified in
12	Transportation Code, §621.207.
13	(34) OverlengthA vehicle, combination of vehicles, or a vehicle or vehicle combination
14	and its load that exceed(s) the maximum length specified in Transportation Code, §§621.203, 621.204,
15	621.205, and 621.206.
16	(35) Oversize loadA vehicle, combination of vehicles, or a vehicle or vehicle
17	combination and its load that exceed(s) maximum legal width, height, length, or overhang, as set forth
18	by Transportation Code, Chapter 621, Subchapter C.
19	(36) OverweightA vehicle, combination of vehicles, or a vehicle or vehicle combination
20	and its load that exceed(s) the maximum weight specified in Transportation Code, §621.101.
21	(37) OverwidthA vehicle or load that exceeds the maximum width specified in
22	Transportation Code, §621.201.

1	(38) PermitAuthority for the movement of an oversize and/or overweight vehicle,
2	combination of vehicles, or a vehicle or vehicle combination and its load, issued by the department
3	under Transportation Code, Chapter 623.
4	(39) Permit officerAn employee of the department who is authorized to issue an
5	oversize/overweight permit.
6	(40) Permit plateA license plate issued under Transportation Code, §502.146, to oil
7	well servicing, cleanout, or drilling machinery as defined in Transportation Code, §502.001(29).
8	(41) Permitted vehicleA vehicle, combination of vehicles, or vehicle and its load
9	operating under the provisions of a permit.
10	(42) PermitteeAny person, firm, or corporation that is issued an oversize/overweight
11	permit by the department.
12	(43) Pipe boxA container specifically constructed to safely transport and handle oil
13	field drill pipe and drill collars.
14	(44) Portable building compatible cargoCargo, other than a portable building unit, that
15	is manufactured, assembled, or distributed by a portable building unit manufacturer and is transported
16	in combination with a portable building unit.
17	(45) Portable building unitThe pre-fabricated structural and other components
18	incorporated and delivered by the manufacturer as a complete inspected unit with a distinct serial
19	number whether in fully assembled, partially assembled, or kit (unassembled) configuration when
20	loaded for transport.
21	(46) PrincipalThe person, firm, or corporation that is insured by a surety bond
22	company.

1	(47) Roll stability support safety systemAn electronic system that monitors vehicle
2	dynamics and estimates the stability of a vehicle based on its mass and velocity, and actively adjusts
3	vehicle systems including the throttle and/or brake(s) to maintain stability when a rollover risk is
4	detected.
5	(48) Shipper's certificate of weightA form approved by the department in which the
6	shipper certifies to the maximum weight of the shipment being transported.
7	(49) Single axleAn assembly of two or more wheels whose centers are in one
8	transverse vertical plane or may be included between two parallel transverse planes 40 inches apart
9	extending across the full width of the vehicle.
10	(50) Single-trip permitA permit issued for an overdimension load for a single
11	continuous movement over a specific route for an amount of time necessary to make the movement.
12	(51) State highwayA highway or road under the jurisdiction of the Texas Department o
13	Transportation.
14	(52) State highway systemA network of roads and highways as defined by
15	Transportation Code, §221.001.
16	(53) Surety bondAn agreement issued by a surety bond company to a principal that
17	pledges to compensate the obligee as required under Transportation Code, Chapters 622 and 623.
18	(54) Tare weightThe empty weight of any vehicle transporting an overdimension load.
19	(55) Three-axle groupAny three consecutive axles, having at least 40 inches from
20	center of axle to center of axle, whose extreme centers are not more than 144 inches apart, and
21	are individually attached to or articulated from, or both, to the vehicle by a weight equalizing
22	suspension system.

1	(56) Time permitA permit issued for a specified period of time under §219.13 of this
2	title (relating to Time Permits).
3	(57) Tire sizeThe inches of lateral tread width.
4	(58) Trailer-mounted unitAn oil well clean-out, drilling, servicing, or swabbing unit
5	mounted on a trailer, constructed as a machine used for cleaning out, drilling, servicing, or swabbing oil
6	wells, and consisting in general of, but not limited to, a mast, an engine for power, a draw works, and a
7	chassis permanently constructed or assembled for this purpose.
8	(59) TruckA motor vehicle designed, used, or maintained primarily for the
9	transportation of property.
10	(60) Truck blind spot systemsVehicle-based sensor devices that detect other vehicles
11	or objects located in the vehicle's adjacent lanes. Warnings can be visual, audible, vibrating, or tactile.
12	(61) Trunnion axleTwo individual axles mounted in the same transverse plane, with
13	four tires on each axle, that are connected to a pivoting wrist pin that allows each individual axle to
14	oscillate in a vertical plane to provide for constant and equal weight distribution on each individual axle
15	at all times during movement.
16	(62) Two-axle groupAny two consecutive axles whose centers are at least 40 inches but
17	not more than 96 inches apart and are individually attached to or articulated from, or both, to the
18	vehicle by a weight equalizing suspension system.
19	(63) TxDOTTexas Department of Transportation.
20	(64) UnitOil well clean-out unit, oil well drilling unit, oil well servicing unit, and/or oil
21	well swabbing unit.
22	(65) Unladen lift equipment motor vehicleA motor vehicle, such as a crane or a
23	concrete pump truck, designed for use as lift equipment used solely to raise, shift, or lower heavy

1	weights by means of a projecting, swinging mast with an engine for power on a chassis permanently
2	constructed or assembled for such purpose.
3	(66) USDOT NumberThe United States Department of Transportation number.
4	(67) Vehicle identification numberA unique and distinguishing number assigned to a
5	vehicle by the manufacturer or by the department in accordance with Transportation Code, §501.032
6	and §501.033.
7	(68) Water Well Drilling MachineryMachinery used exclusively for the purpose of
8	drilling water wells, including machinery that is a unit or a unit mounted on a conventional vehicle or
9	chassis.
10	(69) Weight-equalizing suspension systemAn arrangement of parts designed to attach
11	two or more consecutive axles to the frame of a vehicle in a manner that will equalize the load between
12	the axles.
13	(70) Windshield stickerIdentifying insignia indicating that a permit has been issued in
14	accordance with Subchapter C of this chapter.
15	(71) YearA time period consisting of 12 consecutive months that commences with the
16	effective date stated in the permit.
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18	219.5. Application Requirements.
19	(a) An application for a permit under this chapter must be filed with the department and must
20	be:
21	(1) made in a form and filed by the method prescribed by the department on its
22	website;

1	(2) completed by the applicant or an authorized representative of the applicant; and
2	(3) accompanied by the required fee, which shall be payable as provided by §209.23 of
3	this title (relating to Methods of Payment).
4	(b) An authorized representative of the applicant who files an application with the department
5	on behalf of the applicant may be required to provide written proof of authority to act on behalf of the
6	applicant.
7	(c) The department will not approve an application for a permit unless the applicant:
8	(1) provides all information and documents required by the department; and
9	(2) complies with all application requirements under this chapter; Transportation Code
10	Chapters 621, 622, and 623; and other applicable law.
11	(d) An applicant must register for an account in the department's designated permitting system
12	prior to using the system to apply for or amend a permit. Once the applicant registers for an account in
13	the department's designated permitting system, the system will generate a customer identification
14	number for the applicant to use when applying for a permit. To register for an account, the applicant
15	must provide the following information via the department's designated permitting system, which is
16	accessible on the department's website:
17	(1) the applicant's company name, phone number, email address, permit delivery
18	method, physical address, and mailing address;
19	(2) first name, last name, and phone number for an emergency contact for the
20	applicant; and
21	(3) the requested login information, including a unique username and password.

(e) If the department authorizes an application for a permit to be submitted by mail and the applicant does not have a customer identification number, the applicant must authorize the department to set up an account for the applicant in the department's designated permitting system for the purposes of obtaining a customer identification number for the applicant based on information the department obtains from the applicant's permit application and information the department obtains from the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration's system.

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- 219.7. Amendments to Permits.
- (a) General amendment guidelines. Except as provided by subsection (b) of this section, any part of a permit may be amended under the guidelines in this subsection, notwithstanding any other sections in this chapter regarding limitations on amending a permit.
- (1) Any amendment that is necessary to correct an error made by department staff or the department's designated permitting system may be made provided the price of the permit or the permit type does not change.
- (2) An expired permit may only be amended if it expired on a day on which the department was closed or the department's designated permitting system was not operational.
- (b) Specific amendment authority and restrictions. Notwithstanding any other section in this chapter regarding limitations on amending a permit, a permit issued under this chapter may be amended as authorized by this subsection.
- (1) The permittee's name can be amended on any permit type to correct a spellingerror.

(2) The permittee's contact information may be amended on any permit type.

219.9. Federal Highway Administration Interpretation of Federal Law.

Notwithstanding any provisions in this chapter, this chapter does not authorize the operation of a vehicle or vehicle combination on the following roadways in this state to the extent the Federal Highway Administration determines the vehicle or vehicle combination exceeds the applicable weight or size for such roadway under 23 U.S.C. §127, 49 U.S.C. §§31111 through 31114, or federal regulations prescribed under 23 U.S.C. §127 or 49 U.S.C. §§31111 through 31114: the federal-aid primary system, the federal-aid urban system, and the federal-aid secondary system, including the national system of interstate and defense highways. To the extent the department learns that the Federal Highway Administration generally determines a vehicle or vehicle combination exceeds the applicable weight or size for such roadway under 23 U.S.C. §127, 49 U.S.C. §§31111 through 31114, or federal regulations prescribed under 23 U.S.C. §127 or 49 U.S.C. §§31111 through 31114 in a way that may conflict with a provision in this chapter, the department will post a notice on its website and may provide notice to permittees through the applicable email addresses on file with the department.

### **SUBCHAPTER B. GENERAL PERMITS**

43 TAC §§219.11 - 219.15

**STATUTORY AUTHORITY.** The department adopts amendments under Transportation Code, §621.008, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 621; Transportation Code, §622.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 622, including Transportation Code,

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§622.051, et seq. which authorize the department to issue a permit for transporting poles required for the maintenance of electric power transmission and distribution lines; Transportation Code, §623.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules as necessary to implement Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §623.003, which requires the department to base the department's routing decision on information provided by TxDOT to the extent the department is required to determine a route under Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §623.008, which authorizes the department to require a person operating under a permit issued by the department to use one or more escort flag vehicles and escort flaggers if required by TxDOT or for the safe movement over the roads of an oversize or overweight vehicle and its load; Transportation Code, §623.070, et seq. which authorize the department to issue a permit to an applicant to move certain equipment or commodities and prescribe the application requirements for such permits; Transportation Code, §623.072 which authorizes the department to determine the route of the equipment and the commodity on each state highway in the municipality if the municipality with a state highway in its territory does not designate a route; Transportation Code, §623.074, which authorizes the department to adopt a rule to require an application for certain permits to include the region or area over which the equipment is to be operated; Transportation Code, §623.095(c), which authorizes the department to adopt rules concerning the requirements for an annual permit for the transportation of new manufactured homes from a manufacturing facility to a temporary storage location not to exceed 20 miles from the point of manufacture; Transportation Code, §623.122 which authorizes the department to determine the route to be used by the equipment on the state highway in the municipality if the municipality with a state highway in its territory does not designate a route; Transportation Code, §623.128, which only authorizes a permit for the movement of portable building units to be used during daylight hours; Transportation Code, §1002.001, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary and appropriate to implement

1	the powers and the duties of the department; Government Code, §2001.004, which requires state
2	agencies to adopt rules of practice stating the nature and requirements of all available formal and informal
3	procedures; and the statutory authority referenced throughout the preamble and in the rule text, which
4	is incorporated herein by reference.
5	CROSS REFERENCE TO STATUTE. The adopted amendments implement Transportation Code, Chapters
6	621, 622, 623, and 1002; and Government Code, Chapter 2001.
7	
8	Text.
9	§219.11. General Oversize/Overweight Permit Requirements and Procedures.
10	(a) Purpose and scope. This section contains general requirements relating to
11	oversize/overweight permits, including single-trip permits. Specific requirements for each type of
12	specialty permit are provided for in this chapter.
13	(b) Motor carrier registration or surety bond. Unless exempted by law, prior to obtaining an
14	oversize/overweight permit, an applicant permitted under the provisions of Transportation Code,
15	Chapter 623, Subchapter D, must be registered as a motor carrier under Chapter 218 of this title
16	(relating to Motor Carriers) or, if not required to obtain a motor carrier registration, file a surety bond
17	with the department as described in subsection (n) of this section.
18	(c) Permit application.
19	(1) An application for a permit shall be made in a form and by the method prescribed by
20	the department, and at a minimum shall include the following, unless stated otherwise in this
21	subchapter:
22	(A) name, customer identification number, and address of the applicant;
23	(B) name, telephone number, and email address of contact person;

1	(C) applicant's USDOT Number if applicant is required by law to have a USDOT
2	Number;
3	(D) complete load description, including maximum width, height, length,
4	overhang, and gross weight;
5	(E) complete description of vehicle, including truck year, make, license plate
6	number and state of issuance, and vehicle identification number, if required;
7	(F) vehicle axle and tire information including number of axles, distance
8	between axles, axle weights, number of tires, and tire size for overweight permit applications; and
9	(G) any other information required by law.
10	(2) Applications transmitted electronically are considered signed if a digital signature is
11	transmitted with the application and intended by the applicant to authenticate the application.
12	(A) The department may only accept a digital signature used to authenticate an
13	application under procedures that comply with any applicable rules adopted by the Department of
14	Information Resources regarding department use or acceptance of a digital signature.
15	(B) The department may only accept a digital signature to authenticate an
16	application if the digital signature is:
17	(i) unique to the person using it;
18	(ii) capable of independent verification;
19	(iii) under the sole control of the person using it; and
20	(iv) transmitted in a manner that will make it infeasible to change the
21	data in the communication or digital signature without invalidating the digital signature.
22	(d) Maximum permit weight limits.

1	(1) General. An overweight permitted vehicle will not be routed over a load-restricted
2	bridge when exceeding the posted capacity of the bridge, unless a special exception is granted by
3	TxDOT, based on an analysis of the bridge performed by a TxDOT approved licensed professional
4	engineer or by TxDOT. Any analysis by a non-TxDOT licensed professional engineer must have final
5	approval from TxDOT.
6	(A) An axle group must have a minimum spacing of four feet, measured from
7	center of axle to center of axle, between each axle in the group to achieve the maximum permit weight
8	for the group.
9	(B) The maximum permit weight for an axle group with spacing of five or more
10	feet between each axle will be based on an engineering study of the equipment conducted by TxDOT.
11	(C) A permitted vehicle will be allowed to have air suspension, hydraulic
12	suspension, and mechanical suspension axles in a common weight equalizing suspension system for any
13	axle group.
14	(D) The department may permit axle weights greater than those specified in this
15	section, for a specific individual permit request, based on an engineering study of the route and hauling
16	equipment performed by a TxDOT approved licensed professional engineer or by TxDOT. Any analysis by
17	a non-TxDOT licensed professional engineer must have final approval from TxDOT.
18	(E) A permitted vehicle or combination of vehicles may not exceed the
19	manufacturer's rated tire carrying capacity, unless expressly authorized in the language on the permit
20	based on an analysis performed by a TxDOT approved licensed professional engineer or by TxDOT. Any
21	analysis by a non-TxDOT licensed professional engineer must have final approval from TxDOT.
22	(F) If two or more consecutive axle groups have an axle spacing of less than 12
23	feet, measured from the center of the last axle of the preceding group to the center of the first axle of

1	the following group, the maximum permit weight on the axle groups will be reduced by 2.5% for each
2	foot less than 12 feet.
3	(2) Maximum axle weight limits. Maximum permit weight for an axle or axle group is
4	based on 650 pounds per inch of tire width or the following axle or axle group weights, whichever is the
5	lesser amount:
6	(A) single axle25,000 pounds;
7	(B) two-axle group46,000 pounds;
8	(C) three-axle group60,000 pounds;
9	(D) four-axle group70,000 pounds;
10	(E) five-axle group81,400 pounds;
11	(F) axle group with six or more axlesdetermined by TxDOT based on an
12	engineering study of the equipment, which will include the type of steering system used, the type of
13	axle suspension, the spacing distance between each axle, the number of tires per axle, and the tire size
14	on each axle; or
15	(G) trunnion axles30,000 pounds per axle if the trunnion configuration has:
16	(i) two axles;
17	(ii) eight tires per axle;
18	(iii) axles a minimum of 10 feet in width; and
19	(iv) at least five feet of spacing between the axles, not to exceed six
20	feet.
21	(3) Weight limits for load restricted roads. Maximum permit weight for an axle or axle
22	group, when traveling on a load restricted road, will be based on 650 pounds per inch of tire width or
23	the following axle or axle group weights, whichever is the lesser amount:

1	(A) single axle22,500 pounds;
2	(B) two-axle group41,400 pounds;
3	(C) three-axle group54,000 pounds;
4	(D) four-axle group63,000 pounds;
5	(E) five-axle group73,260 pounds;
6	(F) axle group with six or more axlesdetermined by TxDOT based on an
7	engineering study of the equipment, which will include the type of steering system used, the type of
8	axle suspension, the spacing distance between each axle, the number of tires per axle, and the tire size
9	on each axle;
10	(G) trunnion axles54,000 pounds; and
11	(H) if two or more consecutive axle groups have an axle spacing of less than 12
12	feet, measured from the center of the last axle of the preceding group to the center of the first axle of
13	the following group, the maximum permit weight on the axle groups will be reduced by 2.5% for each
14	foot less than 12 feet.
15	(e) Permit issuance.
16	(1) General. Upon receiving an application in the form prescribed by the department,
17	the department will review the permit application for the appropriate information and will then
18	determine the most practical route based on information provided by TxDOT.
19	(2) Routing.
20	(A) A permitted vehicle will be routed over the most practical route available
21	taking into consideration:
22	(i) the size and weight of the overdimension load in relation to vertical
23	clearances, width restrictions, steep grades, and reduced capacity or load restricted bridges;

1	(ii) the geometrics of the roadway in comparison to the overdimension
2	load;
3	(iii) sections of highways restricted to specific load sizes and weights due
4	to construction, maintenance, and hazardous conditions;
5	(iv) traffic conditions, including traffic volume;
6	(v) route designations by municipalities in accordance with
7	Transportation Code, §623.072;
8	(vi) load restricted roads; and
9	(vii) other considerations for the safe transportation of the load.
10	(B) When a permit applicant desires a route other than the most practical, more
11	than one permit will be required for the trip unless an exception is granted by the department.
12	(3) Movement to and from point of origin or place of business. A permitted vehicle will
13	be allowed to:
14	(A) move empty oversize and overweight hauling equipment to and from the job
15	site; and
16	(B) move oversize and overweight hauling equipment with a load from the
17	permitted vehicle's point of origin to pick up a permitted load, and to the permitted vehicle's point of
18	origin or the permittee's place of business after dropping off a permitted load, as long as:
19	(i) the load does not exceed legal size and weight limits under
20	Transportation Code, Chapters 621 and 622; and
21	(ii) the transport complies with the permit, including the time period
22	stated on the permit.
23	(f) Refund of permit fees.

1	A permit fee will not be refunded after the permit number has been issued unless such refund is
2	necessary to correct an error made by the permit officer.
3	(g) Amendments. A permit may be amended for the following reasons:
4	(1) vehicle breakdown;
5	(2) changing the intermediate points in an approved permit route;
6	(3) extending the expiration date due to conditions which would cause the move to be
7	delayed;
8	(4) changing route origin or route destination prior to the start date as listed on the
9	permit;
10	(5) changing vehicle size limits prior to the permit start date as listed on the permit,
11	provided that changing the vehicle size limit does not necessitate a change in the approved route; and
12	(6) correcting any mistake that is made due to permit officer error.
13	(h) Requirements for overwidth loads.
14	(1) Unless stated otherwise on the permit, an overwidth load must travel in the outside
15	traffic lane on multi-lane highways, when the width of the load exceeds 12 feet.
16	(2) Overwidth loads are subject to the escort requirements of subsection (k) of this
17	section.
18	(3) A permitted vehicle exceeding 16 feet in width will not be routed on the main lanes
19	of a controlled access highway, unless an exception is granted by TxDOT, based on a route and traffic
20	study. The load may be permitted on the frontage roads when available, if the movement will not pose a
21	safety hazard to other highway users.
22	(4) An applicant requesting a permit to move a load exceeding 20 feet wide will be
23	furnished with a proposed route. The applicant must physically inspect the proposed route to determine

1	if the vehicle and load can safely negotiate it, unless an exception is granted based on a route and traffic
2	study conducted by TxDOT. A permit application and the appropriate fee are required for every route
3	inspection.
4	(A) The applicant must notify the department in writing whether the vehicle and
5	load can or cannot safely negotiate the proposed route.
6	(B) If any section of the proposed route is unacceptable, the applicant shall
7	provide the department with an alternate route around the unacceptable section.
8	(C) Once a route is decided upon and a permit issued, the permit may not be
9	amended unless an exception is granted by the department.
10	(i) Requirements for overlength loads.
11	(1) Overlength loads are subject to the escort requirements stated in subsection (k) of
12	this section.
13	(2) A single vehicle, such as a motor crane, that has a permanently mounted boom is not
14	considered as having either front or rear overhang as a result of the boom because the boom is an
15	integral part of the vehicle.
16	(3) When a single vehicle with a permanently attached boom exceeds the maximum
17	legal length of 45 feet, a permit will not be issued if the boom projects more than 25 feet beyond the
18	front bumper of the vehicle, or when the boom projects more than 30 feet beyond the rear bumper of
19	the vehicle, unless an exception is granted by TxDOT, based on a route and traffic study.
20	(4) Maximum permit length for a single vehicle is 75 feet.
21	(5) A load extending more than 20 feet beyond the front or rearmost portion of the load
22	carrying surface of the permitted vehicle must have a rear escort flag vehicle, unless an exception is
23	granted by TxDOT, based on a route and traffic study.

1	(6) A permit will not be issued for an oversize vehicle and load with:
2	(A) more than 25 feet front overhang; or
3	(B) more than 30 feet rear overhang, unless an exception is granted by TxDOT,
4	based on a route and traffic study.
5	(7) An applicant requesting a permit to move an oversize vehicle and load exceeding 125
6	feet overall length will be furnished with a proposed route. The applicant must physically inspect the
7	proposed route to determine if the oversize vehicle and load can safely negotiate it, unless an exception
8	is granted based on a route and traffic study conducted by TxDOT. A permit application and the
9	appropriate fee are required for every route inspection.
10	(A) The applicant must notify the department in writing whether the oversize
11	vehicle and load can or cannot safely negotiate the proposed route.
12	(B) If any section of the proposed route is unacceptable, the applicant shall
13	provide the department with an alternate route around the unacceptable section.
14	(C) Once a route is decided upon and a permit issued, the permit may not be
15	amended unless an exception is granted by the department.
16	(8) A permitted vehicle that is not overwidth or overheight, and does not exceed 150
17	feet overall length, may be moved in a convoy consisting of not more than four overlength permitted
18	vehicles. A permitted vehicle that is not overwidth or overheight that exceeds 150 feet, but does not
19	exceed 180 feet overall length, may be moved in a convoy consisting of not more than two overlength
20	permitted vehicles. Convoys are subject to the requirements of subsection (k) of this section. Each
21	permitted vehicle in the convoy must:
22	(A) be spaced at least 1,000 feet, but not more than 2,000 feet, from any other
23	permitted vehicle in the convoy; and

1	(B) have a rotating amber beacon or an amber pulsating light, not less than eight
2	inches in diameter, mounted at the rear top of the load being transported.
3	(j) Requirements for overheight loads.
4	(1) Overheight loads are subject to the escort requirements stated in subsection (k) of
5	this section.
6	(2) An applicant requesting a permit to move an oversize vehicle and load with an
7	overall height of 19 feet or greater will be furnished with a proposed route. The applicant must
8	physically inspect the proposed route to determine if the oversize vehicle and load can safely negotiate
9	it, unless an exception is granted based on a route and traffic study conducted by TxDOT. A permit
10	application and the appropriate fee are required for every route inspection.
11	(A) The applicant must notify the department in writing whether the oversize
12	vehicle and load can or cannot safely negotiate the proposed route.
13	(B) If any section of the proposed route is unacceptable, the applicant shall
14	provide the department with an alternate route around the unacceptable section.
15	(C) Once a route is decided upon and a permit issued, the permit may not be
16	amended unless an exception is granted by the department.
17	(k) Escort flag vehicle requirements. Escort flag vehicle requirements are provided to facilitate
18	the safe movement of permitted vehicles and to protect the traveling public during the movement of
19	permitted vehicles. A permittee must provide for escort flag vehicles and law enforcement assistance
20	when required by TxDOT. The requirements in this subsection do not apply to the movement of
21	manufactured housing, portable building units, or portable building compatible cargo, unless stated
22	otherwise in this chapter.
23	(1) General.

1	(A) Applicability. The operator of an escort flag vehicle shall, consistent with
2	applicable law, warn the traveling public when:
3	(i) a permitted vehicle must travel over the center line of a narrow
4	bridge or roadway;
5	(ii) a permitted vehicle makes any turning movement that will require
6	the permitted vehicle to travel in the opposing traffic lanes;
7	(iii) a permitted vehicle reduces speed to cross under a low overhead
8	obstruction or over a bridge;
9	(iv) a permitted vehicle creates an abnormal and unusual traffic flow
10	pattern; or
11	(v) in the opinion of TxDOT, warning is required to ensure the safety of
12	the traveling public or safe movement of the permitted vehicle.
13	(B) Law enforcement assistance. Law enforcement assistance may be required
14	by TxDOT to control traffic when a permitted vehicle is being moved within the corporate limits of a city
15	or at such times when law enforcement assistance would provide for the safe movement of the
16	permitted vehicle and the traveling public.
17	(C) Obstructions. It is the responsibility of the permittee to contact utility
18	companies, telephone companies, television cable companies, or other entities as they may require,
19	when it is necessary to raise or lower any overhead wire, traffic signal, street light, television cable, sign
20	or other overhead obstruction. The permittee is responsible for providing the appropriate advance
21	notice as required by each entity.
22	(2) Escort requirements for overwidth loads. Unless an exception is granted based on a
23	route and traffic study conducted by TxDOT, an overwidth load must:

1	(A) have a front escort flag vehicle if the width of the load exceeds 14 feet, but
2	does not exceed 16 feet, when traveling on a two lane roadway;
3	(B) have a rear escort flag vehicle if the width of the load exceeds 14 feet, but
4	does not exceed 16 feet, when traveling on a roadway of four or more lanes; and
5	(C) have a front and a rear escort flag vehicle for all roads, when the width of
6	the load exceeds 16 feet.
7	(3) Escort requirements for overlength loads. Unless an exception is granted by TxDOT,
8	based on a route and traffic study, overlength loads must have:
9	(A) a front escort flag vehicle when traveling on a two lane roadway if the
10	vehicle exceeds 110 feet overall length, but does not exceed 125 feet overall length;
11	(B) a rear escort flag vehicle when traveling on a multi-lane highway if the
12	vehicle exceeds 110 feet overall length, but does not exceed 125 feet overall length; and
13	(C) a front and rear escort flag vehicle at all times if the permitted vehicle
14	exceeds 125 feet overall length.
15	(4) Escort requirements for overheight loads. Unless an exception is granted by TxDOT,
16	based on a route and traffic study, overheight loads must have:
17	(A) a front escort flag vehicle equipped with a height pole to ensure the vehicle
18	and load can clear all overhead obstructions for any permitted vehicle that exceeds 17 feet in height;
19	and
20	(B) a front and rear escort flag vehicle for any permitted vehicle exceeding 18
21	feet in height.

1	(5) Escort requirements for permitted vehicles exceeding legal limits in more than one
2	dimension. When a load exceeds more than one dimension that requires an escort under this
3	subsection, front and rear escort flag vehicles will be required unless an exception is granted by TxDOT.
4	(6) Escort requirements for convoys. Convoys must have a front escort flag vehicle and a
5	rear escort flag vehicle on all highways at all times.
6	(7) General equipment requirements. The following special equipment requirements
7	apply to permitted vehicles and escort flag vehicles that are not motorcycles.
8	(A) An escort flag vehicle must be a single unit with a gross vehicle weight
9	(GVW) of not less than 1,000 pounds nor more than 10,000 pounds.
10	(B) An escort flag vehicle must be equipped with two flashing amber lights; one
11	rotating amber beacon of not less than eight inches in diameter; or alternating or flashing blue and
12	amber lights, each of which must be visible from all directions while actively engaged in escort duties for
13	the permitted vehicle.
14	(C) An escort flag vehicle must display a sign, on either the roof of the vehicle, or
15	the front and rear of the vehicle, with the words "OVERSIZE LOAD" or "WIDE LOAD." The sign must be
16	visible from the front and rear of the vehicle while escorting the permitted load. The sign must meet the
17	following specifications:
18	(i) at least five feet, but not more than seven feet in length, and at least
19	12 inches, but not more than 18 inches in height;
20	(ii) the sign must have a yellow background with black lettering;
21	(iii) letters must be at least eight inches, but not more than 10 inches
22	high with a brush stroke at least 1.41 inches wide; and

1	(iv) the sign must be visible from the front or rear of the vehicle while
2	escorting the permitted vehicle, and the signs must not be used at any other time.
3	(D) An escort flag vehicle must maintain two-way communications with the
4	permitted vehicle and other escort flag vehicles involved with the movement of the permitted vehicle.
5	(8) Equipment requirements for motorcycles.
6	(A) An official law enforcement motorcycle may be used as a primary escort flag
7	vehicle for a permitted vehicle traveling within the limits of an incorporated city, if the motorcycle is
8	operated by a highway patrol officer, sheriff, or duly authorized deputy, or municipal police officer.
9	(B) An escort flag vehicle must maintain two-way communications with the
10	permitted vehicle and other escort flag vehicles involved with the movement of the permitted vehicle.
11	(I) Restrictions.
12	(1) Daytime and nighttime movement restrictions.
13	(A) A permitted vehicle may be moved only during the daytime unless:
14	(i) the permitted vehicle is overweight only;
15	(ii) the permitted vehicle is traveling on an interstate highway and does
16	not exceed 10 feet wide and 100 feet long, with front and rear overhang that complies with legal
17	standards; or
18	(iii) the permitted vehicle meets the criteria of clause (ii) of this
19	subparagraph and is overweight.
20	(B) An exception may be granted allowing nighttime movement, based on a
21	route and traffic study conducted by TxDOT. Escort flag vehicles may be required when an exception
22	allowing nighttime movement is granted.
23	(2) Holiday restrictions.

1	(A) Effective through January 10, 2025, the maximum size limits for a permit
2	issued under Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter D, for holiday movement is 14 feet wide, 16
3	feet high, and 110 feet long, unless an exception is granted based on a route and traffic study conducted
4	by TxDOT.
5	(B) The department may restrict holiday movement of specific loads based on
6	TxDOT's determination that the load could pose a hazard for the traveling public due to local road or
7	traffic conditions.
8	(3) Curfew restrictions. The operator of a permitted vehicle must observe the curfew
9	movement restrictions published by the department.
10	(m) General provisions.
11	(1) Multiple commodities.
12	(A) When a permitted commodity creates a single overdimension, two or more
13	commodities may be hauled as one permit load, provided legal axle weight and gross weight are not
14	exceeded, and provided an overdimension of width, length or height is not created or made greater by
15	the additional commodities. For example, a permit issued for the movement of a 12 foot wide storage
16	tank may also include a 10 foot wide storage tank loaded behind the 12 foot wide tank provided that
17	legal axle weight and gross weight are not exceeded, and provided an overdimension of width, length or
18	height is not created.
19	(B) Subject to the restrictions in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph and the
20	definition of a "nondivisible load or vehicle" in §219.2 of this title (relating to Definitions), an applicant
21	requesting a permit to haul a dozer and its detached blade may be issued a permit, as a nondivisible
22	load, if removal of the blade will decrease the overall width of the load, thereby reducing the hazard to
23	the traveling public.

1	(2) Oversize hauling equipment. A vehicle that exceeds the legal size limits, as set forth
2	by Transportation Code, Chapter 621, Subchapter C, may only haul a load that exceeds legal size limits
3	unless otherwise noted in this subchapter, but such vehicle may haul an overweight load that does not
4	exceed legal size limits, except for the special exception granted in §219.13(c)(3) of this title (relating to
5	Time Permits).
6	(n) Surety bonds under Transportation Code, §623.075.
7	(1) General requirements. The surety bond must comply with the following
8	requirements:
9	(A) be in the amount of \$10,000;
10	(B) be filed on a form and in a manner prescribed by the department;
11	(C) be effective the day it is issued and expire at the end of the state fiscal year;
12	(D) include the primary mailing address and zip code of the principal;
13	(E) be signed by the principal; and
14	(F) have a single entity as principal with no other principal names listed.
15	(2) Non-resident agent. A non-resident agent with a valid Texas insurance license may
16	issue a surety bond on behalf of an authorized insurance company when in compliance with Insurance
17	Code, Chapter 4056.
18	(3) Certificate of continuation. A certificate of continuation will not be accepted.
19	(4) Electronic copy of surety bond. The department will accept an electronic copy of the
20	surety bond in lieu of the original surety bond.
21	
22	§219.12. Single-Trip Permits Issued Under Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter D.

1	(a) General. The information in this section applies to single-trip permits issued under
2	Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter D. The department will issue permits under this section
3	in accordance with the requirements of §219.11 of this title (relating to General Oversize/Overweight
4	Permit Requirements and Procedures).
5	(b) Overweight loads.
6	(1) The maximum weight limits for an overweight permit are specified in §219.11(d).
7	(2) The applicant shall pay, in addition to the single-trip permit fee of \$60, the applicable
8	highway maintenance fee.
9	(3) The applicant must also pay the vehicle supervision fee (VSF) for a permit issued for
10	an overweight vehicle and load exceeding 200,000 pounds gross weight.
11	(A) The VSF is \$35 if:
12	(i) the vehicle and load do not exceed 254,300 pounds gross weight;
13	(ii) there is at least 95 feet of overall axle spacing; and
14	(iii) the vehicle and load do not exceed maximum permit weight on any
15	axle or axle group, as described in §219.11(d).
16	(B) The VSF is \$500 if:
17	(i) there is less than 95 feet of overall axle spacing;
18	(ii) the vehicle and load exceed maximum permit weight on any axle or
19	axle group, as described in §219.11(d); or

(iii) the vehicle and load exceed 254,300 pounds gross weight. However, for a vehicle and load described in this subparagraph, the VSF is reduced from \$500 to \$100 if no bridges are crossed, and the VSF is reduced from \$500 to \$35 for an additional identical load that is to be moved over the same route within 30 days of the movement date of the original permit.

(C) An applicant must pay the VSF at the time of permit application in order to offset TxDOT's costs for analyses performed in advance of issuing the permit. A request for cancellation must be in writing and received by the department prior to collection of the structural information associated with the permit application. If the application is canceled, the department will return the vehicle supervision fee.

- (4) An applicant applying for a permit to move a load that is required for the fulfillment of a fixed price public works contract that was entered into prior to the effective date of this section, and administered by federal, state, or local governmental entities, will not be required to pay the vehicle supervision fee, provided the applicant presents proof of the contract to the department prior to permit issuance.
- (5) When the department has determined that a permit can be issued for an overdimension load exceeding 200,000 pounds gross weight, all remaining fees are due at the time the permit is issued.
- (6) Unless the permit is issued for a load under subsection (c) of this section, this permit may not be used for a container, including a trailer, loaded with divisible cargo.
- (7) The following provisions apply to an application for a superheavy permit to move an overdimension load that is over 254,300 pounds gross weight, between 200,001 and 254,300 pounds

gross weight with less than 95 feet overall axle spacing, or over the maximum permitted weight on any axle or axle group described in §219.11(d) of this title.

- (A) In consultation with TxDOT and the applicant as necessary, the department will determine a tentative route based on the physical size of the overdimension load excluding the weight. After the department provides the tentative route to the applicant, the applicant must investigate the tentative route and acknowledge in writing to the department that the tentative route is capable of accommodating the overdimension load. If the applicant tells the department that the tentative route is not capable of accommodating the overdimension load, the department will consult with TxDOT and the applicant as necessary to attempt to create a tentative route that the applicant can acknowledge is capable of accommodating the overdimension load.
- (B) The applicant must provide the department with the name and email address of the applicant's TxDOT-certified, licensed professional engineering firm, which TxDOT certifies under Chapter 28, Subchapter G of this title (relating to Oversize and Overweight Vehicles and Loads). Once the applicant provides the department with the name and email address of the applicant's TxDOT-certified, licensed professional engineering firm and acknowledges to the department that the tentative route is capable of accommodating the overdimension load, the department will provide the tentative route and the applicant's application information to the applicant's TxDOT-certified, licensed professional engineering firm.
- (C) The applicant must provide information and documents, as requested, to the applicant's TxDOT-certified, licensed professional engineering firm to enable the engineering firm to provide TxDOT with a written report under §28.86 of this title (relating to Bridge Report).

1	(D) Before the superheavy permit may be issued, the applicant's TxDOT-
2	certified, licensed professional engineering firm must provide TxDOT with a written report that includes
3	a detailed structural analysis of the bridges on the tentative route, demonstrating that the bridges and
4	culverts on the tentative route are capable of sustaining the load. The department will not issue a
5	superheavy permit unless TxDOT provides the department with approval for the tentative route
6	proposed by the department and acknowledged by the applicant as capable of accommodating the
7	overdimension load.
8	(c) Drill pipe and drill collars hauled in a pipe box.
9	(1) A vehicle or combination of vehicles may be issued a permit under Transportation
10	Code, §623.071, to haul drill pipe and drill collars in a pipe box.
11	(2) The maximum width must not exceed 10 feet.
12	(3) The axle weight limits must not exceed the maximum weight limits as specified in
13	§219.11(d)(3).
14	(4) The height and length must not exceed the legal limits specified in Transportation
15	Code, Chapter 621, Subchapter C.
16	(5) The permit will be issued for a single-trip only. For loads over 80,000 pounds, the
17	applicant must pay the single-trip permit fee, in addition to the highway maintenance fee specified in
18	Transportation Code, §623.077.
19	(6) The permit is valid only for travel on any farm-to-market and ranch-to-market road,

and such road will be specified on the permit; however, the permitted vehicle will not be allowed to

cross any load restricted bridge when exceeding the posted capacity of the bridge.

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1	(7) Movement will be restricted to daytime only.
2	(d) Houses.
3	(1) The issuance of a permit for a house exceeding 20 feet in width will be based on:
4	(A) the amount of inconvenience and hazard to the traveling public, based on
5	traffic volume;
6	(B) highway geometrics and time of movement; and
7	(C) the overall width, measured to the nearest inch, of the house, including the
8	eaves or porches.
9	(2) The proposed route must include the beginning and ending points on a state
10	highway.
11	(3) A permit may be issued for the movement of an overweight house provided:
12	(A) the applicant provides the department with the requested information
13	regarding weights;
14	(B) each support beam, parallel to the centerline of the highway, is equipped
15	with an identical number of two-axle groups which may be placed directly in line and across from the
16	other corresponding two-axle group or may be placed in a staggered offset arrangement to provide for
17	proper weight distribution;
18	(C) that, when a support beam is equipped with two or more two-axle groups,
19	each two-axle group is connected to a common mechanical or hydraulic system to ensure that each two
20	axle group shares equally in the weight distribution at all times during the movement; and when the

1	spacing between the two-axle groups, measured from the center of the last axle of the front group to
2	the center of the first axle of the following group, is eight feet or more, the front two-axle group is
3	equipped for self-steering in a manner that will guide or direct the axle group in turning movements
4	without tire scrubbing or pavement scuffing; and
5	(D) the department conducts a detailed analysis of each structure on the
6	proposed route and determines the load can be moved without damaging the roads and bridges.
7	(e) Self-propelled off-road equipment. A permit may be issued for the movement of oversize
8	and overweight self-propelled off-road equipment under the following conditions.
9	(1) The weight per inch of tire width must not exceed 650 pounds.
10	(2) The rim diameter of each wheel must be a minimum of 25 inches.
11	(3) The maximum weight per axle must not exceed 45,000 pounds.
12	(4) The minimum spacing between axles, measured from center of axle to center of axle,
13	must not be less than 12 feet.
14	(5) The equipment must be moved empty.
15	(6) The route will not include any controlled access highway, unless an exception is
16	granted based on a route and traffic study conducted by TxDOT.
17	
18	§219.13. Time Permits.
19	(a) General information. Applications for time permits issued under Transportation Code,
20	Chapter 622 and Chapter 623, and this section shall be made in accordance with §219.11(b) and (c) of

1	this title (relating to General Oversize/Overweight Permit Requirements and Procedures). Permits issued
2	under this section are governed by the requirements of §219.11(e)(1) of this title.
3	(b) 30, 60, and 90 day permits. The following conditions apply to time permits issued for
4	overwidth or overlength loads, or overlength vehicles, under this section.
5	(1) Validity of Permit. Time permits are valid for a period of 30, 60, or 90 calendar days,
6	based on the request of the applicant, and will begin on the effective date stated on the permit.
7	(2) Weight/height limits. The permitted vehicle may not exceed the weight or height
8	limits set forth by Transportation Code, Chapter 621, Subchapters B and C.
9	(3) Vehicle indicated on permit. The permit will indicate only the truck or truck-tractor
10	transporting the load; however, any properly registered trailer or semi-trailer is covered by the permit.
11	(4) Permit routes. The permit will allow travel on a statewide basis.
12	(5) Restrictions.
13	(A) The permitted vehicle must not cross a load restricted bridge or load
14	restricted road when exceeding the posted capacity of the road or bridge.
15	(B) The permitted vehicle may travel through highway construction or
16	maintenance areas if the dimensions do not exceed the construction restrictions as published by the
17	department.
18	(C) The permitted vehicle is subject to the restrictions specified in §219.11(I) of
19	this title, and the permittee is responsible for obtaining from the department information concerning
20	current restrictions.

1	(6) Escort requirements. Permitted vehicles are subject to the escort requirements
2	specified in §219.11(k) of this title.
3	(7) Transfer of time permits. Time permits issued under this subsection are non-
4	transferable between permittees or vehicles.
5	(8) Amendments. With the exception of time permits issued under subsection (e)(4) of
6	this section, time permits issued under this subsection will not be amended except in the case of permit
7	officer error.
8	(c) Overwidth loads. An overwidth time permit may be issued for the movement of any load or
9	overwidth trailer, subject to subsection (a) of this section and the following conditions:
10	(1) Width requirements.
11	(A) A time permit will not be issued for a vehicle with a width exceeding 13 feet.
12	(B) When multiple items are hauled at the same time, the items may not be
13	loaded in a manner that creates a width greater than the width of the widest item being hauled.
14	(2) Weight, height, and length requirements.
15	(A) The permitted vehicle shall not exceed legal weight, height, or length
16	according to Transportation Code, Chapter 621, Subchapters B and C.
17	(B) When multiple items are hauled at the same time, the items may not be
18	loaded in a manner that creates:
19	(i) a height greater than 14 feet;
20	(ii) an overlength load; or

1	(iii) a gross weight exceeding the legal gross or axle weight of the vehicle
2	hauling the load.
3	(3) Movement of overwidth trailers. When the permitted vehicle is an overwidth trailer,
4	it will be allowed to:
5	(A) move empty to and from the job site; and
6	(B) haul a load from the permitted vehicle's point of origin to pick up a permitted
7	load, and to the permitted vehicle's point of origin or the permittee's place of business after dropping off
8	a permitted load, as long as:
9	(i) the load does not exceed legal size and weight limits under
10	Transportation Code, Chapters 621 and 622; and
11	(ii) the transport complies with the permit, including the time period
12	stated on the permit.
13	(4) Use in conjunction with other permits. An overwidth time permit may be used in
14	conjunction with an overlength time permit.
15	(d) Overlength loads. An overlength time permit may be issued for the transportation of
16	overlength loads or the movement of an overlength self-propelled vehicle, subject to subsection (a) of
17	this section and the following conditions:
18	(1) Length requirements.
19	(A) The maximum overall length for the permitted vehicle may not exceed 110
20	feet.

1	(B) The department may issue a permit under Transportation Code, §623.071(a)
2	for an overlength load or an overlength self-propelled vehicle that falls within the definition of a
3	nondivisible load or vehicle.
4	(2) Weight, height and width requirements.
5	(A) The permitted vehicle may not exceed legal weight, height, or width
6	according to Transportation Code, Chapter 621, Subchapters B and C.
7	(B) A permit will not be issued when the load has more than 25 feet front
8	overhang, or more than 30 feet rear overhang.
9	(3) Use in conjunction with other permits. An overlength time permit may be used in
10	conjunction with an overwidth time permit.
11	(4) Emergency movement. A permitted vehicle transporting utility poles will be allowed
12	emergency nighttime movement for restoring electrical utility service, provided the permitted vehicle is
13	accompanied by a rear escort flag vehicle.
14	(e) Annual permits.
15	(1) General information. All permits issued under this subsection are subject to the
16	following conditions.
17	(A) Permits issued under this subsection are not transferable.
18	(B) Vehicles permitted under this subsection shall be operated according to the
19	restrictions described in §219.11(I) of this title. The permittee is responsible for obtaining information
20	concerning current restrictions from the department.

1	(C) Vehicles permitted under this subsection may not travel over a load
2	restricted bridge or load restricted road when exceeding the posted capacity of the road or bridge.
3	(D) Vehicles permitted under this subsection may travel through any highway
4	construction or maintenance area provided the dimensions do not exceed the construction restrictions
5	as published by the department.
6	(E) With the exception of permits issued under paragraph (5) of this subsection,
7	vehicles permitted under this subsection shall be operated according to the escort requirements
8	described in §219.11(k) of this title.
9	(2) Implements of husbandry. An annual permit may be issued for an implement of
10	husbandry being moved by a dealer in those implements, and for harvesting equipment being moved as
11	part of an agricultural operation. Permits issued under this paragraph are subject to the conditions
12	described in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
13	(A) The fee for a permit issued under this paragraph is \$270, plus the highway
14	maintenance fee specified in Transportation Code, §623.077.
15	(B) The time period will be for one year and will start on the effective date stated
16	on the permit.
17	(C) The maximum width may not exceed 16 feet; maximum height may not
18	exceed 16 feet; maximum length may not exceed 110 feet; and maximum weight may not exceed the
19	limits stated in §219.11(d) of this title.
20	(D) Unless stated otherwise on the permit, the permitted vehicle must travel in
21	the outside traffic lane on multi-lane highways, when the width of the load exceeds 12 feet.

1	(E) The permitted vehicle must be registered in accordance with Transportation
2	Code, Chapter 502, for maximum weight for the vehicle or vehicle combination, as set forth by
3	Transportation Code, Chapter 621.
4	(3) Water well drilling machinery. The department may issue annual permits under
5	Transportation Code, §623.071, for water well drilling machinery and equipment that fall within the
6	definition of a nondivisible load or vehicle. Permits issued under this paragraph are subject to the
7	conditions described in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
8	(A) The fee for a permit issued under this paragraph is \$270, plus the highway
9	maintenance fee specified in Transportation Code, §623.077 for an overweight load.
10	(B) A water well drilling machinery permit is valid for one year from the effective
11	date stated on the permit.
12	(C) The maximum dimensions may not exceed 16 feet wide, 14 feet 6 inches
13	high, 110 feet long, and maximum weight may not exceed the limits stated in §219.11(d) of this title.
14	(D) The permitted vehicle must be registered in accordance with Transportation
15	Code, Chapter 502, for the maximum weight of the vehicle, as set forth by Transportation Code, Chapter
16	621.
17	(E) A permit issued under this section authorizes a permitted vehicle to operate
18	only on the state highway system.
19	(4) Envelope vehicle permits.
20	(A) The department may issue an annual permit under Transportation Code,
21	§623.071(c), to a specific vehicle, for the movement of superheavy or oversize equipment that falls

1	within the definition of a nondivisible load. This permit may not be used for a container, including a
2	trailer, loaded with divisible cargo. Unless otherwise noted, permits issued under this paragraph are
3	subject to the conditions described in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
4	(i) Superheavy or oversize equipment operating under an annual
5	envelope vehicle permit may not exceed:
6	(I) 12 feet in width;
7	(II) 14 feet in height;
8	(III) 110 feet in length; or
9	(IV) 120,000 pounds gross weight.
10	(ii) Superheavy or oversize equipment operating under an annual
11	envelope vehicle permit may not transport a load that has more than 25 feet front overhang, or more
12	than 30 feet rear overhang.
13	(iii) The fee for an annual envelope vehicle permit is \$4,000, and is non-
14	refundable.
15	(iv) The time period will be for one year and will start on the effective
16	date stated on the permit.
17	(v) This permit authorizes operation of the permitted vehicle only on the
18	state highway system.
19	(vi) The permitted vehicle must comply with §219.11(d)(2) and (3) of this
20	title.

1	(vii) The permitted vehicle or vehicle combination must be registered in
2	accordance with Transportation Code, Chapter 502, for maximum weight as set forth by Transportation
3	Code, Chapter 621.
4	(viii) A permit issued under this paragraph is non-transferable between
5	permittees.
6	(ix) A permit issued under this paragraph may be transferred from one
7	vehicle to another vehicle in the permittee's fleet provided:
8	(I) the permitted vehicle is destroyed or otherwise becomes
9	permanently inoperable, to an extent that it will no longer be utilized, and the permittee presents proof
10	that the negotiable certificate of title or other qualifying documentation has been surrendered to the
11	department; or
12	(II) the certificate of title to the permitted vehicle is transferred
13	to someone other than the permittee, and the permittee presents proof that the negotiable certificate
14	of title or other qualifying documentation has been transferred from the permittee.
15	(x) A single-trip permit, as described in §219.12 of this title (relating to
16	Single-Trip Permits Issued Under Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter D), may be used in
17	conjunction with an annual permit issued under this paragraph for the movement of vehicles or loads
18	exceeding the height or width limits established in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. The department
19	will indicate the annual permit number on any single-trip permit to be used in conjunction with a permit
20	issued under this paragraph, and permittees will be assessed a fee of \$60 for the single-trip permit.
21	(B) The department may issue an annual permit under Transportation Code,
22	§623.071(d), to a specific motor carrier, for the movement of superheavy or oversize equipment that

1	falls within the definition of a nondivisible load. This permit may not be used for a container, including a
2	trailer, loaded with divisible cargo. Unless otherwise noted, permits issued under this paragraph are
3	subject to the conditions described in paragraph (1) of this subsection and subparagraphs (A)(i)-(viii) of
4	this paragraph. A permit issued under this paragraph may be transferred from one vehicle to another
5	vehicle in the permittee's fleet provided:
6	(i) that no more than one vehicle is operated at a time; and
7	(ii) the original certified permit is carried in the vehicle that is being
8	operated under the terms of the permit.
9	(C) An annual envelope permit issued under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph
10	will be sent to the permittee via registered mail, or at the permittee's request and expense overnight
11	delivery service. This permit may not be duplicated. This permit will be replaced only if:
12	(i) the permittee did not receive the original permit within seven
13	business days after its date of issuance;
14	(ii) a request for replacement is submitted to the department within 10
15	business days after the original permit's date of issuance; and
16	(iii) the request for replacement is accompanied by a notarized
17	statement signed by a principal or officer of the permittee acknowledging that the permittee
18	understands the permit may not be duplicated and that if the original permit is located, the permittee
19	must return either the original or replacement permit to the department.
20	(D) A request for replacement of a permit issued under subparagraph (B) of this
21	paragraph will be denied if the department can verify that the permittee received the original.
22	(E) Lost, misplaced, damaged, destroyed, or otherwise unusable permits will not
23	be replaced. A new permit will be required.

1	(5) Annual manufactured housing permit. The department may issue an annual permit
2	for the transportation of new manufactured homes from a manufacturing facility to a temporary storage
3	location, not to exceed 20 miles from the point of manufacture, in accordance with Transportation
4	Code, §623.094. Permits issued under this paragraph are subject to the requirements of paragraph (1),
5	subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D) of this subsection.
6	(A) A permit shall contain the name of the company or person authorized to be
7	issued permits by Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter E.
8	(B) The fee for a permit issued under this paragraph is \$1,500. Fees are non-
9	refundable.
10	(C) The time period will be for one year from the effective date stated on the
11	permit.
12	(D) The permitted vehicle must travel in the outside traffic lane on multi-lane
13	highways when the width of the load exceeds 12 feet.
14	(E) Authorized movement for a vehicle permitted under this section shall be
15	valid during daytime only.
16	(F) Permits issued under this section are non-transferable between permittees.
17	(6) Power line poles. An annual permit will be issued under Transportation Code,
18	Chapter 622, Subchapter E, for the movement of poles required for the maintenance of electric power
19	transmission and distribution lines. Permits issued under this paragraph are subject to the conditions
20	described in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
21	(A) The fee for the permit is \$120.
22	(B) The time period will be for one year and will start on the effective date
23	stated on the permit.

1	(C) The maximum length of the permitted vehicle may not exceed 75 feet.
2	(D) The width, height and gross weight of the permitted vehicle may not exceed
3	the limits set forth by Transportation Code, Chapter 621.
4	(E) Vehicles permitted under this paragraph may not travel over a load
5	restricted bridge or load zoned road when exceeding posted limits.
6	(F) Movement will be between the hours of sunrise and sunset; however, the
7	limitation on hours of operation does not apply to a vehicle being operated to prevent interruption or
8	impairment of electric service, or to restore electric service that has been interrupted. When operated
9	at nighttime, a vehicle permitted under this subsection must be accompanied by a rear escort flag
10	vehicle.
11	(G) The speed of the permitted vehicle may not exceed 50 miles per hour.
12	(H) The permitted vehicle must display on the extreme end of the load:
13	(i) two red lamps visible at a distance of at least 500 feet from the rear;
14	(ii) two red reflectors that indicate the maximum width and are visible,
15	when light is insufficient or atmospheric conditions are unfavorable, at all distances from 100 to 600 feet
16	from the rear when directly in front of lawful lower beams of headlamps; and
17	(iii) two red lamps, one on each side, that indicate the maximum
18	overhang, and are visible at a distance of at least 500 feet from the side of the vehicle.
19	(7) Cylindrically shaped bales of hay. An annual permit may be issued under
20	Transportation Code, §623.017, for the movement of vehicles transporting cylindrically shaped bales of
21	hay. Permits issued under this paragraph are subject to the conditions described in paragraph (1) of this
22	subsection.
23	(A) The permit fee is \$10.

1	(B) The time period will be for one year, and will start on the effective date
2	stated on the permit.
3	(C) The maximum width of the permitted vehicle may not exceed 12 feet.
4	(D) The length, height, and gross weight of the permitted vehicle may not
5	exceed the limits set forth by Transportation Code, Chapter 621.
6	(E) Movement is restricted to daytime only.
7	(8) Overlength load or vehicles. An annual overlength permit may be issued for the
8	transportation of a nondivisible overlength load or the movement of a nondivisible overlength vehicle or
9	combination of vehicles under Transportation Code, §623.071(c-1). This permit is subject to the portions
10	of subsections (a), (b), and (d) of this section that are not limited to the duration for the 30, 60, and 90
11	day permits.
12	
13	§219.14. Manufactured Housing, and Industrialized Housing and Building Permits.
14	(a) General Information.
15	(1) A manufactured home that exceeds size limits for motor vehicles as defined by
16	Transportation Code, Chapter 621, Subchapters B and C, must obtain a permit from the department.
17	(2) Pursuant to Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter E, a permit may be issued
18	to persons registered as manufacturers, installers, or retailers with the Texas Department of Housing and
19	Community Affairs or motor carriers registered with the department under Transportation Code, Chapter
20	643.
21	(3) The department may issue a permit to the owner of a manufactured home provided
22	that:

1	(A) the same owner is named on the title of the manufactured home and towing
2	vehicle;
3	(B) or the owner presents a lease showing that the owner of the manufactured
4	home is the lessee of the towing vehicle.
5	(b) Permit application.
6	(1) To qualify for a permit under this section, a person must submit an application to the
7	department.
8	(2) All applications shall be made in a form and by the method prescribed by the
9	department, and at a minimum shall include the following:
10	(A) name, customer identification number, and address of the applicant;
11	(B) name, telephone number, and email address of contact person;
12	(C) applicant's USDOT Number if applicant is required by law to have a USDOT
13	Number;
14	(D) complete description of the manufactured home, including the year, make
15	and one of the following:
16	(i) manufactured home's HUD label number;
17	(ii) Texas seal number; or
18	(iii) the complete identification number or serial number;
19	(E) the maximum width, height and length of the vehicle and manufactured
20	home; and

1	(F) any other information required by law, including the information listed in
2	Transportation Code §623.093(a).
3	(c) Amendments to permit. Amendments can only be made to change intermediate points
4	between the origination and destination points listed on the permit.
5	(d) Permit provisions and conditions.
6	(1) The overall combined length of the manufactured home and the towing vehicle
7	includes the length of the hitch or towing device.
8	(2) The height is measured from the roadbed to the highest elevation of the
9	manufactured home.
10	(3) The width of a manufactured home includes any roof or eaves extension or overhang
11	on either side.
12	(4) A permit will be issued for a single continuous movement not to exceed five days.
13	(5) The department may limit the hours for travel on certain routes because of heavy
14	traffic conditions.
15	(6) The department will publish any limitations on movements during the national
16	holidays, or any limitations during certain hours of heavy traffic conditions, and will make such
17	publications available to the public prior to the limitations becoming effective.
18	(7) The permit will contain the route for the transportation of the manufactured home
19	from the point of origin to the point of destination.

1	(8) The route for the transportation must be the most practical route as described in
2	§219.11(e) of this title (relating to General Oversize/Overweight Permit Requirements and Procedures),
3	except where construction is in progress and the permitted vehicle's dimensions exceed the construction
4	restrictions as published by the department, or where bridge or overpass width or height would create a
5	safety hazard.
6	(9) A permittee may not transport a manufactured home with a void permit; a new
7	permit must be obtained.
8	
9	§219.15. Portable Building Unit Permits.
10	(a) General information.
11	(1) A vehicle or vehicle combination transporting one or more portable building units
12	and portable building compatible cargo that exceed legal length or width limits set forth by
13	Transportation Code, Chapter 621, Subchapters B and C, may obtain a permit under Transportation Code,
14	Chapter 623, Subchapter F.
15	(2) In addition to the fee required by statute, the department shall collect an amount
16	equal to any fee that would apply to the movement of cargo exceeding any applicable width limits, if
17	such cargo were moved in a manner not governed by this section.
18	(b) Application for permit. Applications shall be made in accordance with §219.11(c) of this title
19	(relating to General Oversize/Overweight Permit Requirements and Procedures).

(c) Permit issuance. Permit issuance is subject to the requirements of §219.11(e) and (g) of this

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title.

1	(d) Non-refundable permit fee. All fees are non-refundable.
2	(e) Permit provisions and conditions.
3	(1) A portable building unit may only be issued a single-trip permit.
4	(2) Portable building units may be loaded end-to-end to create an overlength permit
5	load, provided the overall length does not exceed 80 feet.
6	(3) Portable building units must not be loaded side-by-side to create an overwidth load,
7	or loaded one on top of another to create an overheight load.
8	(4) Portable building units must be loaded in a manner that will create the narrowest
9	width for permit purposes and provide for greater safety to the traveling public.
10	(5) The permit will be issued for a single continuous movement from the origin to the
11	destination for an amount of time necessary to make the move, not to exceed 10 consecutive days.
12	(6) Movement of the permitted vehicle must be made during daytime only.
13	(7) A permittee may not transport portable building units or portable building
14	compatible cargo with a void permit; a new permit must be obtained.
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16	SUBCHAPTER C. PERMITS FOR OVER AXLE AND OVER GROSS WEIGHT TOLERANCES
17	43 TAC §§219.30 - 219.32 and §§219.34 - 219.36
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19	STATUTORY AUTHORITY. The department adopts amendments under Transportation Code, §621.008,
20	which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation

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Code, Chapter 621; Transportation Code, §623.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules as necessary to implement Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §623.003, which requires the department to base the department's routing decision on information provided by TxDOT to the extent the department is required to determine a route under Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §623.0171, which requires the department by rule to require an applicant for a permit for a ready-mixed concrete truck to designate the counties in which the applicant intends to operate; Transportation Code, §623.0171, which requires the department by rule to specify how 50 percent of the fee collected for a permit for a ready-mixed concrete truck shall be divided among and distributed to the counties designated in the permit application; Transportation Code, §623.0172, which prohibits the use of a permit issued under this section on routes for which TxDOT has not authorized the operation of a vehicle combination described by §623.0172(b); Transportation Code, §623.343, which authorizes the department to impose conditions on a permit holder to ensure the safe operation of a permitted vehicle and minimize damage to roadways, including requirements relating to vehicle routing, hours of operation, weight limits, and requirements for escort vehicles; Transportation Code, §623.405, which only authorizes a permit for an intermodal shipping container to be used on highways and roads approved by TxDOT; Transportation Code, §623.411, which requires the department to adopt rules that are necessary to implement Subchapter U of Transportation Code, Chapter 623, regarding intermodal shipping containers; Transportation Code, §623.424, which only authorizes a permit for fluid milk to be used on highways and roads approved by TxDOT; Transportation Code, §623.427, which requires the department to adopt rules that are necessary to implement Subchapter V of Transportation Code, Chapter 623 regarding vehicles transporting fluid milk; Transportation Code, §1002.001, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary and appropriate to implement the powers and the duties of the department; Government Code, §2001.004, which requires state agencies to adopt rules of practice

stating the nature and requirements of all available formal and informal procedures; and the statutory authority referenced throughout the preamble and in the rule text, which is incorporated herein by reference.

**CROSS REFERENCE TO STATUTE.** The amendments implement Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 623, and 1002; and Government Code, Chapter 2001.

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Text.

§219.30. Permits for Over Axle and Over Gross Weight Tolerances.

(a) Purpose. In accordance with Transportation Code, §623.011, the department is authorized under certain conditions to issue an annual permit for the operation of a vehicle within certain tolerances above legal axle and gross weight limits, as provided in Transportation Code, Chapter 621.

(b) Scope. A permit may be issued to an applicant under this section to operate a vehicle that exceeds the legal axle weight by a tolerance of 10% and the legal gross weight by a tolerance of 5.0% on any county road and on any road in the state highway system provided the vehicle:

(1) is not operated on the national system of interstate and defense highways at a weight greater than authorized by federal law; and

(2) is not operated on a bridge for which the maximum weight and load limit has been established and posted under Transportation Code, §621.102 or §621.301, if the gross weight of the vehicle and load or the axles and wheel loads are greater than the established and posted limits, unless the bridge provides the only public vehicular access to or from the permittee's origin or destination.

(c) Application for permit.

1	(1) To qualify for a permit under this section, a person must submit an application
2	to the department.
3	(2) The application shall be in a form prescribed by the department and at a
4	minimum will require the following:
5	(A) name, customer identification number, and address of the applicant;
6	(B) name, telephone number, and email address of contact person;
7	(C) vehicle information, including truck year, make, license plate number
8	and state of issuance, and vehicle identification number;
9	(D) an indication as to whether the commodities to be transported will be
10	agricultural or non-agricultural;
11	(E) a list of counties in which the vehicle will operate; and
12	(F) applicant's USDOT Number if applicant is required by law to have a USDOT
13	Number.
14	(3) The application shall be accompanied by:
15	(A) the total permit fee, which includes an administrative fee of \$5, the base
16	fee, and the applicable annual fee based on the number of counties designated for travel; and
17	(B) an original bond or irrevocable letter of credit as required in
18	Transportation Code §623.012.
19	(d) Issuance of permit and windshield sticker.
20	(1) A permit and a windshield sticker will be issued on the approval of the
21	application and each will be mailed to the applicant at the address contained in the application.
22	(2) The permit shall be carried in the vehicle for which the permit is issued at all
23	times.

(3) The windshield sticker shall be affixed to the inside of the windshield of the vehicle in accordance with the diagram printed on the back of the sticker in a manner that will not obstruct the vision of the driver. Any attempt to remove the sticker from the windshield will render the sticker void, and will require a new permit and sticker. The windshield sticker must be removed from the vehicle upon expiration of the permit.

- (4) A replacement sticker for a lost, stolen, or mutilated windshield sticker may be issued, provided that the permittee submits a request on a form approved by the department which shall include a statement, signed by the permittee, affirming that the sticker was lost, stolen, or mutilated. The replacement sticker shall only be valid for the permitted vehicle. The cost for a replacement sticker is \$3.00.
- (e) Issuance of a credit. Upon written application on a form prescribed by the department, a prorated credit for the remaining time on the permit may be issued for a vehicle that is destroyed or otherwise becomes permanently inoperable to an extent that it will no longer be utilized. The date for computing a credit will be based on the date of receipt of the credit request. The fee for a credit will be \$25, and will be issued on condition that the applicant provides to the department:
  - (1) the original permit; or
- (2) if the original permit no longer exists, written evidence of the destruction or permanent incapacity from the insurance carrier of the vehicle.
- (f) Use of credit. A credit issued under subsection (e) of this section may be used only towards the payment of permit fees under this section.
- (g) Lapse or termination of permit. A permit shall lapse or terminate and the windshield sticker must be removed from the vehicle:

1	(1) when the lease of the vehicle expires;
2	(2) on the sale of the vehicle for which the permit was issued;
3	(3) on the sale, takeover, or dissolution of the firm, partnership, or corporation to
4	which a permit was issued; or
5	(4) if the permittee does not replace or replenish the letter of credit or bond as
6	required by Transportation Code, §623.012.
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9	§219.31. Timber Permits.
10	(a) Purpose. This section prescribes the requirements and procedures regarding the annual
11	permit for the operation of a vehicle or combination of vehicles that will be used to transport
12	unrefined timber, wood chips, woody biomass, or equipment used to load timber on a vehicle
13	under the provisions of Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter Q.
14	(b) Application for permit.
15	(1) To qualify for a timber permit, a person must submit an application to the
16	department.
17	(2) The application shall be in a form prescribed by the department and at a
18	minimum, will require the following:
19	(A) name, customer identification number, and address of the applicant;
20	(B) name, telephone number, and email address of contact person;
21	(C) vehicle information, including vehicle year, make, license plate number
22	and state of issuance, and vehicle identification number;

1	(D) a list of timber producing counties described in Transportation Code,
2	§623.321(a), in which the vehicle or combination of vehicles will be operated; and
3	(E) applicant's USDOT Number if applicant is required by law to have a USDOT
4	Number.
5	(3) The application shall be accompanied by:
6	(A) the total annual permit fee required by statute; and
7	(B) a blanket bond or irrevocable letter of credit as required by
8	Transportation Code, §623.012, unless the applicant has a current blanket bond or irrevocable
9	letter of credit on file with the department that complies with Transportation Code, §623.012.
10	(c) Issuance and placement of permit and windshield sticker; restrictions.
11	(1) A permit and a windshield sticker will be issued once the application is
12	approved, and each will be mailed to the applicant at the address contained in the application.
13	(2) The windshield sticker shall be affixed to the inside of the windshield of the
14	vehicle in accordance with the diagram printed on the back of the sticker and in a manner that will
15	not obstruct the vision of the driver. Any attempt to remove the sticker from the windshield will
16	render the sticker void and will require a new permit and sticker.
17	(3) A replacement sticker for a lost, stolen, or mutilated windshield sticker may be
18	issued, provided that the permittee submits a request on a form approved by the department
19	which shall include a statement, signed by the permittee, affirming that the sticker was lost,
20	stolen, or mutilated. The replacement sticker shall only be valid for the permitted vehicle.
21	(d) Notification. The financially responsible party as defined in Transportation Code,
22	§623.323(a), shall electronically file the notification document described by §623.323(b) with the
23	department via the form on the department's website.

1	(e) Transfer of permit. An annual permit issued under this section is not transferable
2	between vehicles.
3	(f) Amendments. An annual permit issued under this section will not be amended except in
4	the case of department error.
5	(g) Termination of permit. An annual permit issued under this section will automatically
6	terminate, and the windshield sticker must be removed from the vehicle:
7	(1) on the expiration of the permit;
8	(2) when the lease of the vehicle expires;
9	(3) on the sale or other transfer of ownership of the vehicle for which the permit
10	was issued;
11	(4) on the dissolution or termination of the partnership, corporation, or other legal
12	entity to which the permit was issued; or
13	(5) if the permittee fails to timely replenish the bond or letter of credit as required
14	by Transportation Code, §623.012.
15	(h) Restrictions. Permits issued under this section are subject to the restrictions in
16	§219.11(I) of this title.
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18	§219.32. Ready-Mixed Concrete Truck Permits.
19	(a) Purpose. This section prescribes the requirements, restrictions, and procedures
20	regarding the annual permit for a ready-mixed concrete truck, operating on three axles, under the
21	provisions of Transportation Code, §623.0171 and Chapter 622, Subchapter B.

1	(b) Axles. To qualify for movement with a ready-mixed concrete truck permit, the truck
2	may only operate on three axles, regardless of whether the truck actually has more than three
3	axles.
4	(c) Application for permit.
5	(1) To qualify for a ready-mixed concrete truck permit, a person must submit an
6	application to the department.
7	(2) The application shall be in a form prescribed by the department and at a
8	minimum, will require the following:
9	(A) name, customer identification number, and address of the applicant;
10	(B) name, telephone number, and email address of contact person;
11	(C) vehicle information, including vehicle year, make, license plate number
12	and state of issuance, and vehicle identification number;
13	(D) a list of counties in which the vehicle will be operated; and
14	(E) applicant's USDOT Number if applicant is required by law to have a USDOT
15	Number.
16	(3) The application shall be accompanied by the total annual permit fee of \$1,000.
17	(d) Issuance and placement of permit and windshield sticker; restrictions.
18	(1) A permit and a windshield sticker will be issued once the application is
19	approved, and each will be mailed to the applicant at the address contained in the application.
20	(2) The windshield sticker shall be affixed to the inside of the windshield of the
21	vehicle in accordance with the diagram printed on the back of the sticker and in a manner that wil
22	not obstruct the vision of the driver. Any attempt to remove the sticker from the windshield will
23	render the sticker void and will require a new permit and sticker.

1	(3) A replacement sticker for a lost, stolen, or mutilated windshield sticker may be
2	issued, provided that the permittee submits a request on a form approved by the department. The
3	request shall include a statement, signed by the permittee, affirming that the sticker was lost,
4	stolen, or mutilated. The replacement sticker shall only be valid for the permitted vehicle.
5	(e) Transfer of permit. An annual permit issued under this section is not transferable
6	between vehicles.
7	(f) Amendments. An annual permit issued under this section will not be amended except in
8	the case of department error.
9	(g) Termination of permit. An annual permit issued under this section will automatically
10	terminate, and the windshield sticker must be removed from the vehicle:
11	(1) on the expiration of the permit;
12	(2) when the lease of the vehicle expires;
13	(3) on the sale or other transfer of ownership of the vehicle for which the permit
14	was issued; or
15	(4) on the dissolution or termination of the partnership, corporation, or other legal
16	entity to which the permit was issued.
17	(h) Curfew restrictions. The operator of a permitted vehicle must observe the curfew
18	movement restrictions published by the department.
19	(i) Construction or maintenance areas.
20	(1) Permits issued under this section authorize the operator of the permitted
21	vehicle to travel through any state highway construction or maintenance area, provided the size
22	and weight of the vehicle do not exceed the construction restrictions that are available on the
23	department's website. If a permitted vehicle is delivering concrete to a state highway construction

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or maintenance jobsite within a construction or maintenance area, the following may provide the permittee a written exception to operate the permitted vehicle in the construction or maintenance area at a size or weight that exceeds the size and weight listed on the department's website: the Texas Department of Transportation or a Texas Department of Transportation contractor that is authorized by the Texas Department of Transportation to issue permit exceptions. The written exception must be carried in the permitted vehicle when the vehicle is on a state highway and must be provided to the department or law enforcement upon request.

(2) The permittee is responsible for contacting the appropriate local jurisdiction for

- construction or maintenance restrictions on non-state maintained roadways.
- (j) Manufacturer's tire load rating. Permits issued under this section do not authorize the vehicle to exceed the manufacturer's tire load rating.
- (k) Distribution of fees. Fifty percent of the fees collected for permits under Transportation Code, §623.0171 shall be divided equally among all counties designated in the permit application.

§219.34. North Texas Intermodal Permit.

- (a) Purpose. This section prescribes the requirements, restrictions, and procedures regarding the annual permit for transporting an intermodal shipping container under the provisions of Transportation Code, §623.0172.
  - (b) Application for permit.
- (1) To qualify for a North Texas intermodal permit, a person must submit an application to the department.
- (2) The application shall be in a form prescribed by the department and at aminimum, will require the following:

1	(A) name, customer identification number, and address of the applicant;
2	(B) name, telephone number, and email address of contact person;
3	(C) vehicle information, including vehicle year, make, license plate number
4	and state of issuance, and vehicle identification number; and
5	(D) applicant's USDOT Number if applicant is required by law to have a USDOT
6	Number.
7	(3) The application shall be accompanied by the total annual permit fee of \$1,000.
8	(c) Amendments. An annual permit issued under this section will not be amended except in
9	the case of department error.
10	(d) Transfer of permit. A permit issued under this section may only be transferred once
11	during the term of the permit from one vehicle to another vehicle in the permittee's fleet
12	provided:
13	(1) the permitted vehicle is destroyed or otherwise becomes permanently
14	inoperable, to an extent that it will no longer be utilized, and the permittee presents proof that
15	the negotiable title or other qualifying documentation, as determined by the department, has
16	been surrendered to the department; or
17	(2) the title to the permitted vehicle is transferred to someone other than the
18	permittee, and the permittee presents proof that the negotiable title or other qualifying
19	documentation, as determined by the department, has been transferred from the permittee.
20	(e) Curfew restrictions. The operator of a permitted vehicle must observe the curfew
21	movement restrictions published by the department.

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Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter V.

to the department.

(b) Application for permit.

1	(f) Construction or maintenance areas. The permitted vehicle may not travel through any
2	state highway construction or maintenance area if prohibited by the construction restrictions
3	published by the department.
4	(g) Nighttime movement. Nighttime movement is allowed under this permit, unless
5	prohibited by the curfew movement restrictions published by the department.
6	(h) Manufacturer's tire load rating. Permits issued under this section do not authorize the
7	vehicle to exceed the manufacturer's tire load rating.
8	(i) A truck-tractor and semitrailer combination is only eligible for a permit issued under this
9	section if the truck-tractor is equipped with truck blind spot systems, and each vehicle in the
10	combination is equipped with a roll stability support safety system.
11	(j) A truck-tractor and semitrailer combination is only eligible for a permit issued under this
12	section if the distance between the front axle of the truck-tractor and the last axle of the
13	semitrailer, measured longitudinally, is approximately 647 inches. For the purposes of this
14	subsection, "approximately 647 inches" means the distance can be up to 15 percent above 647
15	inches for a total distance of 744.05 inches.
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17	§219.35. Fluid Milk Transport Permit.
18	(a) Purpose. This section prescribes the requirements, restrictions, and procedures
19	regarding the annual permit for transporting fluid milk under the provisions of Transportation

6/27/24 Exhibit A

(1) To qualify for a fluid milk transport permit, a person must submit an application

1	(2) The application shall be in a form prescribed by the department and at a
2	minimum, will require the following:
3	(A) name, customer identification number, and address of the applicant;
4	(B) name, telephone number, and email address of contact person;
5	(C) vehicle information, including vehicle year, make, license plate number
6	and state of issuance, and vehicle identification number;
7	(D) a list of counties in which the vehicle will be operated; and
8	(E) applicant's USDOT Number if applicant is required by law to have a USDOT
9	Number.
10	(3) The application shall be accompanied by the total annual permit fee of \$1,200.
11	(c) Issuance and placement of permit and windshield sticker; restrictions.
12	(1) A permit and a windshield sticker will be issued once the application is
13	approved, and each will be mailed to the applicant at the address contained in the application.
14	(2) The windshield sticker shall be affixed to the inside of the windshield of the
15	vehicle in accordance with the diagram printed on the back of the sticker and in a manner that will
16	not obstruct the vision of the driver. Any attempt to remove the sticker from the windshield will
17	render the sticker void and will require a new permit and sticker.
18	(3) A replacement sticker for a lost, stolen, or mutilated windshield sticker may be
19	issued, provided that the permittee submits a request on a form approved by the department
20	which shall include a statement, signed by the permittee, affirming that the sticker was lost,
21	stolen, or mutilated. The replacement sticker shall only be valid for the permitted vehicle.
22	(d) Amendments. An annual permit issued under this section will not be amended except in
23	the case of department error.

1	(e) Transfer of permit. A permit issued under this section may only be transferred once
2	during the term of the permit from one vehicle to another vehicle in the permittee's fleet
3	provided:
4	(1) the permitted vehicle is destroyed or otherwise becomes permanently
5	inoperable, to an extent that it will no longer be utilized, and the permittee presents proof that
6	the negotiable title or other qualifying documentation, as determined by the department, has
7	been surrendered to the department; or
8	(2) the title to the permitted vehicle is transferred to someone other than the
9	permittee, and the permittee presents proof that the negotiable title or other qualifying
10	documentation, as determined by the department, has been transferred from the permittee.
11	(f) Termination of permit. An annual permit issued under this section will automatically
12	terminate, and the windshield sticker must be removed from the vehicle:
13	(1) on the expiration of the permit;
14	(2) when the lease of the vehicle expires;
15	(3) on the sale or other transfer of ownership of the vehicle for which the permit
16	was issued; or
17	(4) on the dissolution or termination of the partnership, corporation, or other legal
18	entity to which the permit was issued.
19	(g) Curfew restrictions. The operator of a permitted vehicle must observe the curfew
20	movement restrictions published by the department.
21	(h) Construction or maintenance areas.
22	(1) The permitted vehicle may not travel through any state highway construction or
23	maintenance area if prohibited by the construction restrictions published by the department.

1	(2) The permittee is responsible for contacting the appropriate local jurisdiction for
2	construction or maintenance restrictions on non-state maintained roadways.
3	(i) Nighttime movement. Nighttime movement is allowed under this permit, unless
4	prohibited by the curfew movement restrictions published by the department.
5	(j) Manufacturer's tire load rating. Permits issued under this section do not authorize the
6	vehicle to exceed the manufacturer's tire load rating.
7	(k) A truck-tractor and semitrailer combination is only eligible for a permit issued under
8	this section if the truck-tractor is equipped with truck blind spot systems, and each vehicle in the
9	combination is equipped with a roll stability support safety system.
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11	§219.36. Intermodal Shipping Container Port Permit.
12	(a) Purpose. This section prescribes the requirements, restrictions, and procedures
13	regarding the annual permit for transporting an intermodal shipping container under the
14	provisions of Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter U.
15	(b) Application for permit.
16	(1) To qualify for an intermodal shipping container port permit, a person must
17	submit an application to the department.
18	(2) The application shall be in a form prescribed by the department and at a
19	minimum, will require the following:
20	(A) name, customer identification number, and address of the applicant;
21	(B) name, telephone number, and email address of contact person;
22	(C) vehicle information, including vehicle year, make, license plate number
23	and state of issuance, and vehicle identification number;

1	(D) a list of counties in which the vehicle will be operated;
2	(E) a list of municipalities in which the vehicle will be operated; and
3	(F) applicant's USDOT Number if applicant is required by law to have a USDOT
4	Number.
5	(3) The application shall be accompanied by the total annual permit fee of \$6,000.
6	(c) Issuance and placement of permit and windshield sticker; restrictions.
7	(1) A permit and a windshield sticker will be issued once the application is
8	approved, and each will be mailed to the applicant at the address contained in the application.
9	(2) The windshield sticker shall be affixed to the inside of the windshield of the
10	vehicle in accordance with the diagram printed on the back of the sticker and in a manner that wil
11	not obstruct the vision of the driver. Any attempt to remove the sticker from the windshield will
12	render the sticker void and will require a new permit and sticker.
13	(3) A replacement sticker for a lost, stolen, or mutilated windshield sticker may be
14	issued, provided that the permittee submits a request on a form approved by the department
15	which shall include a statement, signed by the permittee, affirming that the sticker was lost,
16	stolen, or mutilated. The replacement sticker shall only be valid for the permitted vehicle.
17	(d) Amendments. An annual permit issued under this section will not be amended except in
18	the case of department error.
19	(e) Transfer of permit. A permit issued under this section may only be transferred once
20	during the term of the permit from one vehicle to another vehicle in the permittee's fleet
21	provided:
22	(1) the permitted vehicle is destroyed or otherwise becomes permanently
23	inoperable, to an extent that it will no longer be utilized, and the permittee presents proof that

1	the negotiable title or other qualifying documentation, as determined by the department, has
2	been surrendered to the department; or
3	(2) the title to the permitted vehicle is transferred to someone other than the
4	permittee, and the permittee presents proof that the negotiable title or other qualifying
5	documentation, as determined by the department, has been transferred from the permittee.
6	(f) Termination of permit. An annual permit issued under this section will automatically
7	terminate, and the windshield sticker must be removed from the vehicle:
8	(1) on the expiration of the permit;
9	(2) when the lease of the vehicle expires;
10	(3) on the sale or other transfer of ownership of the vehicle for which the permit
11	was issued; or
12	(4) on the dissolution or termination of the partnership, corporation, or other legal
13	entity to which the permit was issued.
14	(g) Curfew restrictions. The operator of a permitted vehicle must observe the curfew
15	movement restrictions published by the department.
16	(h) Construction or maintenance areas.
17	(1) The permitted vehicle may not travel through any state highway construction or
18	maintenance area if prohibited by the construction restrictions published by the department.
19	(2) The permittee is responsible for contacting the appropriate local jurisdiction for
20	construction or maintenance restrictions on non-state maintained roadways.
21	(i) Nighttime movement. Nighttime movement is allowed under this permit, unless
22	prohibited by the curfew movement restrictions published by the department.

(	j) Manufacti	urer's tire load	rating.	Permits	issued	under	this s	ection	do not	authoriz	e the
vehicle t	o exceed the	e manufacture	r's tire l	oad ratii	ng.						

- (k) A truck-tractor and semitrailer combination is only eligible for a permit issued under this section if the truck-tractor is equipped with truck blind spot systems, and each vehicle in the combination is equipped with a roll stability support safety system.
- (I) A truck-tractor and semitrailer combination is only eligible for a permit issued under Transportation Code, §623.402(a) if the distance between the front axle of the truck-tractor and the last axle of the semitrailer, measured longitudinally, is approximately 647 inches. For the purposes of this subsection, "approximately 647 inches" means the distance can be up to 15 percent above 647 inches for a total distance of 744.05 inches.
- (m) A truck-tractor and semitrailer combination is only eligible for a permit issued under Transportation Code, §623.402(b) if the distance between the front axle of the truck-tractor and the last axle of the semitrailer, measured longitudinally, is approximately 612 inches. For the purposes of this subsection, "approximately 612 inches" means the distance can be up to 15 percent above 612 inches for a total distance of 703.8 inches.

## SUBCHAPTER D. PERMITS FOR OVERSIZE AND OVERWEIGHT OIL WELL RELATED VEHICLES

43 TAC §§219.41 - 219.45

**STATUTORY AUTHORITY.** The department adopts amendments under Transportation Code, §621.008, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 621; Transportation Code, §623.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules as

necessary to implement Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §623.003, which requires the department to base the department's routing decision on information provided by TxDOT to the extent the department is required to determine a route under Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §623.145, which requires the board, in consultation with the Texas Transportation Commission, to adopt rules to provide for the issuance of a permit under Subchapter G of Transportation Code, Chapter 623 regarding oil well servicing and drilling machinery, including rules regarding conditions on the route and time of movement; Transportation Code, §1002.001, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary and appropriate to implement the powers and the duties of the department; Government Code, §2001.004, which requires state agencies to adopt rules of practice stating the nature and requirements of all available formal and informal procedures; and the statutory authority referenced throughout the preamble and in the rule text, which is incorporated herein by reference.

CROSS REFERENCE TO STATUTE. The adopted amendments implement Transportation Code, Chapters

14 621, 623, and 1002; and Government Code, Chapter 2001.

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Text.

- 17 §219.41. General Requirements.
- 18 (a) General information.
  - (1) Permits issued under this subchapter, with the exception of permits issued under §219.45 of this title (relating to Permits for Vehicles Transporting Liquid Products Related to Oil Well Production), are subject to the requirements of this section.
- 22 (2) Oil well related vehicles are eligible for:

1	(A) single-trip mileage permits;
2	(B) quarterly hubometer permits; and
3	(C) annual permits.
4	(b) Permit application. All applications shall be made on a form and in a manner prescribed by
5	the department. An applicant shall provide all applicable information, including:
6	(1) name, customer identification number, and address of the applicant;
7	(2) name, telephone number, and email address of contact person;
8	(3) year, make, and vehicle identification number of the unit;
9	(4) width, height, and length of the unit;
10	(5) unit axle and tire information, including number of axles, distance between axles,
11	gauge per axle, axle weights, number of tires, and tire size;
12	(6) applicant's USDOT Number if applicant is required by law to have a USDOT Number
13	and
14	(7) any other information required by law.
15	(c) Restrictions.
16	(1) A vehicle permitted under this subchapter is subject to the restrictions specified in
17	§219.11(I)(2) and (3), and the permittee is responsible for obtaining information concerning current
18	restrictions from the department.

1	(2) Vehicles permitted under this subchapter may not cross a load restricted bridge
2	when exceeding the posted capacity of such. Vehicles permitted under this subchapter may travel on a
3	load restricted road unless otherwise noted.
4	(3) A vehicle permitted under this subchapter may travel through highway construction
5	or maintenance areas provided the dimensions do not exceed the construction restrictions as published
6	by the department.
7	(4) A unit exceeding nine feet in width, 14 feet in height, or 65 feet in length is restricted
8	to daytime movement only.
9	(d) Transferability. Unless otherwise noted, a permit issued under this subchapter may not be
10	transferred between units or permittees.
11	(e) Escort requirements. In addition to any other escort requirements specified in this
12	subchapter, vehicles permitted under this subchapter are subject to the escort requirements specified in
13	§219.11(k).
14	
15	219.42. Single-Trip Mileage Permits.
16	(a) General information.
17	(1) Permits issued under this section are subject to the requirements of §219.41 of this
18	title (relating to General Requirements).
19	(2) A single-trip mileage permit:
20	(A) is limited to a maximum of seven consecutive days;

1	(B) routes the vehicle from the point of origin to the point of destination and has
2	the route listed on the permit; and
3	(C) allows the unit to be returned to the point of origin on the same permit,
4	provided the return trip is made within the time period stated in the permit.
5	(3) A unit exceeding 175,000 pounds gross weight must:
6	(A) have front and rear escort flag vehicles to prevent traffic from traveling
7	beside the unit as it crosses a bridge;
8	(B) cross all multi-lane bridges by centering the unit on a lane line;
9	(C) cross all two-lane bridges in the center of the bridge; and
10	(D) cross each bridge at a speed not greater than 20 miles per hour.
11	(4) A unit exceeding 12 feet in width must be centered in the outside traffic lane of any
12	highway that has paved shoulders.
13	(b) Maximum permit weight limits.
14	(1) The maximum permit weight for any single axle must not exceed 30,000 pounds or
15	850 pounds per inch of tire width, whichever is less.
16	(2) The maximum permit weight for any group of axles on a unit will be determined by
17	calculating the "W" weight for the group, using the formulas shown in Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.42(f), titled
18	"Maximum Permit Weight Formulas," and comparing the calculated "W" weight with the corresponding
19	"W" weight that is established in Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.42(f), titled "Maximum Permit Weight Table."

1	(3) The maximum permit weight per inch of tire width for axles that are steerable must
2	not exceed 950 pounds, and the maximum permit weight per inch of tire width for axles that are not
3	steerable must not exceed 850 pounds.
4	(4) A unit that does not have any group of axles that exceeds the limits established in
5	Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.42(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Table," and Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.42(f),
6	"Maximum Permit Weight Formulas" will be permitted with a single-trip mileage or quarterly hubometer
7	permit for travel on any route that does not include a load restricted bridge.
8	(5) A unit that has any group of axles that exceeds the limits established by Figure 1: 43
9	TAC §219.42(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Table," and Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.42(f), "Maximum Permit
10	Weight Formulas" will be eligible, on an individual case-by-case basis, for a single-trip mileage permit
11	only; permit approval or denial will be based on a detailed route study and an analysis conducted by
12	TxDOT of each bridge on the proposed travel route to determine if the road(s) and bridge(s) are capable
13	of sustaining the movement.
14	(6) A road or bridge that has been analyzed and determined to be incapable of
15	sustaining the unit will be excluded from the permit route.
16	(c) Permit application and issuance.
17	(1) An application for a single-trip mileage permit under this section must be made in
18	accordance with §219.41(b) of this title and shall also include the origin and destination points of the
19	unit.
20	(2) Upon receipt of the application, the department will review and verify unit size and
21	weight information, check route and mileage to be traveled, compute the permit fee, and advise the

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applicant of the permit fee.

1	(3) Upon receipt of the permit fee, the department will advise the applicant of the
2	permit number, and will provide a copy of the permit to the applicant.
3	(d) Permit fees and refunds.
4	(1) Minimum fee. The minimum fee for a single-trip mileage permit is either the
5	calculated permit fee or \$31, whichever is the greater amount.
6	(2) Permit fee calculation. The fee for a single-trip mileage permit is calculated by
7	multiplying the number of miles traveled, the highway use factor, and the total rate per mile, and then
8	adding the indirect cost share to the product.
9	(A) Highway use factor. The highway use factor for a single trip mileage permit is
10	0.6.
11	(B) Total rate per mile. The total rate per mile is the combined mileage rates for
12	width, height, and weight for the unit. For a trailer-mounted unit, the total rate per mile is based on the
13	overall width, overall height, and all axle weights, including the truck-tractor axles.
14	(i) The mileage rate for width is \$.06 per mile for each foot (or fraction
15	thereof) above legal width.
16	(ii) The mileage rate for height is \$.04 per mile for each foot (or fraction
17	thereof) above legal height.
18	(iii) The mileage rate for a single axle or any axle within a group that
19	exceeds 20,000 pounds, but is less than or equal to 25,000 pounds, is calculated by multiplying \$.045
20	times the amount by which the axle or axle group weight exceeds the legal weight for the axle or axle
21	group and dividing the resultant figure by 1,000 pounds.

1	(iv) The mileage rate for a single axle or any axle within a group that
2	exceeds 25,000 pounds, but is less than or equal to 30,000 pounds, is calculated by multiplying \$.055
3	times the amount by which the axle or axle group weight exceeds the legal weight for the axle or axle
4	group and dividing the resultant figure by 1,000 pounds.
5	(3) Permit fees for trailer-mounted units.
6	The permit fee for a trailer-mounted unit is based on the overall width, overall
7	height, and all axle weights, including the truck-tractor axles.
8	(4) Refunds. Fees for permits issued under this section are non-refundable.
9	(e) Amendments. A single-trip mileage permit may not be amended unless an exception is
10	granted by the department.
11	(f) Weight table and formulas. The following table entitled "Maximum Permit Weight Table" is
12	Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.42(f), and the list of formulas entitled, "Maximum Permit Weight Formulas," is
13	Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.42(f).
14	Attached Graphic
15	Attached Graphic
16	
17	219.43. Quarterly Hubometer Permits.
18	(a) General information.
19	(1) Permits issued under this section are subject to the requirements of §219.41 of this
20	title (relating to General Requirements).

1	(2) A quarterly hubometer permit:
2	(A) is effective for three consecutive months;
3	(B) allows the unit to travel on all state-maintained highways; and
4	(C) allows the unit to travel on a state-wide basis.
5	(3) A unit permitted under this subsection must not exceed any of the following
6	dimensions:
7	(A) 12 feet in width;
8	(B) 14 feet, 6 inches in height; and
9	(C) 95 feet in length.
10	(4) With the exception of units that are overlength only, a unit operated with a permit
11	issued under this section must be equipped with a hubometer. The permittee must maintain the
12	hubometer in good working condition.
13	(5) A unit exceeding 175,000 pounds gross weight must:
14	(A) have front and rear escort flag vehicles to prevent traffic from traveling
15	beside the unit as it crosses a bridge;
16	(B) cross all multi-lane bridges by centering the unit on a lane line;
17	(C) cross all two-lane bridges in the center of the bridge; and
18	(D) cross each bridge at a speed not greater than 20 miles per hour.
19	(b) Maximum permit weight limits.

(1) The maximum permit weight for any single axle must not exceed 30,000 pounds or 850 pounds per inch of tire width, whichever is less.

- (2) The maximum permit weight for any group of axles on a unit will be determined by calculating the "W" weight for the group, using the formulas in Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.42(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Formulas," and comparing the calculated "W" weight with the corresponding "W" weight that is established in Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.42(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Table."
- (3) The maximum permit weight per inch of tire width for axles that are steerable must not exceed 950 pounds, and the maximum permit weight per inch of tire width for axles that are not steerable must not exceed 850 pounds.
- (4) A unit that does not have any group of axles that exceeds the limits established in Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.42(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Table," and Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.42(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Formulas" will be permitted with a single-trip mileage or quarterly hubometer permit for travel on any route that does not include a load restricted bridge.
- (5) A unit that has any group of axles that exceeds the limits established by Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.42(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Table," and Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.42(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Formulas" will be eligible, on an individual case-by-case basis, for a single-trip mileage permit only; permit approval or denial will be based on a detailed route study and an analysis conducted by TxDOT of each bridge on the proposed travel route to determine if the road(s) and bridge(s) are capable of sustaining the movement.
- (6) A bridge that has been analyzed and determined to be incapable of sustaining the unit will be excluded from the permit route.
- (c) Initial permit application and issuance.

1	(1) An application for an initial quarterly hubometer permit under this section must be
2	made in accordance with §219.41(b) of this title. In addition, the applicant must provide the current
3	hubometer mileage reading and an initial \$31 processing fee.
4	(2) Upon verification of the unit information and receipt of the permit fee, the
5	department will provide a copy of the permit to the applicant, as well as a renewal application.
6	(d) Permit renewals and closeouts.
7	(1) An application for a permit renewal or closeout must be made on a form and in the
8	manner prescribed by the department.
9	(2) Upon receipt of the renewal application, the department will verify unit information,
10	check mileage traveled on the last permit, calculate the new permit fee, and advise the applicant of the
11	permit fee.
12	(e) Permit fees.
13	(1) Minimum fee. The minimum fee for a quarterly hubometer permit is either the
14	calculated permit fee or \$31, whichever is the greater amount.
15	(2) Fees for overlength units. A unit that is overlength only must obtain a quarterly
16	hubometer permit with a fee of \$31, but is not required to have a hubometer.
17	(3) Quarterly hubometer permit fee calculation. The permit fee for a quarterly
18	hubometer permit is calculated by multiplying the hubometer mileage, the highway use factor, and the
19	total rate per mile, and then adding the indirect cost share to the product.

1	(A) Hubometer mileage. Mileage for a quarterly hubometer permit is
2	determined by the unit's current hubometer mileage reading minus the unit's hubometer mileage
3	reading from the previous quarterly hubometer permit.
4	(B) Highway use factor. The highway use factor for a quarterly hubometer permit
5	is 0.3.
6	(C) Total rate per mile. The total rate per mile is the combined mileage rates for
7	width, height, and weight for the unit. The rate per mile for a trailer-mounted unit is based on the overall
8	width, overall height, and all axle weights, including the truck-tractor axles.
9	(i) The mileage rate for width is \$.06 per mile for each foot (or fraction
10	thereof) above legal width.
11	(ii) The mileage rate for height is \$.04 per mile for each foot (or fraction
12	thereof) above legal height.
13	(iii) The mileage rate for a single axle or any axle within a group that
14	exceeds 20,000 pounds, but is less than or equal to 25,000 pounds, is calculated by multiplying \$.045
15	times the amount by which the axle or axle group weight exceeds the legal weight for the axle or axle
16	group and dividing the resultant figure by 1,000 pounds.
17	(iv) The mileage rate for a single axle or any axle within a group that
18	exceeds 25,000 pounds, but is less than or equal to 30,000 pounds, is calculated by multiplying \$.055
19	times the amount by which the axle or axle group weight exceeds the legal weight for the axle or axle
20	group and dividing the resultant figure by 1,000 pounds.

(4) Permit fees for trailer-mounted units.

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1	The permit fee for a trailer-mounted unit is based on the overall width, overall
2	height, and all axle weights, including the truck-tractor axles.
3	(f) Amendments. A quarterly hubometer permit may be amended only to change the following:
4	(1) if listed on the permit, the hubometer serial number; or
5	(2) the license plate number.
6	
7	§219.44. Annual Permits.
8	(a) General information. Permits issued under this section are subject to the requirements of
9	§219.41 of this title (relating to General Requirements).
10	(1) Annual self-propelled oil well servicing unit permits.
11	The fee for an annual self-propelled oil well servicing unit permit is \$52 per axle.
12	The indirect cost share is included in this fee.
13	(2) Annual oil field rig-up truck permits.
14	(A) An oil field rig-up truck permitted under this section must not exceed:
15	(i) legal height or length limits, as provided in Transportation Code,
16	Chapter 621, Subchapter C;
17	(ii) 850 pounds per inch of tire width on the front axle;
18	(iii) 25,000 pounds on the front axle; or
19	(iv) legal weight on all other axles.

1	(B) An oil field rig-up truck, operating under an annual permit, must be
2	registered in accordance with Transportation Code, Chapter 502.
3	(C) The annual permit fee for an oil field rig-up truck is \$52. The indirect cost
4	share is included in this fee.
5	(D) An annual permit for an oil field rig-up truck allows the unit to travel at
6	nighttime, provided the unit does not exceed nine feet in width.
7	(3) A permit issued under this section may not be amended.
8	(4) A permit issued under this section allows travel on a statewide basis and on all state
9	maintained highways.
10	(b) Permit application and issuance.
11	(1) An application for an annual permit under this section must be made in accordance
12	with §219.41(b) of this title.
13	(2) Upon receipt of the application and the appropriate fees, the department will
14	provide a copy of the permit to the applicant.
15	
16	§219.45. Permits for Vehicles Transporting Liquid Products Related to Oil Well Production.
17	(a) General provisions. This section applies to the following vehicles which may secure an annua
18	permit issued under provisions of Transportation Code, Chapter 623, Subchapter G, to haul liquid loads
19	over all state-maintained highways.

1	(1) A vehicle combination consisting of a truck-tractor and semi-trailer specifically
2	designed with a tank and pump unit for transporting:
3	(A) liquid fracking products, liquid oil well waste products, or unrefined liquid
4	petroleum products to an oil well; or
5	(B) unrefined liquid petroleum products or liquid oil well waste products from an
6	oil well not connected to a pipeline.
7	(2) A permit issued under this section is effective for one year beginning on the effective
8	date.
9	(b) Application for permit.
10	(1) An application for an annual permit under this section must be made in accordance
11	with §219.41(b) of this title (relating to General Requirements).
12	(2) The permit request must be received by the department not more than 14 days prior
13	to the date that the permit is to begin.
14	(c) Permit qualifications and requirements.
15	(1) The semi-trailer must be of legal size and weight.
16	(2) Only one semi-trailer will be listed on a permit.
17	(3) The permit may be transferred from an existing trailer being removed from service
18	and placed on a new trailer being added to the permittee's fleet, if the permittee supplies the
19	department with:
20	(A) the existing valid permit number;

1	(B) the make and model of the new trailer;
2	(C) the license plate number of the new trailer; and
3	(D) a transfer fee of \$31 per permit to cover administrative costs.
4	(d) Fees.
5	(1) The permit fee is based on the axles of the semi-trailer and the drive axles of the
6	truck-tractor. The fee for the permit, which includes the indirect cost share, is determined as follows:
7	(A) \$52 per axleto haul liquid oil well waste products or unrefined liquid
8	petroleum products from oil wells not connected by a pipeline and return empty;
9	(B) \$52 per axleto haul liquid products related to oil well production to an oil
10	well and return empty; and
11	(C) \$104 per axleto haul liquid products related to oil well production to an oil
12	well and return with liquid oil well waste products or unrefined liquid petroleum products from an oil
13	well not connected to a pipeline.
14	(2) Each permittee will be charged a \$20 issuance fee in addition to the permit fee.
15	(e) Permit movement conditions. The permit load must not cross any load-restricted bridge
16	when exceeding the posted capacity of such.
17	
18	SUBCHAPTER E. PERMITS FOR OVERSIZE AND OVERWEIGHT UNLADEN LIFT EQUIPMENT MOTOR
19	VEHICLES
20	43 TAC §§219.60 - 219.64

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STATUTORY AUTHORITY. The department adopts amendments under Transportation Code, §621.008, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 621; Transportation Code, §623.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules as necessary to implement Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §623.003, which requires the department to base the department's routing decision on information provided by TxDOT to the extent the department is required to determine a route under Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §623.181, which authorizes the department to issue an annual permit for the movement over a highway or road in this state of an unladen lift equipment motor vehicle that exceeds the maximum weight or width limitations prescribed by statute; Transportation Code, §623.195, which requires the board, in consultation with the Texas Transportation Commission, to adopt rules to provide for the issuance of a permit under Subchapter J of Transportation Code, Chapter 623 regarding trip permits for unladen lift equipment motor vehicles, including rules regarding conditions on the route and time of movement; Transportation Code, §1002.001, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary and appropriate to implement the powers and the duties of the department; Government Code, §2001.004, which requires state agencies to adopt rules of practice stating the nature and requirements of all available formal and informal procedures; and the statutory authority referenced throughout the preamble and in the rule text, which is incorporated herein by reference. CROSS REFERENCE TO STATUTE. The adopted amendments implement Transportation Code, Chapters

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621, 623, and 1002; and Government Code, Chapter 2001.

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Text.

23 219.60. Purpose.

1	The sections in this subchapter set forth the requirements and procedures applicable to permits
2	issued for unladen lift equipment motor vehicles under the provisions of Transportation Code, Chapter
3	623, Subchapters I and J.
4	
5	§219.61. General Requirements for Permits for Oversize and Overweight Unladen Lift Equipment Motor
6	Vehicles.
7	(a) General information.
8	(1) Unless otherwise noted, permits issued under this subchapter are subject to the
9	requirements of this section.
10	(2) Unladen lift equipment motor vehicles are eligible for an annual permit under this
11	subchapter.
12	(3) Unladen lift equipment motor vehicles are also eligible for the following permits
13	under this subchapter at weights above those established by §219.11(d)(2) of this title (relating to
14	General Oversize/Overweight Permit Requirements and Procedures):
15	(A) single-trip mileage permits; and
16	(B) quarterly hubometer permits.
17	(b) Permit application. An application shall be made on a form and in a manner prescribed by the
18	department. The applicant shall provide all applicable information, including:
19	(1) name, customer identification number, and address of the applicant;
20	(2) name, telephone number, and email address of contact person;

1	(3) year, make and vehicle identification number of the unladen lift equipment motor
2	vehicle;
3	(4) width, height, and length of the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle;
4	(5) unladen lift equipment motor vehicle axle and tire information, including the number
5	of axles, distance between axles, gauge per axle, axle weights, number of tires, and tire size;
6	(6) applicant's USDOT Number if applicant is required by law to have a USDOT Number;
7	and
8	(7) any other information required by law.
9	(c) Restrictions.
10	(1) An unladen lift equipment motor vehicle permitted under this subchapter is subject
11	to the restrictions specified in §219.11(I)(2) and (3) of this title, and the permittee is responsible for
12	obtaining information concerning current restrictions from the department.
13	(2) An unladen lift equipment motor vehicle permitted under this subchapter may travel
14	through highway construction or maintenance areas provided the dimensions do not exceed the
15	construction restrictions as published by the department.
16	(3) An unladen lift equipment motor vehicle permitted under this subchapter may only
17	be operated during daytime, unless:
18	(A) the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle is overweight only; or
19	(B) the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle complies with one of the following,
20	regardless of whether the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle is overweight:

1	(i) the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle does not exceed nine feet in
2	width, 14 feet in height, or 65 feet in length; or
3	(ii) the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle is accompanied by a front
4	and rear escort flag vehicle and does not exceed:
5	(I) 10 feet, 6 inches in width;
6	(II) 14 feet in height; or
7	(III) 95 feet in length.
8	(d) Transferability. Unless otherwise noted, a permit issued under this subchapter may not be
9	transferred between unladen lift equipment motor vehicles or between permittees.
10	(e) Escort requirements. In addition to any other escort requirements specified in this
11	subchapter, unladen lift equipment motor vehicles permitted under this subchapter are subject to the
12	escort requirements specified in §219.11(k) of this title.
13	
14	§219.62. Single-Trip [ <del>Single Trip</del> ] Mileage Permits.
15	(a) General information.
16	(1) Permits issued under this section are subject to the requirements of §219.61 of this
17	title (relating to General Requirements for Permits for Oversize and Overweight Unladen Lift Equipment
18	Motor Vehicles).
19	(2) A single-trip mileage permit:
20	(A) is limited to a maximum of seven consecutive days;

1	(B) is routed from the point of origin to the point of destination and has the
2	route listed on the permit; and
3	(C) allows the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle to be returned to the point
4	of origin on the same permit, provided the return trip is made within the time period stated in the
5	permit.
6	(3) An unladen lift equipment motor vehicle exceeding 175,000 pounds gross weight must:
7	(A) have front and rear escort flag vehicles to prevent traffic from traveling
8	beside the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle as it crosses a bridge;
9	(B) cross all multi-lane bridges by centering the unladen lift equipment motor
10	vehicle on a lane line;
11	(C) cross all two-lane bridges in the center of the bridge; and
12	(D) cross each bridge at a speed not greater than 20 miles per hour.
13	(4) An unladen lift equipment motor vehicle exceeding 12 feet in width must be
14	centered in the outside traffic lane of any highway that has paved shoulders.
15	(5) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the permitted unladen lift equipment
16	motor vehicle must not cross a load-restricted bridge when exceeding the posted capacity of the bridge
17	(b) Maximum permit weight limits.
18	(1) The maximum permit weight for any single axle must not exceed 30,000 pounds or
19	850 pounds per inch of tire width, whichever is less.

1	(2) The maximum permit weight for any group of axles on an unladen lift equipment
2	motor vehicle is determined by calculating the "W" weight for the group, using the formulas shown in
3	Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.62(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Formulas," and comparing the calculated "W"
4	weight with the corresponding "W" weight that is established in Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.62(f), "Maximum
5	Permit Weight Table."
6	(3) The maximum permit weight per inch of tire width for axles that are steerable must
7	not exceed 950 pounds, and the maximum permit weight per inch of tire width for axles that are not
8	steerable must not exceed 850 pounds.
9	(4) An applicant with an unladen lift equipment motor vehicle that has any group of
10	axles that exceeds the limits established by Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.62(f),"Maximum Permit Weight Table,
11	and Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.62(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Formulas," must comply with the following
12	process and requirements:
13	(A) submit the following to the department to determine if a permit can be
14	issued:
15	(i) a detailed diagram, on a form prescribed by the department, which
16	illustrates the required information listed in §219.61(b)(5) of this title;
17	(ii) the exact beginning and ending points relative to a state highway;
18	and
19	(iii) the name and contact information of the applicant's TxDOT-
20	approved licensed professional engineer.

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(d) Permit fees and refunds.

1	(B) The department will select and provide the applicant with a tentative route
2	based on the size of the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle, excluding the weight. The applicant must
3	inspect the tentative route and advise the department, in writing, that the route is capable of
4	accommodating the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle.
5	(C) Before the department will issue a permit, the applicant's TxDOT-approved
6	licensed professional engineer must submit to TxDOT a written certification that includes a detailed
7	structural analysis of the bridges on the proposed route demonstrating that the bridges and culverts on
8	the travel route are capable of sustaining the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle. The certification
9	must be approved by TxDOT and submitted to the department before the department will issue the
10	permit.
11	(c) Permit application and issuance.
11 12	(c) Permit application and issuance.  (1) An application for a single-trip mileage permit under this section must be made in
12	(1) An application for a single-trip mileage permit under this section must be made in
12 13	(1) An application for a single-trip mileage permit under this section must be made in accordance with §219.61(b) of this title and must also include the origin and destination points of the
12 13 14	(1) An application for a single-trip mileage permit under this section must be made in accordance with §219.61(b) of this title and must also include the origin and destination points of the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle.
12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>(1) An application for a single-trip mileage permit under this section must be made in accordance with §219.61(b) of this title and must also include the origin and destination points of the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle.</li> <li>(2) Upon receipt of the application, the department will review and verify size and</li> </ul>
12 13 14 15 16	(1) An application for a single-trip mileage permit under this section must be made in accordance with §219.61(b) of this title and must also include the origin and destination points of the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle.  (2) Upon receipt of the application, the department will review and verify size and weight information, check the route and mileage to be traveled, compute the permit fee, and advise the

1	(1) Minimum fee. The minimum fee for a single-trip mileage permit is either the
2	calculated permit fee or \$31, whichever is the greater amount.
3	(2) Permit fee calculation. The permit fee for a single-trip mileage permit is calculated by
4	multiplying the number of miles traveled, the highway use factor, and the total rate per mile, and then
5	adding the indirect cost share to the product.
6	(A) Highway use factor. The highway use factor for a single-trip mileage permit is
7	0.6.
8	(B) Total rate per mile. The total rate per mile is the combined mileage rates for
9	width, height, and weight for the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle.
10	(i) The mileage rate for width is \$.06 per mile for each foot (or fraction
11	thereof) above legal width.
12	(ii) The mileage rate for height is \$.04 per mile for each foot (or fraction
13	thereof) above legal height.
14	(iii) The mileage rate for a single axle or any axle within a group that
15	exceeds 20,000 pounds, but is less than or equal to 25,000 pounds, is calculated by multiplying \$.045
16	times the amount by which the axle or axle group weight exceeds the legal weight for the axle or axle
17	group and dividing the resultant figure by 1,000 pounds.
18	(iv) The mileage rate for a single axle or any axle within a group that
19	exceeds 25,000 pounds, but is less than or equal to 30,000 pounds, is calculated by multiplying \$.055
20	times the amount by which the axle or axle group weight exceeds the legal weight for the axle or axle
21	group and dividing the resultant figure by 1,000 pounds.

1	(3) Refunds. Fees for permits issued under this section are non-refundable.
2	(e) Amendments. A single-trip mileage permit issued under this section may not be amended
3	unless an exception is granted by the department.
4	(f) Weight table and formulas. The following table entitled "Maximum Permit Weight Table" is
5	Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.62(f), and the list of formulas entitled "Maximum Permit Weight Formulas," is
6	Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.62(f).
7	Attached Graphic
8	Attached Graphic
9	
10	219.63. Quarterly Hubometer Permits.
11	(a) General information.
12	(1) Permits issued under this section are subject to the requirements of §219.61 of this
13	title (relating to General Requirements for Permits for Oversize and Overweight Unladen Lift Equipment
14	Motor Vehicles).
15	(2) A quarterly hubometer permit:
16	(A) is effective for three consecutive months;
17	(B) allows the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle to travel on all state-
18	maintained highways; and
19	(C) allows the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle to travel on a state-wide
20	basis.

1	(3) An unladen lift equipment motor vehicle permitted under this section must not
2	exceed any of the following dimensions:
3	(A) 12 feet in width;
4	(B) 14 feet, 6 inches in height; or
5	(C) 95 feet in length.
6	(4) With the exception of unladen lift equipment motor vehicles that are overlength
7	only, unladen lift equipment motor vehicles operated with a quarterly hubometer permit must be
8	equipped with a hubometer. The permittee must maintain the hubometer in good working condition.
9	(5) An unladen lift equipment motor vehicle exceeding 175,000 pounds gross weight
10	must:
11	(A) have front and rear escort flag vehicles to prevent traffic from traveling
12	beside the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle as it crosses a bridge;
13	(B) cross all multi-lane bridges by centering the unladen lift equipment motor
14	vehicle on a lane line;
15	(C) cross all two-lane bridges in the center of the bridge; and
16	(D) cross each bridge at a speed not greater than 20 miles per hour.
17	(6) The permitted unladen lift equipment motor vehicle must not cross a load-restricted
18	bridge when exceeding the posted capacity of the bridge.
19	(7) The permit may be amended only to change the following:
20	(A) if listed on the permit, the hubometer serial number; or

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reading and an initial \$31 processing fee.

1	(B) the license plate number.
2	(b) Maximum permit weight limits.
3	(1) The maximum permit weight for any single axle must not exceed 30,000 pounds or
4	850 pounds per inch of tire width, whichever is less.
5	(2) The maximum permit weight for any group of axles on an unladen lift equipment
6	motor vehicle will be determined by calculating the "W" weight for the group, using the formulas in
7	Figure 2: 43 TAC §219.62(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Formulas," and comparing the calculated "W"
8	weight with the corresponding "W" weight that is established in Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.62(f), "Maximum
9	Permit Weight Table."
10	(3) The maximum permit weight per inch of tire width for axles that are steerable must
11	not exceed 950 pounds, and the maximum permit weight per inch of tire width for axles that are not
12	steerable must not exceed 850 pounds.
13	(4) An unladen lift equipment motor vehicle that has any group of axles that exceeds the
14	limits established by Figure 1: 43 TAC §219.62(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Table," and Figure 2: 43 TAC
15	§219.62(f), "Maximum Permit Weight Formulas," is not eligible for a permit under this section; however,
16	it is eligible for a permit under §219.62 of this title (relating to Single-Trip Mileage Permits).
17	(c) Initial permit application and issuance.
18	(1) An application for an initial quarterly hubometer permit must be made in accordance
19	with §219.61(b) of this title. In addition, the applicant must provide the current hubometer mileage

1	(2) Upon verification of the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle information and
2	receipt of the permit fee, the department will provide a copy of the permit to the applicant, and will also
3	provide a renewal application form to the applicant.
4	(d) Permit renewals and closeouts.
5	(1) An application for a permit renewal or closeout must be made on a form and in a
6	manner prescribed by the department.
7	(2) Upon receipt of the renewal application, the department will verify the unladen lift
8	equipment motor vehicle information, check mileage traveled on the last permit, calculate the new
9	permit fee, and advise the applicant of the permit fee.
10	(e) Permit fees.
11	(1) Minimum fee. The minimum fee for a quarterly hubometer permit is either the
12	calculated permit fee or \$31, whichever is the greater amount.
13	(2) Fees for overlength unladen lift equipment motor vehicles. An unladen lift equipment
14	motor vehicle that is overlength only is not required to have a hubometer. The fee for this permit is \$31.
15	(3) Quarterly hubometer permit fee calculation. The permit fee for a quarterly
16	hubometer permit is calculated by multiplying the hubometer mileage, the highway use factor, and the
17	total rate per mile, and then adding the indirect cost share to the product.
18	(A) Hubometer mileage. Mileage for a quarterly hubometer permit is
19	determined by the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle's current hubometer mileage reading minus the
20	unladen lift equipment motor vehicle's hubometer mileage reading from the previous quarterly
21	hubometer permit.

1	(B) Highway use factor. The highway use factor for a quarterly hubometer permit
2	is 0.3.
3	(C) Total rate per mile. The total rate per mile is the combined mileage rates for
4	width, height, and weight for the unladen lift equipment motor vehicle.
5	(i) The mileage rate for width is \$.06 per mile for each foot (or fraction
6	thereof) above legal width.
7	(ii) The mileage rate for height is \$.04 per mile for each foot (or fraction
8	thereof) above legal height.
9	(iii) The mileage rate for a single axle or any axle within a group that
10	exceeds 20,000 pounds, but is less than or equal to 25,000 pounds, is calculated by multiplying \$.045
11	times the amount by which the axle or axle group weight exceeds the legal weight for the axle or axle
12	group and dividing the resultant figure by 1,000 pounds.
13	(iv) The mileage rate for a single axle or any axle within a group that
14	exceeds 25,000 pounds, but is less than or equal to 30,000 pounds, is calculated by multiplying \$.055
15	times the amount by which the axle or axle group weight exceeds the legal weight for the axle or axle
16	group and dividing the resultant figure by 1,000 pounds.
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18	219.64. Annual Permits.
19	(a) General information. Permits issued under this section are subject to the requirements of
20	§219.61 of this title (relating to General Requirements for Permits for Oversize and Overweight Unladen
21	Lift Equipment Motor Vehicles).

1	(1) An unladen lift equipment motor vehicle permitted under this section must not
2	exceed:
3	(A) the weight limits established in §219.11(d)(1), (2), and (3) of this title
4	(relating to General Oversize/Overweight Permit Requirements and Procedures);
5	(B) a gross weight of 120,000 pounds;
6	(C) legal length and height limits as specified in Transportation Code, Chapter
7	621, Subchapter C; and
8	(D) 10 feet in width.
9	(2) A permit issued under this section may not be amended.
10	(3) An unladen lift equipment motor vehicle permitted under this section must not cross
11	a load-restricted bridge or a load-restricted road when exceeding the posted capacity of such.
12	(b) Permit application and issuance.
13	(1) Initial permit application. An application for an annual permit under this section must
14	be made in accordance with §219.61(b) of this title.
15	(2) Permit issuance. Upon receipt of the application and the appropriate permit fee, the
16	department will verify the application information and provide the permit to the applicant.
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18	SUBCHAPTER F. COMPLIANCE
19	43 TAC §§219.81, 219.84 and 219.86
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TITLE 43. TRANSPORTATION

Part 10. Texas Department of Motor Vehicles

Chapter 219 – Oversize and Overweight Vehicles and Loads

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<b>STATUTORY AUTHORITY.</b> The department adopts the amendment under Transportation Code, §621.008,
which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation
Code, Chapter 621; Transportation Code, §622.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are
necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 622; Transportation Code, §623.002,
which authorizes the board to adopt rules as necessary to implement Transportation Code, Chapter 623;
Transportation Code, §1002.001, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary and
appropriate to implement the powers and the duties of the department; Government Code, §2001.004,
which requires state agencies to adopt rules of practice stating the nature and requirements of all
available formal and informal procedures; and the statutory authority referenced throughout the
preamble and in the rule text, which is incorporated herein by reference.

**CROSS REFERENCE TO STATUTE.** The adopted amendment implements Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 622, 623, and 1002; and Government Code, Chapter 2001.

14 Text.

§219.81. Applicability.

(a) A person operating or loading a vehicle for which a permit under this chapter is required shall comply with all applicable terms, conditions, and requirements of the permit, and with this chapter and Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 622, or 623 as applicable.

(b) A person loading a vehicle or operating on a public road or highway a vehicle for which a permit under this chapter is not required shall comply with the weight and size provisions of Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 622, or 623.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY. The department adopts the repeals under Transportation Code, §621.008, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 621; Transportation Code, §622.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 622; Transportation Code, §623.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules as necessary to implement Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §1002.001, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary and appropriate to implement the powers and the duties of the department; and the statutory authority referenced throughout the preamble and in the rule text, which is incorporated herein by reference.

CROSS REFERENCE TO STATUTE. The adopted repeals implement Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 622, 623 and 1002.

Text.

13 [§219.84. Compliance with Remote Permit System.]

[A person who by contract is authorized by the department to access the electronic filing applications system shall comply with all of the requirements of the contract and any conditions placed on the permits.]

[§219.86. Permit Compliance.]

[A permit issued under this chapter becomes invalid immediately on the violation of a rule or a condition or requirement placed on the permit. Movement over a highway or public road of the vehicle for which the permit was issued after the permit becomes invalid under this section is a violation of this

1 chapter and subject to enforcement action under this chapter and Transportation Code, Chapter 621,

2 <del>622, or 623.</del>]

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## **SUBCHAPTER G. RECORDS AND INSPECTIONS**

5 43 TAC §219.102

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**STATUTORY AUTHORITY.** The department adopts the amendments under Transportation Code, §621.008, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 621; Transportation Code, §622.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 622; Transportation Code, §623.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules as necessary to implement Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §1002.001, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary and appropriate to implement the powers and the duties of the department; Government Code, §2001.004, which requires state agencies to adopt rules of practice stating the nature and requirements of all available formal and informal procedures; and the statutory authority referenced throughout the preamble and in the rule text, which is incorporated herein by reference.

17 18 **CROSS REFERENCE TO STATUTE.** The amendments implement Transportation Code, Chapters 621, 622,

and 623; and Government Code, Chapter 2001.

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Text.

21 §219.102. Records.

(a) General records to be maintained. Each person who is subject to this chapter shall maintain the following records if information in such a record is necessary to verify the person's operation:

1	(1) operational logs, insurance certificates, and documents to verify the person's
2	operations;
3	(2) complete and accurate records of services performed; and
4	(3) all certificate of title documents, shipper's certificate of weight, including
5	information used to support the shipper's certificate of weight, weight tickets, permits for oversize or
6	overweight vehicles and loads, dispatch records, load tickets, waybill or any other document that verify
7	the operations of the vehicle to determine the actual weight, insurance coverage, size or capacity of the
8	vehicle, and the size or weight of the commodity being transported.
9	(b) Evidence of permits.
10	(1) Except as stated otherwise in §219.13(e)(4)(B)(ii) of this title (relating to Time
11	Permits), the original permit, a print copy of the permit, or an electronic copy of the permit must be
12	kept in the permitted vehicle until the permit terminates or expires.
13	(2) Except as stated otherwise in §219.13(e)(4)(B)(ii), an operator of a vehicle operating
14	under a permit issued under Transportation Code, Subtitle E, shall, on request, provide the original
15	permit, a print copy of the permit, or an electronic copy of the permit to a department inspector or to a
16	peace officer, as defined by Code of Criminal Procedure, Article 2.12.
17	(A) If the department provides a permit electronically, the vehicle operator may
18	provide a legible and accurate image of the permit displayed on a wireless communication device.
19	(B) The authorization of the use of a wireless communication device to display
20	permit information under this paragraph does not prevent the State Office of Administrative Hearings or

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- 1 a court of competent jurisdiction from requiring a person to provide a paper copy of the person's 2 evidence of permit in a hearing or trial or in connection with discovery proceedings.
  - (c) Preservation and destruction of records. Records required under this section shall be maintained for not less than two years, except that drivers' time cards and logs shall be maintained for not less than six months.

## SUBCHAPTER H. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES AND SANCTIONS

## 8 43 TAC §219.123

STATUTORY AUTHORITY. The department adopts the repeal under Transportation Code, §621.008, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 621; Transportation Code, §622.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary to implement and enforce Transportation Code, Chapter 622; Transportation Code, §623.002, which authorizes the board to adopt rules as necessary to implement Transportation Code, Chapter 623; Transportation Code, §623.271, which requires the payment of an administrative penalty under §623.271 before the department may issue a permit under Transportation Code, Chapter 623 to a person who has been ordered to pay the administrative penalty and for the vehicle that is the subject of the enforcement order; Transportation Code, §1002.001, which authorizes the board to adopt rules that are necessary and appropriate to implement the powers and the duties of the department; Government Code, §2001.004, which requires state agencies to adopt rules of practice stating the nature and requirements of all available formal and informal procedures; Government Code, §2001.054, which specifies the requirements regarding the grant, denial, renewal, revocation, suspension, annulment, or withdrawal of a

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1	license; and the statutory authority referenced throughout the preamble and in the rule text, which is
2	incorporated herein by reference.
3	CROSS REFERENCE TO STATUTE. The adopted repeal implements Transportation Code, Chapters 621,
4	622, and 623; and Government Code, Chapter 2001.
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6	Text.
7	[§219.123. Implications for Nonpayment of Penalties; Grounds for Action.]
8	[The department may not issue an oversize or overweight permit to the person who has not
9	paid an administrative penalty that is due or for the vehicle that is the subject of the enforcement order
10	until the amount of the delinquent administrative penalty has been paid to the department.]
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