

Customer Service and Protection Advisory Committee

1:00 P.M. Tuesday, September 19, 2023

Contents

These proposed rules are the product of the department's review of 43 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapters 206, 215 and 221. The current text of those chapters is available here.

The following denotes <u>new language</u>, [repealed or amended language], and highlights indicate we are seeking feedback from a variety of sources.

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AGENDA

CUSTOMER SERVICE AND PROTECTION ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEETING

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES

4000 JACKSON AVE., BUILDING 1, LONE STAR CONFERENCE ROOM

AUSTIN, TEXAS 78731

OPEN MEETING VIA

TELECONFERENCE CALL
PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE §551.125

Tuesday, September 19, 2023 1:00 P.M.

THIS MEETING WILL BE HELD REMOTELY VIA TELECONFERENCE CALL

The physical location of the meeting will be the Lone Star Conference Room of Building 1, 4000 Jackson Avenue, Austin, Texas 78731, where the teleconference call will be audible to the public.

Teleconference Instructions:

Attendee Join Link:

https://texasdmv.webex.com/texasdmv/j.php?MTID=m0a815894f42198d08c2fcbc37a7f163e

Webinar number: 2632 846 9522 Webinar password: CSPAC (27722 from phones and video systems)

Phone number for accessing the meeting via phone:

United States Toll Free: 1-650-479-3208 United States Toll

Access code: 263 284 69522

Link to September 19, 2023, TxDMV Customer Service and Protection Committee Meeting Documents: https://www.txdmv.gov/about-us/txdmv-board-meetings

All agenda items are subject to possible discussion, questions, consideration, and action by the Customer Service and Protection Advisory Committee of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles (Advisory Committee). Agenda item numbers are assigned for ease of reference only and do not necessarily reflect the order of consideration by the Advisory Committee. A quorum of the Board of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles (board) may be present at this meeting for information-gathering purposes and discussion. However, board members will not vote on any Advisory Committee agenda items, nor will any board action be taken.

Customer Service and Protection Advisory Committee Texas Department of Motor Vehicles Agenda: September 19, 2023

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1. CALL TO ORDER

A. Roll Call and Establishment of Quorum

2. DISCUSSION, BRIEFING, AND ACTION ITEMS

- A. Consider Amendments to 43 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapters 206, Management; 215, Motor Vehicle Distribution; 221, Salvage Vehicle Dealers; and New 43 TAC Chapter 224, Adjudicative Practice and Procedure Katie Drummond and Corrie Thompson (BRIEFING AND DISCUSSION ONLY)
- B. Recommendations of Advisory Committee on Amendments to 43 TAC Chapters 206, Management; 215, Motor Vehicle Distribution; 221, Salvage Vehicle Dealers; and New 43 TAC Chapter 224, Adjudicative Practice and Procedure; for Presentation to the Board - Presiding Officer (DISCUSSION AND ACTION ITEM)

3. PUBLIC COMMENT

4. ADJOURNMENT

The Advisory Committee will allow an open comment period to receive public comment on any agenda item or other matter that is under the jurisdiction of the Advisory Committee. No action will be taken on matters that are not otherwise part of the agenda for the meeting. For subjects that are not otherwise part of the agenda for the meeting, Advisory Committee members may respond in accordance with Government Code Section 551.042 and consider referring the matter to the board.

If you want to comment on any agenda item (including an open comment under the agenda Item for Public Comment), you must complete a speaker's form at the registration table prior to the agenda item being taken up by the Advisory Committee or send an email to GCO_General@txdmv.gov to register by providing the required information prior to the agenda item being taken up by the Advisory Committee:

- 1. a completed <u>Public Comment Registration Form</u>; or
- 2. the following information:
 - a. the agenda item you wish to comment on;
 - b. your name;
 - c. your address (optional), including your city, state, and zip code; and
 - d. who you are representing.

Public comment will only be accepted in person. You must wait for the presiding officer to call on you before you verbally make your comment. Each speaker will be limited to

Customer Service and Protection Advisory Committee Texas Department of Motor Vehicles Agenda: September 19, 2023

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three minutes, and time allotted to one speaker may not be reassigned to another speaker.

Agenda items may be presented by the named presenters or other Advisory Committee members.

Any individual with a disability who plans to attend this meeting and requires auxiliary aids or services should notify the department as far in advance as possible, but no less than two days in advance, so that appropriate arrangements can be made. Contact Carrie Fortner by telephone at (512) 465-3044.

I certify that I have reviewed this document and that it conforms to all applicable Texas Register filing requirements.

CERTIFYING OFFICIAL: Laura Moriaty, General Counsel, (512) 465-5665.

1 TEXT. 2 SUBCHAPTER A. ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES 3 206.1. Delegation. 4 The Board of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles (board) may, consistent with applicable 5 law, delegate any agency function to the executive director. The executive director may [further] 6 delegate duties pursuant to Transportation Code §1001.0411 [such functions to one or more employees 7 of the department]. 8 9 206.2. Texas Department of Motor Vehicles. 10 (a) Executive director. 11 (1) To assist in discharging the duties and responsibilities of the executive director, the 12 executive director may organize, appoint, and retain administrative staff. 13 (2) The executive director shall: 14 (A) serve the board in an advisory capacity, without vote; 15 (B) submit to the board quarterly, annually, and biennially, detailed reports of the progress of the divisions and a detailed statement of expenditures; 16 17 (C) hire, promote, assign, reassign, transfer, and, consistent with applicable law 18 and policy, terminate staff necessary to accomplish the roles and missions of the department; 19 (D) hire and oversee a general counsel to advise the department; and 20 (E) perform other responsibilities as required by law or assigned by the board. 21 (3) The executive director may, consistent with applicable law, delegate one or more of 22 the functions listed under paragraph (2)(A), (B), (C), and (E)[-(D)] of this subsection to the staff of the 23 department.

1	(b) Department staff. The staff of the department, under the direction of the executive director,
2	is responsible for:
3	(1) implementing the policies and programs of the board by:
4	(A) formulating and applying operating procedures; and
5	(B) prescribing such other operating policies and procedures as may be
6	consistent with and in furtherance of the roles and missions of the department;
7	(2) providing the chair and board members administrative support necessary to perform
8	their respective duties and responsibilities;
9	(3) preparing an agenda under the direction of the chair and providing notice of board
10	meetings and hearings as required by the Texas Open Meetings Act, Government Code, Chapter 551;
11	and
12	(4) performing all other duties as prescribed by law or as assigned by the board.
13	(c) Divisions. The executive director shall organize the department into divisions reflecting the
14	various functions and duties assigned to the department.
15	

TEXT.

SUBCHAPTER B. PUBLIC MEETINGS AND HEARINGS

206.22. Public Access to Board Meetings.

- (a) Posted agenda items. A person may speak before the board on any matter on a posted agenda by submitting a request, in a form and manner as prescribed by the department, prior to the matter being taken up by the board. A person speaking before the board on an agenda item will be allowed an opportunity to speak:
 - (1) prior to a vote by the board on the item; and
- (2) for a maximum of three minutes, except as provided in subsections (d)(6), (e), and (f) of this section.
 - (b) Open comment period.
- (1) At the conclusion of the posted agenda of each regular business meeting, the board shall allow an open comment period [, not to exceed one hour,] to receive public comment on any other matter that is under the jurisdiction of the board.
- (2) A person desiring to appear under this subsection shall complete a registration form, as provided by the department, prior to the beginning of the open comment period.
- (3) Except as provided in subsections (d)(6) and (e) of this section, each person shall be allowed to speak for a maximum of three minutes for each presentation in the order in which the speaker is registered.
- (c) Disability accommodation. Persons with disabilities, who have special communication or accommodation needs and who plan to attend a meeting, may contact the department in Austin to request auxiliary aids or services. Requests shall be made at least two days before a meeting. The department shall make every reasonable effort to accommodate these needs.

1 (d) Conduct and decorum. The board shall receive public input as authorized by this section, 2 subject to the following guidelines. 3 (1) Questioning of those making presentations shall be reserved to board members and 4 the department's administrative staff. 5 (2) Organizations, associations, or groups are encouraged to present their commonly 6 held views, and same or similar comments, through a representative member where possible. 7 (3) Presentations shall remain pertinent to the issue being discussed. 8 (4) A person who disrupts a meeting shall leave the meeting room and the premises if 9 ordered to do so by the chair. 10 (5) Time allotted to one speaker may not be reassigned to another speaker. (6) The time allotted for presentations or comments under this section may be 11 12 increased or decreased by the chair, or in the chair's absence, the vice chair, as may be appropriate to 13 assure opportunity for the maximum number of persons to appear. 14 (e) Waiver. Subject to the approval of the chair, a requirement of this section may be waived in 15 the public interest if necessary for the performance of the responsibilities of the board or the 16 department.

1 TEXT. 2 [SUBCHAPTER D. PROCEDURES IN CONTESTED CASES] 3 [206.61. Scope and Purpose. 4 This subchapter describes the procedures to be followed in contested cases arising under Government Code, Chapter 2001. Contested cases shall be governed by the procedural rules of the State Office of 5 6 Administrative Hearings.] 7 8 [206.62. Definitions. 9 The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. 10 11 (1) Administrative Law Judge A person appointed by the State Office of Administrative 12 Hearings to conduct a hearing on matters within the department's jurisdiction. 13 (2) Claim--A claim made pursuant to Occupations Code, Chapter 2302, Salvage Vehicle Dealers: Transportation Code, §681.012, Seizure and Revocation of Placard: Transportation Code, 14 15 Chapter 643, Motor Carrier and Leasing Company Registration; and Transportation Code, Chapter 645, Single State Registration for Motor Carriers. 16 17 (3) Department--The Texas Department of Motor Vehicles. 18 (4) Executive director--The chief administrative officer of the department or, if permitted 19 by law, the director's designee. 20 (5) Party—The department or a person named or permitted to participate in a contested 21 case.

1	(6) PetitionThe document that initiates a contested case.
2	(7) Petitioner∧ party who files a petition.
3	
4	[206.63. Filing of Petition.
5	An individual, representative, partnership, corporation, association, governmental subdivision, or public
6	or private organization, the department, or any other entity may seek to initiate a contested case by
7	filing an original, and one copy of a petition, with the executive director at the department's
8	headquarters building in Austin.]
9	
10	[206.64. Content of Petition.
11	(a) A petition must include:
12	(1) the name of the petitioner;
13	(2) the names of all other known persons with an interest in the outcome of the
14	contested case;
15	(3) a concise statement of the facts on which the petitioner relies, including as an
16	attachment, if applicable, the document issued by the department that notified the petitioner of the
17	decision or action challenged by the petitioner;
18	(4) a statement of the relief demanded by the petitioner;
19	(5) any other matter required by statute;
20	(6) the signature of the petitioner or the petitioner's authorized representative; and

1	(7) a department reference number, if applicable.
2	(b) No document including a settlement offer by a party may be enclosed with the petition, and the
3	petition may not refer to the substance of a settlement offer][206.65. Examination by Executive Director
4	(a) The executive director will examine a petition and make a preliminary determination whether the
5	petition states a claim that entitles the petitioner to initiate a contested case and whether the petition
6	meets the procedural requirements of §206.63 and §206.64 of this subchapter (relating to Filing of
7	Petition and Content of Petition) and of Government Code, Chapter 2001.
8	(b) If the executive director finds that the petition does not meet all legal requirements, the executive
9	director will return the petition to the petitioner along with a statement of the reasons for rejecting it.
10	The petitioner will be given at least 10 days in which to file a corrected petition.
11	(c) If a corrected petition is rejected under this section, the executive director will return the corrected
12	petition to the petitioner along with a statement of the reasons for rejecting it. The petitioner will not be
13	given an opportunity to file another corrected petition.
14	(d) The executive director's preliminary determination of a petition's legal sufficiency is without
15	prejudice to the department's right to assert, in litigation, that a contested case should be dismissed for
16	any reason][206.66. Initiation of Contested Cases, Service of Notice of Hearing, Standard of Review, and
17	Burden of Proof.
18	(a) Initiation.
19	(1) If the executive director finds that a petition meets all legal requirements, the
20	department will initiate a contested case in accordance with the rules of the State Office of
21	Administrative Hearings.

1	(2) The department may initiate a contested case on its own initiative in accordance with
2	the rules of the State Office of Administrative Hearings.
3	(b) Service of notice of hearing. Service of the notice of hearing shall be accomplished by
4	certified or registered mail to the party's last known address as shown in the department's records. A
5	notice of a hearing in a contested case is sufficient for purposes of notice if it includes a copy of the
6	petition, prepared in accordance with §206.64 of this subchapter (relating to Content of Petition), and
7	the following information, unless it is included in the petition:
8	(1) a statement of the time, place, and nature of the hearing;
9	(2) a statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to be
10	held; and
11	(3) reference to the particular sections of the statutes and rules involved.
12	(c) Standard of review for department's decision or action.
13	(1) The standard of review is whether the department was reasonable for claims made
14	pursuant to Transportation Code, §681.012, Seizure and Revocation of Placard, and other claims not
15	specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection.
16	(2) The standard of review is whether the department's decision or action was based on
17	fraud, misconduct, or such gross mistake as would imply bad faith or failure to exercise an honest
18	judgment for:
19	(A) claims related to Occupations Code, Chapter 2302, Salvage Vehicle Dealers;
20	(B) claims related to motor carrier and leasing company registration,
21	Transportation Code, Chapter 643; and

1 (C) claims related to single state registration for motor carriers, Transportation 2 Code, Chapter 645. 3 (d) Burden of proof. A party seeking monetary damages or penalties shall bear the burden of 4 proof. In all other instances, the party challenging a department decision or action shall bear the burden 5 of proof. 6 7 [206.67. Discovery. 8 (a) Commissions to take depositions. At the written request of a party, the executive director will 9 issue a written commission directed to officers, authorized by statute, to take a deposition of a witness. 10 (b) Subpoenas for the production of documents. At the verified written request of a party, the executive director will issue a subpoena for the production of documents. The written request must 11 identify the documents with as much detail as possible and must include a statement of their relevance 12 13 to the issues in the case. 14 (c) Subpoenas for attendance at hearings. At the written request of a party, the executive 15 director will issue a subpoena for the attendance of a witness at a hearing in a contested case. The 16 subpoena may be directed to any person within the department's jurisdiction, without regard to the distance between the location of the witness and the location of the hearing. 17 18 (d) Limits on discovery. A commission or subpoena will only be issued on a showing of good cause and 19 receipt of a deposit sufficient to ensure payment of expenses and fees related to the subpoena, including 20 statutory witness fees. A commission or subpoena will not be issued if it appears that it is sought for the 21 purpose of harassment or if it would unduly inconvenience the person to whom it is directed. Issuance

of a commission or subpoena will be subject to the provisions of Government Code, Chapter 2001, and 1 2 the rules of the State Office of Administrative Hearings.] 3 4 [206.88. Evidence. The admissibility of evidence in a contested case shall be governed by Government Code, Chapter 2001, 5 6 and by the rules of the State Office of Administrative Hearings, except that a settlement offer shall not be 7 admissible for any purpose 8 9 [206.69. Withdrawal or Amendment of Proposal for Decision. 10 The administrative law judge may withdraw or amend a proposal for decision at any time before 11 a final order is issued. 12 13 [206.70. Filing of Exceptions and Replies. 14 (a) A party may file exceptions to an administrative law judge's proposal for decision or an amended proposal for decision no more than 20 days after service of the proposal for decision. A reply 15 16 to exceptions must be filed no more than 15 days after the filing of the exceptions. 17 (b) Exceptions and replies to exceptions must be filed with the executive director at the department's headquarters building in Austin. A copy must be filed simultaneously with the 18 19 administrative law judge.

1	(c) A request for an extension of time in which to file exceptions or a reply must be filed with the
2	executive director no later than three days before the date sought to be extended. The request must be
3	served on all parties by facsimile or hand delivery on the date on which it is filed, or if that is not
4	feasible, by overnight delivery service. A request for an extension of time will be granted only in
5	extraordinary circumstances when it is necessary in the interest of justice.]
6	
7	[206.71. Forms of Exceptions and Replies.
8	Exceptions and replies must conform to the following standards.
9	(1) Exceptions and replies must be typewritten or printed on paper 8-1/2 inches wide by
10	11 inches long with an inside margin at least one inch wide. Reproductions are acceptable if all copies
11	are legible.
12	(2) Exceptions and replies must contain:
13	(A) the names of all parties;
14	(B) a concise statement of the facts and law on which the submitting party
15	relies;
16	(C) a statement of the relief desired;
17	(D) a certificate of service;
18	(E) the signature of the submitting party or the submitting party's authorized
19	representative; and
20	(F) any other matter required by statute.

(3) Each specific exception must be separately numbered, separately set forth, and 1 concisely stated, and it must incorporate all facts and law relating to that specific exception][206.72. 2 3 Motions for Rehearing. 4 (a) A party may file a motion for rehearing no more than 20 days after service of the final order. A reply to a motion for rehearing must be filed no more than 15 days after the filing of the motion. 5 6 (b) A request for an extension of time in which to file a motion for rehearing will not be granted. 7 (c) A motion for rehearing must conform to the standards for exceptions and replies set forth in 8 §206.71 of this subchapter (relating to Form of Exceptions and Replies).] 9 [206.73. Extension of Time for Final Order. 10 11 When the administrative law judge determines that a final order cannot reasonably be issued 12 within 60 days after the date on which the hearing is finally closed, the administrative law judge shall 13 announce, at the conclusion of the hearing, that the time for a final order will be extended. The proposal

for decision shall include a reference to the announced extension. The extension shall be for a period

extending at least 45 days after the issuance of the proposal for decision to ensure enough time for the

filing of exceptions and replies. A longer extension shall be granted in matters of unusual complexity]

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1 TEXT. 2 SUBCHAPTER D[E]. ADVISORY COMMITTEES 3 206.92. Definitions. 4 The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following 5 meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. 6 (1) Advisory committee--Any committee created by the board to make 7 recommendations to the board or to the executive director pursuant to Transportation Code, §1001.031 8 and §643.155. 9 (2) Board--The board of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles. 10 (3) Department--The Texas Department of Motor Vehicles. (4) Division director--The chief administrative officer in charge of a division of the 11 department. 12 (5) Executive director--The chief executive officer of the Texas Department of Motor 13 14 Vehicles. 15 (6) Member--An appointed member of an advisory committee created under this 16 subchapter. 17 (7) Presiding officer--The presiding officer of an advisory committee elected by the 18 membership of the advisory committee created under this subchapter. 19 20 206.93. Advisory Committee Operations and Procedures. 21 (a) Role of advisory committee. The role of an advisory committee under this subchapter is to 22 provide advice and recommendations to the board and executive director. Advisory committees shall

TITLE 43. TRANSPORTATION
Part 10. Texas Department of Motor Vehicles
Chapter 206 - Management

meet and carry out their functions upon a request from the department or board for advice and
 recommendations on any issues. [an issue(s)]

- (b) Appointment of advisory committee. The board shall appoint members to an advisory committee by selecting potential members from a list provided to the board by the executive director. Each advisory committee shall elect from its members a presiding officer, who shall report the advisory committee's recommendations to the board or the executive director. The board shall appoint representatives of the department to serve as members of the Household Goods Rules Advisory Committee pursuant to Transportation Code §643.155. The executive director may designate a division or divisions of the department to participate with, or to provide subject-matter expertise, guidance, or administrative support to the advisory committee as necessary.
- (c) Member qualifications. Members shall have knowledge about and interests in, and represent a broad range of viewpoints about, the work of the committee or applicable division(s). The board shall appoint representatives of the department to serve as members of the Household Goods Rules Advisory Committee pursuant to Transportation Code §643.155. Board members shall not serve as advisory committee members.
- (d) Composition of advisory committees. In making appointments to the advisory committees, the board shall, to the extent practical, ensure representation of members from diverse geographical regions of the state. [who have an interest in or expertise in the subject area of the particular advisory committee.]
- (e) Committee size and quorum requirements. An advisory committee shall be composed of a reasonable number of members not to exceed 24 as determined by the board. A simple majority of advisory committee members will constitute a quorum. An advisory committee may only deliberate on issues within the jurisdiction of the department or any public business when a quorum is present.

(f) Terms of service. Advisory committee members will serve terms of four years. A member will serve on the committee until the member resigns, is dismissed or replaced by the board, or the member's term expires.

- (g) Member training requirements. Each member of an advisory committee must receive training regarding the Open Meetings Act, Government Code, Chapter 551; and the Public Information Act, Government Code, Chapter 552.
- (h) Compliance with Open Meetings Act. The advisory committee shall comply with the Open Meetings Act, Government Code, Chapter 551.
- (i) Public input and participation. The advisory committee shall accept public comments made in-person at advisory committee meetings or submitted in writing. Public comments made in writing should be submitted to the advisory committee five business days in advance of the advisory committee meeting with sufficient copies for all members.
- (j) Reporting recommendations. Recommendations of the advisory committee shall be reported to the board at a board meeting prior to board action on issues related to the recommendations. The recommendations shall be in writing and include any necessary supporting materials. The presiding officer of the advisory committee or the presiding officer's designee may appear before the board to present the committee's advice and recommendations. This subsection does not limit the ability of the advisory committee to provide advice and recommendations to the executive director as necessary.
- (k) Board use of advisory committee recommendations. In developing department policies, the board shall consider the written recommendations and reports submitted by advisory committees.
- (I) Reimbursement. The department, if authorized by law and the executive director, reimburse advisory committee members for reasonable and necessary travel expenses.

1 (m) Expiration dates for advisory committees. Unless a different expiration date is established

2 by the board for the advisory committee, each advisory committee is abolished on the fourth

3 anniversary of its creation by the board.

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1 TEXT.

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department.

2 SUBCHAPTER <u>E [</u>F]. DEPARTMENT VEHICLE FLEET MANAGEMENT 3 206.111. Restrictions on Assignment of Vehicles. 4 (a) Definitions. The following words and terms, when used in this section, shall have the 5 following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. 6 (1) Department--The Texas Department of Motor Vehicles. 7 (2) Division director--The chief administrative officer in charge of a division of the 8 department. 9 (3) Executive Director--The executive director of the Texas Department of Motor 10 Vehicles or the executive director's designee not below the level of division director. 11 (b) Motor pool. Each department vehicle, with the exception of a vehicle assigned to a field 12 employee, shall be assigned to the department's motor pool and be available for checkout. (c) Regular vehicle assignment. The department may assign a vehicle to an individual 13 14 administrative or executive employee on a regular or everyday basis only if the executive director makes 15 a written documented finding that the assignment is critical to the needs and mission of the

TEXT.

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2 SUBCHAPTER F[G]. DIGITAL CERTIFICATES [ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES] 3 206.131. Digital Certificates. 4 (a) General. This section prescribes the requirements that govern the issuance, use, and 5 revocation of digital certificates issued by the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles (department) for 6 electronic commerce in eligible department programs. The provisions of 1 TAC Chapter 203, Subchapter 7 B govern this section in the event of a conflict between that subchapter and a provision of this section. 8 (b) Definitions. The following words and terms, when used in this section, shall have the 9 following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. 10 (1) Business entity--An entity recognized by law through which business is conducted 11 with the department, including a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, corporation, 12 joint venture, educational institution, governmental agency, or non-profit organization. 13 (2) Certificate holder--An individual to whom a digital certificate is issued. 14 (3) Digital certificate--A certificate, as defined by 1 TAC §203.1, issued by the 15 department for purposes of electronic commerce. 16 (4) Digital signature--Has the same meaning assigned by 1 TAC §203.1. 17 (5) Division director--The chief administrative officer of a division of the department. 18 (c) Program authorization. A division director may authorize the use of digital signatures for a particular program based on whether the applicable industries or organizations are using such 19 20 technology, the frequency of document submission, and the appropriateness for the program. The 21 solicitation documentation for eligible programs will include the information that digital signatures may 22 be used.

(d) Application and issuance of digital certificate.

1	(1) A request for a digital certificate shall be in writing and shall be signed by the
2	individual authorized by the business entity to request a digital certificate.
3	(2) The department may request information necessary to verify the identity of the
4	individual requestor or the identity of the individual to whom the certificate is to be issued. To verify
5	identity under this paragraph a person shall present:
6	(A) an unexpired Texas driver's license or unexpired identification certificate
7	with a photograph;
8	(B) an unexpired concealed handgun license or license to carry a handgun issued
9	by the Texas Department of Public Safety under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H;
10	(C) an unexpired United States passport;
11	(D) a United States citizenship (naturalization) certificate with identifiable
12	photograph;
13	(E) an unexpired United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services
14	document that:
15	(i) was issued for a period of at least one year;
16	(ii) is valid for not less than six months from the date it is presented to
17	the department with a completed application; and
18	(iii) contains verifiable data and an identifiable photograph;
19	(F) an unexpired United States military identification card for active duty,
20	reserve, or retired personnel with an identifiable photograph; or
21	(G) a foreign passport with a valid or expired visa issued by the United States
22	Department of State with an unexpired United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services
23	Form I-94:

1	(i) that was issued for a period of at least one year, is marked valid for a
2	fixed duration, and is valid for not less than six months from the date it is presented to the department
3	with a completed application; or
4	(ii) that is marked valid for the duration of the person's stay and is
5	accompanied by appropriate documentation.
6	(3) The department may take actions necessary to confirm that the individual who
7	signed the request is authorized to act on behalf of the business entity, including requiring the individual
8	requestor or the person authorizing the request to personally appear at the department location
9	responsible for the issuing of the certificate.
10	(4) The department shall issue a digital certificate only to an individual. Information
11	identifying the business entity that authorized the issuance of the certificate may be embedded in the
12	digital certificate.
13	(e) Refusal to issue a digital certificate. The department shall not issue a digital certificate if the
14	identity of the individual to whom the certificate is to be issued, or the identity of the individual
15	requesting the certificate on behalf of a business entity, cannot be established. The department will not
16	issue a digital certificate if the business entity on whose behalf the request is allegedly being made does
17	not authorize its issuance.
18	(f) Responsibilities of certificate holder. A certificate holder shall:
19	(1) maintain the security of the digital certificate;
20	(2) use the certificate solely for the purpose for which it was issued; and
21	(3) renew the certificate in a timely manner, if continued use is intended.
22	(g) Responsibilities of business entity. A business entity is responsible for:
23	(1) determining what individual may request a certificate for the business entity;

1 (2) determining to what individual a certificate is to be issued; and 2 (3) requesting within a reasonable time the revocation of the business entity's 3 certificate if the security of the certificate has been compromised or if the business entity is changing its 4 certificate holder. 5 (h) Revocation of certificate. The department shall revoke a digital certificate: 6 (1) upon receipt of a written request for revocation of the business entity's certificate, 7 signed by an individual authorized to act on behalf of the business entity for which it was issued; 8 (2) for suspension or debarment of the individual or business entity; or 9 (3) if the department has reason to believe that continued use of the digital certificate 10 would present a security risk. (i) Use of digital certificate. 11 12 (1) A digital signature issued by the department shall only be used for the purpose of 13 digitally signing electronic documents filed with the department. A digital signature is binding on the 14 individual to whom the certificate was issued and the represented business entity, as if the document 15 were signed manually. 16 (2) The department may use the digital certificate to identify the certificate holder when 17 granting or verifying access to secure computer systems used for electronic commerce. 18 (j) Forms. The department may prescribe forms to request, modify, or revoke a digital 19 certificate.

1	TEXT.
2	SUBCHAPTER <u>G</u> [$oldsymbol{+}$]. RISK-BASED MONITORING AND PREVENTING FRAUDULENT ACTIVITY
3	§206.151. Internal Risk-Based Monitoring.
4	(a) All users of the Registration and Titling System (RTS) employed by the Texas Department
5	of Motor Vehicles (department) are subject to RTS compliance reviews conducted by the department.
6	(b) The frequency and prioritization of RTS compliance reviews will be determined by:
7	(1) Volume of RTS transactions;
8	(2) Types of RTS transactions conducted by the RTS user; and
9	(3) Complaints alleging non-compliance with department policies and procedures.
10	[The department shall establish a risk based system of monitoring and preventing fraudulent
11	activity related to vehicle registration and titling in order to efficiently allocate resources and personnel,
12	including:]
13	[(1) establishing a risk-based system of monitoring the department's regional service
14	centers;]
15	[(2) developing criteria to determine varying risk levels for the department's internal
16	fraud monitoring functions to strategically allocate resources and personnel;]
17	[(3) reviewing the department's methods for collecting and evaluating related
18	information; and]
19	[(4) developing and providing training to department staff.]

TEXT.

1 2 **SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS** 3 215.1 Purpose and Scope 4 Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 and Transportation Code, Chapters 503 and 1001[1000] - 1005 require 5 the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles to license and regulate the motor vehicle industry dealers, 6 manufacturers, distributors, converters, representatives, vehicle lessors and vehicle lease facilitators, in 7 order to ensure a sound system of distributing and selling motor vehicles; provide for compliance with 8 manufacturers' warranties; and to prevent fraud, unfair practices, discrimination, impositions, and other 9 abuses of the people of this state in connection with the distribution and sale of motor vehicles. This 10 chapter describes licensing requirements and the rules governing the operation of [prescribes the 11 policies and procedures for the regulation of the motor vehicle industry] license holders under 12 Occupations Code Chapter 2301 and Transportation Code Chapter 503. 13 14 15 215.2 Definitions; Conformity with Statutory Requirements 16 (a) The definitions contained in Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 and Transportation Code, 17 Chapters 503 and 1001[1000] -- 1005 govern this chapter. In the event of a conflict, the definition or 18 procedure referenced in Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 controls. 19 (b) The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following 20 meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. 21 (1) [ALJ-An Administrative Law Judge of the State Office of Administrative Hearings. 22 (2) Board-The Board of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles, including any 23 person[nel] to whom the board delegates any duty assigned.

1 (2) Day--The word "day" refers to a calendar day. 2 (3) Director—The director of the division[department] that regulates the distribution 3 and sale of motor vehicles, including any person[nel] to whom the director delegates any duty assigned 4 under this chapter. 5 (4) [Executive director—The executive director of the Texas Department of Motor 6 Vehicles.] 7 [(5) Final order authority--The person(s) with authority under Occupations Code, 8 Chapter 2301; Transportation Code, Chapters 503 and 1000 - 1005; or board rules to issue a final order.] 9 [(6)]GDN--General distinguishing number, a license issued under Transportation Code, 10 Chapter 503. 11 (5)[(7)]Governmental agency—A state agency other than the department, [All other 12 state and all local governmental agencies, and all agencies of the United States government, whether 13 executive, legislative, or judicial. 14 (6) Standard license plate--a motor vehicle license plate issued by the department to a 15 license holder that is not a personalized prestige license plate issued under Transportation Code 16 §503.0615. 17 [(8) [Hearing officer--An ALJ, a hearings examiner, or any other person designated, 18 employed, or appointed by the department to hold hearings, administer oaths, receive pleadings and 19 evidence, issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses, compel the production of papers and 20 documents, issue interlocutory orders and temporary injunctions, make findings of fact and conclusions 21 of law, issue proposals for decision, and recommend or issue final orders.

1	(9) Motion for rehearing authorityThe person(s) with authority under Occupations
2	Code, Chapter 2301; Transportation Code, Chapters 503 and 1000 – 1005; or board rules to decide a
3	motion for rehearing.
4	(10) SOAHThe State Office of Administrative Hearings.]
5	
6	SUBCHAPTER B. ADJUDICATIVE PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE
7	[Repeal entire subchapter; incorporated into new Chapter 224]
8	
9	SUBCHAPTER <u>B[C]</u> . LICENSES, GENERALLY
10	215.81. Purpose and Scope
11	This subchapter implements Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 and Transportation Code,
12	Chapter 503, regarding licenses required under those chapters.
13	
14	215.82. Duplicate [Licenses and]Plates and Stickers
15	[(a) A request for a duplicate license must:
16	(1) be made on a department-approved form;
17	(2) state the reason for the duplicate license; and
18	(3) be accompanied by the required duplicate license fee.
19	[(b) A license holder may receive one duplicate license at no charge if the license holder:
20	(1) did not receive the original license; and
21	(2) makes the request within 45 days of the date the license was mailed to the
22	license holder.]

1	[(c)]A license holder may receive a replacement <u>standard[metal]</u> dealer's, <u>converter's</u> ,
2	drive-a-way in-transit, or manufacturer's license plate or assigned sticker, as[if] applicable, at no
3	charge if the license holder:
4	(1) did not receive the <u>applicable standard[-metal dealer's</u>] license plate <u>or sticker</u> ;
5	[and]
6	(2) makes the request within 45 days of the date the applicable standard[metal
7	dealer's] license plate or sticker was mailed to the license holder; and
8	(3) submits a request [on a department approved form] electronically in the system
9	designated by the department for licensing.
10	
11	215.83. License Applications, Amendments, or Renewals
12	(a) An application for a new license, license amendment, or license renewal filed with the
13	department must be:
14	(1) $\underline{\text{filed electronically in the department-designated licensing system}}$ on a form
15	approved by the department;
16	(2) completed by the applicant, license holder, or authorized representative who is
17	an employee, a licensed attorney, or a certified public accountant;
18	(3) accompanied by the required fee, paid by $[-check_{r}]$ credit card $[-check_{r}]$ or by electronic
19	funds transfer, drawn from an account held by the applicant or license holder, or drawn from a
20	trust account of the applicant's attorney or certified public accountant; and
21	(4) accompanied by proof of a surety bond, if required.

1	(b) An authorized representative of the applicant or license holder who files an application
2	with the department on behalf of an applicant or license holder may be required to provide
3	written proof of authority to act on behalf of the applicant or license holder.
4	(c) The department will not provide information regarding the status of an application,
5	application deficiencies, or <u>pending</u> new license numbers to a person other than a person listed in
6	subsection (a)(2) of this section, unless that person files a written request under Government
7	Code, Chapter 552.
8	(d) Prior to the expiration of a license, a license holder or authorized representative must
9	electronically file with the department a sufficient license renewal application. Failure to receive
10	notice of license expiration from the department does not relieve the license holder from the
11	responsibility to timely file a sufficient license renewal application. A license renewal application is
12	timely filed if[÷
13	(1)] the department receives a sufficient license renewal application on or before
14	the date the license expires[; or
15	(2) a legible postmark on the envelope transmitting the sufficient license renewal
16	application clearly indicates that the license holder or authorized representative mailed the license
17	renewal application on or before the date the license expires].
18	(e) An application for a new license, [or-]license amendment, or license renewal filed with
19	the department must be sufficient. An application is sufficient if the application[÷
20	(1) includes all information and documentation required by the department; and
21	(2) is filed in accordance with subsection (a) of this section.
22	(f)[-A license renewal application received by the department is sufficient if:

(1) the renewal application form is completed by the license holder or authorized representative of the license holder who is an employee, an unpaid agent, a licensed attorney, or certified public accountant;

(2) accompanied by the required license renewal application fee payment; and

(3) accompanied by proof of a surety bond, if required.]

[(g)] If an applicant, license holder, or authorized representative does not provide the information or documentation required by the department, the department will issue a written notice of deficiency. The information or documentation requested in the written notice of deficiency must be received by the department within 20 calendar days of the date of the notice of deficiency, unless the department issues a written extension of time. If an applicant, license holder, or authorized representative fails to respond or fully comply with all deficiencies listed in the written notice of deficiency within the time prescribed by this subsection, the application will be deemed withdrawn and will be administratively closed.

(g)[(h)] The department will evaluate a sufficient application for a new license, license amendment, or license renewal in accordance with applicable rules and statutes to determine whether to approve or deny the application. If the department determines that there are grounds for denial of the application, the department may pursue denial of the application in accordance with Subchapter J of this chapter (relating to Administrative Sanctions).

(h)[(i)] The department will process an application for a new license, license amendment, or license renewal filed by a military service member, military spouse, or military veteran in accordance with Occupations Code, Chapter 55. A license holder who fails to timely file a sufficient application for a license renewal because that license holder was on active duty is exempt from

1 any increased fee or penalty imposed by the department for failing to renew the license in a timely 2 manner. 3 (i)[(i)] A military service member or military spouse may engage in a business or occupation 4 for which a department issued license is required if the military service member or military spouse 5 meets the requirements of Occupations Code, §55.0041 and this section. This section establishes 6 requirements and procedures authorized or required by Occupations Code, Chapter 55, and does 7 not modify or alter rights that may be provided under federal law. 8 (1) [To meet the requirements of Occupations Code, §55.0041, a] A military 9 <u>service member or</u> military spouse must submit to the department: 10 (A) notice of the military service member or military spouse's intent 11 to engage in a business or occupation in Texas for which a department issued license is required; 12 (B) proof of the military service member or military spouse's being 13 stationed [residency] in Texas and a copy of the military service member or military spouse's 14 military identification card[, as required by Occupations Code, §55.0041(b)(2)]; and 15 (C) documentation demonstrating that the military service member or 16 military spouse is licensed and in good standing in another jurisdiction for the relevant business or 17 occupation. 18 (2) Upon receipt of the notice and documentation required by paragraphs 19 (1)(B) and (1)(C) of this subsection, the department shall: 20 (A) confirm with the other licensing jurisdiction that the military 21 service member or military spouse is currently licensed and in good standing for the relevant 22 business or occupation; and

(B) conduct a comparison of the other jurisdiction's license requirements, statutes, and rules with the department's licensing requirements to determine if the requirements are substantially equivalent.

(3) If the department confirms that a military spouse is currently licensed in good standing in another jurisdiction with substantially equivalent licensing requirements, the department shall[may] issue a license to the <a href="military service member or military spouse for the relevant business or occupation 30 days. The license is subject to requirements in Chapter 215 of this title and Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 in the same manner as a license issued under the standard application process, unless modified or exempted under Occupations Code, Chapter 55.

(j)[{k}] A license holder who timely files a sufficient license renewal application in accordance with subsection (d) of this section may continue to operate under the expired license until the license renewal application is determined in accordance with Government Code §2001.054.

(k)[{+}] A license holder who fails to timely file a sufficient license renewal application in accordance with subsection (d) of this section is not authorized to continue licensed activities after the date the license expires. A license holder may dispute a decision that a license renewal application was not timely or sufficient by submitting evidence to the department demonstrating that the license renewal application was timely and sufficient. Such evidence must be received by the department within 10 [calendar-]days of the date the department issues notice that a timely or sufficient license renewal application was not received by the department.

(I)[$\{m\}$] The department shall accept a late license renewal application up to 90 days after the date the license expires. In accordance with subsection $\{k\}$ [$\{t\}$] of this section, the license

holder is not authorized to continue licensed activities after the date the license expires until the department approves the late license renewal application. If the department grants a license renewal under this section, the licensing period begins on the date the department issues the renewed license. The license holder may resume licensed activities upon receipt of the department's written verification or upon receipt of the renewed license.

(m)[(n)] If the department has not received a late license renewal application within 90 days after the date the license expires, the department will close the license. A person must apply for and receive a new license before that person is authorized to resume activities requiring a license.

(n)[(o)] A standard [metal] dealer's license plate issued in accordance with Transportation Code, Chapter 503, Subchapter C expires on the date the associated license expires, is canceled, or when a license renewal application is determined, whichever is later.

215.84. Brokering, New Motor Vehicles

(a) Brokering is prohibited.

(b) For purposes of this [sub]chapter, the phrase "arranges or offers to arrange a transaction," as used in Occupations Code, §2301.002, includes the practice of arranging or offering to arrange a transaction involving the sale of a new motor vehicle for a fee, commission, or other valuable consideration. Advertising is not acting as a broker[ing], provided the person's business primarily is[includes] the business of broadcasting, printing, publishing, or advertising for others in their own names.

(c)[(b)] A buyer referral service, program, plan, club, or any other entity that accepts a fee for arranging a transaction involving the sale of a new motor vehicle is a broker. The payment of a

1	fee to such entity is aiding and abetting brokering. However, a referral service, program, plan, club
2	or other entity that forwards a referral to a <u>franchised</u> dealership may lawfully operate in a
3	manner that includes all of the following conditions.
4	(1) There is no exclusive market area offered to a franchised dealer by the program.
5	All dealers are allowed to participate in the program on equal terms.
6	(2) Participation by a <u>franchised</u> dealer in the program is not restricted by
7	conditions, such as limiting the number of line-makes or discrimination by size of dealership or
8	location. The total number of participants in the program may be restricted if the program is
9	offered to all dealers at the same time, with no regard to the line-make.
10	(3) All participants pay the same fee for participation in the program. The program
11	fee shall be a weekly, monthly, or annual fee, regardless of the size, location, or line-makes sold by
12	the <u>franchised</u> dealer.
13	(4) A person is not to be charged a fee on a per referral fee basis or any other basis
14	that could be considered a transaction-related fee.
15	(5) The program does not set or suggest to the <u>franchised</u> dealer any price of a
16	motor vehicle or a trade-in.
17	(6) The program does not advertise or promote its plan in a manner that implies
18	that the buyer, as a customer of that program, receives a special discounted price that cannot be
19	obtained unless the customer is referred through that program.
20	(7) A program must comply with Subchapter H of this chapter (related to
21	Advertising).
22	(d)[$\{c\}$] Subsections (a)-(c) of this section do not apply to any person or entity who is not a
23	[exempt from the] broker as defined[definition] in Occupations Code, §2301.002.

1 [(d) All programs must comply with Subchapter H of this chapter (relating to Advertising).] 2 3 215.85. Brokering, Used Motor Vehicles 4 (a) Brokering is prohibited. 5 (b) Transportation Code, §503.021 prohibits a person from engaging in business as a 6 dealer, directly or indirectly, including by consignment without a GDN. Except as provided by this 7 section, "directly or indirectly" includes the practice of arranging or offering to arrange a 8 transaction involving the sale of a used motor vehicle for a fee, commission, or other valuable 9 consideration. A person who is a bona fide employee of a dealer holding a GDN and acts for the 10 dealer is not a broker for the purposes of this section. 11 (c)[(b)] A buyer referral service, program, plan, club, or any other entity that accepts a fee 12 for arranging a transaction involving the sale of a used motor vehicle is required to meet the 13 requirements for and obtain a GDN.[7] However, a referral service, program, plan, club, or other 14 entity that forwards a referral to a dealer may lawfully operate without a GDN in a manner that 15 includes all of the following conditions[, unless the referral service, program, plan, or club is 16 operated in the following manner].

(1) There is no exclusive market area offered to a dealer by the program. All dealers are allowed to participate in the program on equal terms.

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(2) Participation by a dealer in the program is not restricted by conditions, such as limiting the number of line-makes or discrimination by size of dealer[ship] or location. The total number of participants in the program may be restricted if the program is offered to all dealers at the same time, with no regard to the line-make.

1	(3) All participants pay the same fee for participation in the program. The program
2	fee shall be a weekly, monthly, or annual fee, regardless of the size, location, or line-makes sold by
3	the dealer.
4	(4) A person is not to be charged a fee on a per referral fee basis or any other basis
5	that could be considered a transaction-related fee.
6	(5) The program does not set or suggest to the dealer any price of a motor vehicle
7	or a trade-in.
8	(6) The program does not advertise or promote its plan in a manner that implies
9	that the buyer, as a customer of that program, receives a special discounted price that cannot be
10	obtained unless the customer is referred through that program.
11	(7) A program must comply with Subchapter H of this chapter (relating to
12	Advertising).
13	(c) [All programs must comply with Subchapter H of this chapter (relating to Advertising).
14	(d)] A [licensed-]dealer holding a GDN pursuant to Transportation Code, §503.029(a)(6)(B),
15	may pay a referral fee in cash or value to an individual who has purchased a vehicle from the
16	[licensed-]dealer within the four-year period preceding the referral. The fee may be paid
17	contingent upon either the new referred individual:
18	(1) purchasing a vehicle from the [independent motor vehicle-]dealer; or
19	(2) the referral of a new potential purchaser.
20	
21	215.87. License and Standard[Metal Dealer's]License Plate Terms and Fees
22	(a) Except as provided by other law, the term of a license or standard [metal dealer's]
23	license plate issued by the department to a dealer, converter, drive-a-way operator, distributor, or

1	manufacturer under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 or Transportation Code, Chapter 503 is two
2	years.
3	(b) A standard[-metal dealer's] license plate issued by the department expires on the date
4	the associated license expires or is canceled.
5	(c) The fee for a license or standard [-metal dealer's] license plate is computed by
6	multiplying the applicable annual fee by the number of years of the license term. The entire[
7	amount of the] fee including any tax owed under Tax Code §152.027 is due at the time of
8	application for the license or license renewal.
9	(d) A dealer may apply for a personalized prestige plate issued under Transportation Code
10	§503.0615 by completing a department form, providing a copy of a department-issued license, and
11	submitting payment to a county tax assessor-collector. A personalized prestige plate may be
12	renewed in an electronic system designated by the department.
13	
14	215.89. Fitness
15	(a) In determining a person's fitness for a license issued or to be issued by the department
16	under Transportation Code, Chapter 503 or Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, the board[-or
17	department] will consider:
18	(1) the requirements of Occupations Code, Chapter 53;
19	(2) the provisions of Occupations Code, §2301.651 and Transportation Code
20	§503.034;
21	(3) any specific statutory licensing criteria or requirements;
22	(4) mitigating factors; and

1 (5) other evidence of a person's fitness, as allowed by law, including the standards 2 identified in subsection (b) of this section. 3 (b) The board[or department] may determine that a person is unfit to perform the duties 4 and discharge the responsibilities of a license holder and may, following notice and an opportunity 5 for hearing, deny a person's license application or revoke or suspend a license if the person: 6 (1) fails to meet or maintain the qualifications and requirements of licensure; 7 (2) is convicted, or considered convicted under Occupations Code §53.021(d), by 8 any local, state, federal, or foreign authority of an offense that directly relates to the duties or 9 responsibilities of the licensed occupation as described in §211.3 of this title (relating to Criminal 10 Offense Guidelines) or is convicted, or considered convicted under Occupations Code §53.021(d), 11 of an offense that is independently disqualifying under Occupations Code §53.021; 12 (3) omits information or provides false, misleading, or incomplete information on 13 an initial application, renewal application, or application attachment, for a license or other 14 authorization issued by the department or by any local, state, or federal regulatory authority; 15 (4) is found to have violated an administrative or regulatory requirement based on 16 action taken on a license, permit, or other authorization, including disciplinary action, revocation, 17 suspension, denial, corrective action, cease and desist order, or assessment of a civil penalty, 18 administrative fine, fee, or similar assessment, by the board, department, or any local, state, or 19 federal regulatory authority; 20 (5) is insolvent or fails to obtain or maintain financial resources sufficient to meet 21 the financial obligations of the license holder; 22 (6) is a corporation or other legal entity that fails to maintain its charter, certificate, 23 registration, or other authority to conduct business in Texas;

(7) is assessed a civil penalty, administrative fine, fee, or similar assessment, by the board, department, or a local, state, or federal regulatory authority, for violation of a requirement governing or impacting the distribution or sale of a vehicle or a motor vehicle, or the acquisition, sale, repair, rebuild, reconstruction, or other dealing of a salvage motor vehicle or nonrepairable motor vehicle, and fails to comply with the terms of a final order or fails to pay the penalty pursuant to the terms of a final order;

(8) was or is a person described in §211.2 of this title (relating to Application of Subchapter) whose actions or omissions could be considered unfit, who is ineligible for licensure, or whose current or previous license, permit, or other authorization issued by any local, state, or federal regulatory authority has been subject to disciplinary action including suspension, revocation, denial, corrective action, cease and desist order, or assessment of a civil penalty, administrative fine, fee, or similar assessment;

- (9) has an ownership, organizational, managerial, or other business arrangement, that would allow a person the power to direct or cause the direction of the management, policies, and activities, of an applicant or license holder, whether directly or indirectly, when the person could be considered unfit, ineligible for licensure, or whose current or previous license, permit, or other authorization issued by any local, state, or federal regulatory authority, has been subject to disciplinary action, including suspension, revocation, denial, corrective action, cease and desist order, or assessment of a civil penalty, administrative fine, fee, or similar assessment, by the board, department, or any local, state, or federal regulatory authority;
- (10) is found in an order issued <u>after[through]</u> a contested case hearing to be unfit or acting in a manner detrimental to the system of distribution or sale of motor vehicles in Texas, the economy of the state, the public interest, or the welfare of Texas citizens.

1 2 SUBCHAPTER C[D]. FRANCHISED DEALERS, MANUFACTURERS, DISTRIBUTORS, AND CONVERTERS 3 215.101. Purpose and Scope 4 This subchapter implements Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 and Transportation Code, 5 Chapters 503 and 1001[1000] – 1005, and applies to franchised dealers, manufacturers, 6 distributors, and converters. 7 8 215.102. Application Requirements 9 (a) No person may engage in business, serve in the capacity of, or act as a manufacturer, 10 distributor, converter, or franchised dealer in Texas unless that person holds a license. 11 (b) A license application shall be on a form prescribed by the department and properly 12 completed by the applicant. A license application shall include all required information, supporting 13 documents, and fees and shall be submitted to the department electronically in a system 14 designated by the department for licensing. 15 (c) A license holder renewing or amending its license must verify current license 16 information, provide related information and documents for any new license requirements or 17 changes to the license, and pay required fees including any outstanding civil penalties owed the 18 department under a final order. 19 (d) An applicant for a new license must register for an account in the department-designated 20 licensing system by selecting the licensing system icon on the dealer page of the department website. An 21 applicant must designate the account administrator and provide the name and email address for that 22 person, and provide the business telephone number, name, business type, and social security number or

1	employer identification number, as applicable. The applicant's licensing account administrator must be
2	an owner, officer, manager, or bona fide employee.
3	(e) Once registered, an applicant may apply for a new license and must provide the
4	following:
5	(1) Required information:
6	(A) type of license requested;
7	(B) business information, including the name, physical and mailing
8	addresses, telephone number, Secretary of State file number (if applicable), and website address
9	(if applicable);
10	(C) contact name, email address, and telephone number of the person
11	submitting the application;
12	(D) contact name, email address, and telephone number of a person who
13	can provide information about business operations and the motor vehicle products or services
14	offered;
15	(E) the name, social security number, date of birth, identity document
16	information, and ownership percentage for each owner, partner, member, beneficiary, or principal
17	if the applicant is not a publicly traded company;
18	(F) the name, social security number, date of birth, and identity document
19	information for each officer, director, manager, trustee, or other representative authorized to act
20	on behalf of the applicant if the applicant is owned in full or in part by a legal entity;
21	(G) the name, employer identification number, ownership percentage, and
22	non-profit or publicly traded status for each legal entity that owns the applicant in full or in part;

1	(H) criminal history record information under the laws of Texas, another
2	state in the United States, the United States, and any foreign jurisdiction for each person listed in
3	the application, including offense description, date, and location;
4	(I) military service status;
5	(J) licensing history required to evaluate fitness for licensure under §215.89
6	of this title (relating to Fitness);
7	(K) if applying for a manufacturer, distributor, or converter license;
8	(i) financial resources, business integrity and experience, facilities
9	and personnel for serving franchised dealers;
10	(ii) a description of the business model or business process and
11	product and services used or offered sufficient to allow department to determine if the license
12	type applied for is appropriate under Texas law; and
13	(iii) number of standard license plates requested.
14	(L) if applying for a manufacturer or distributor license:
15	(i) if the applicant or any entity controlled by the applicant owns an
16	interest in a Texas motor vehicle dealer or dealership, controls a Texas dealer or dealership, or acts
17	in the capacity of a Texas dealer;
18	(ii) a statement regarding the manufacturer's compliance with
19	Occupations Code Chapter 2301, Subchapter I and Sections 2301.451-2301.476;
20	(iii) if a franchise agreement for each line-make being applied for
21	exists which states the obligations of a Texas franchised dealer to the applicant and the obligations
22	of the applicant to the Texas franchised dealer; and

1	(iv) the terms of the contract under which the distributor will act for
2	the manufacturer.
3	(M) if applying for a manufacturer license, the line-make information
4	including the world manufacturer identifier assigned by the National Highway Traffic Safety
5	Administration, line-make name, and vehicle type;
6	(N) if applying for a distributor license:
7	(i) the manufacturer for whom the distributor will act,
8	(ii) whether the manufacturer is licensed in Texas,
9	(iii) the person in this state who is responsible for compliance with
10	the warranty covering the motor vehicles to be sold, and
11	(iv) whether a franchise agreement for each line-make being applied
12	for exists which states the obligations of a Texas franchised dealer to the applicant and the
13	obligations of the applicant to the Texas franchised dealer.
14	(O) if applying for a converter license:
15	(i) a name and description for each conversion package, and
16	(ii) the manufacturer or distributor and line-make of the underlying
17	new motor vehicle chassis to be converted.
18	(P) if applying for a franchised dealer license:
19	(i) reason for the new application
20	(ii) dealership location on a system-generated map;
21	(iii) if the dealership is under construction and expected completion
22	date;

1	(iv) information about the performance of sales or warranty services
2	at the location; and
3	(v) information necessary to obtain a franchised dealer GDN under
4	§215.133 of this title (relating to General Distinguishing Number).
5	(Q) signed Certificate of Responsibility, which is a form provided by the
6	department; and
7	(R) any other information required by the department to evaluate the
8	application under current law and board rules.
9	(2) A legible and accurate electronic image of each applicable required document:
10	(A) the certificate of filing, certificate of incorporation, or certificate of
11	registration on file with the Secretary of State, if applicable;
12	(B) each assumed name certificate on file with the Secretary of State or
13	county clerk;
14	(C) at least one of the following identity documents for each natural person
15	listed in the application:
16	(i) current driver license;
17	(ii) current Texas Identification Card issued by the Texas Department
18	of Public Safety under Transportation Code, Chapter 521, Subchapter E;
19	(iii) current license to carry a handgun issued by the Texas
20	Department of Public Safety under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H;
21	(iv) current passport; or
22	(v) current United States armed forces identification.

1	(D) if applying for a manufacturer, distributor, or converter license, a
2	written description of the business model or business process and brochures, photos, or other
3	documents describing products and services sufficient to allow the department to identify a motor
4	vehicle product type and the appropriate license required under Texas law;
5	(E) if applying for a manufacturer or distributor license:
6	(i) a list of each franchised dealer in Texas including the dealer's
7	name and physical address, or if offers for sale or sales of motor vehicle in Texas will solely be over
8	the internet, a list of each out-of-state franchised dealer authorized by the manufacturer or
9	distributor to sell a product online to a Texas citizen including the dealer's name, physical address,
10	and dealer license number issued by the state in which the dealer is located; and
11	(ii) a list of motor vehicle product line-makes manufactured or
12	distributed for sale;
13	(F) if applying for a manufacturer license:
14	(i) a list of authorized distributors or representatives; and
15	(ii) a franchised dealer's preparation and delivery obligations before
16	delivery of a new vehicle to a retail purchaser and the schedule of compensation to be paid to the
17	franchised dealer;
18	(G) if applying for a distributor license, the distribution agreement between
19	a manufacturer and distributor;
20	(H) if applying for a franchise dealer license, pages of the executed
21	franchise agreement containing at minimum the following:
22	(i) the legal business name of each party;
23	(ii) authorized signature of each party;

1	(iii) authorized dealership location;
2	(iv) list of motor vehicle line-makes and vehicle types to be sold or
3	serviced; and
4	(v) a department Evidence of Relocation form signed by the
5	manufacturer or distributor (if applicable); and
6	(I) any other documents required by the department to evaluate the
7	application under current law and board rules.
8	(3) Required fees:
9	(A) the license fee as prescribed by law; and
10	(B) the fee as prescribed by law for each plate requested by the applicant.
11	(f) An applicant operating under a name other than the applicant shall use the name under
12	which the applicant is authorized to do business, as filed with the Secretary of State or county
13	clerk, and the assumed name of such legal entity shall be recorded by the applicant on the
14	application using the letters "DBA." The applicant may not use an assumed name that may be
15	confused with or is similar to that of a governmental entity or that is otherwise deceptive or
16	misleading to the public.
17	(g) A manufacturer or distributor may add a new line-make to an existing license during the
18	license period by submitting a license amendment application and providing brochures, photos, or
19	other documents describing the new line-make sufficient to allow the department to identify the
20	line-make and vehicle product type. A license amendment to add a line-make to a manufacturer or
21	distributor license must be approved by the department before the new line-make may be added
22	to a franchised dealer's license.
23	

215.103. Service-only Facility

- (a) A service-only facility is a location occupied and operated by a franchised dealer that is a completely separate, noncontiguous site, from the franchised dealer's new motor vehicle sales and service or sales only location, where the franchised dealer <u>performs</u> [will] only [perform] warranty[and nonwarranty] repair services and not new motor vehicle sales. [Except as allowed in subsection (d) of this section, warranty repair services may only be performed at either a licensed dealership or a licensed service-only facility.]
- (b) A franchised dealer must obtain a license to operate a service-only facility. A dealer may not obtain a service-only facility license to service a [particular]line-make of new motor vehicles, unless that dealer is franchised and licensed to sell that line-make.
- (c) A service-only facility is a dealership subject to protest under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301.
- (d) Upon the manufacturer's or distributor's prior written approval, which cannot be unreasonably withheld, [-only] a franchised dealer of the manufacturer or distributor may contract with another person as a subcontractor to perform warranty repair services that the dealer is authorized to perform under a franchise agreement with a manufacturer or distributor. Payment shall be made by the franchised dealer to the subcontractor and not by the manufacturer or distributor to the subcontractor.
- (e) A person with whom a franchised dealer contracts to perform warranty repair services is not eligible to obtain a service-only facility license and may not advertise the performance of warranty repair services in any manner to the public.

215.104. Changes to <u>a Franchised Dealer's License</u>

1 (a) In accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.356, a franchised dealer must file an 2 application to amend the franchised dealer's license [in order] to request[inclusion of] an 3 additional line-make at the dealer's currently licensed showroom. The amendment application 4 must be filed electronically in a system designated by the department for licensing. 5 (1) In accordance with §215.110 of this title (relating to Evidence of Franchise), the 6 franchised dealer must attach to the amendment application a legible and accurate electronic 7 image[copy] of: 8 (A) the executed franchise agreement; 9 (B) the required excerpt from the executed franchise agreement; or 10 (C) an evidence of franchise form completed by the manufacturer, 11 distributor, or representative. 12 (2) The amendment application for an additional franchise at the showroom is 13 considered an original application and is subject to protest, in accordance with Occupations Code, 14 Chapter 2301, this chapter, and Chapter 224 of this title (relating to Adjudicative Practice and 15 Procedure). 16 (b) A franchised dealer may propose to sell or assign to another any interest in the licensed 17 entity, whether a corporation or otherwise, provided the physical location of the licensed entity 18 remains the same. 19 (1) The franchised dealer shall notify the department in writing within 10 days of 20 the sale or assignment of interest by filing an application to amend the franchised dealer's license 21 electronically in a system designated by the department for licensing.

1	(2) If the sale or assignment of any portion of the business results in a change of
2	business entity, then the purchasing entity or assignee must apply for and obtain a new license in
3	the name of the new business entity.
4	(3) A publicly-held corporation must only file an amendment application[needs only
5	to inform the department of a change in ownership] if one person or entity acquires 10% or
6	greater interest in the licensed entity.
7	(c) A franchised dealer is required to file an amendment application electronically in a
8	system designated by the department for licensing within 10 days of a license change, including:
9	(1) deletion of a line-make from the dealer's license;
10	(2) a change of assumed name on file with the Office of the Secretary of State or
11	county clerk;
12	(3) a change of mailing address;
13	(4) a change of telephone number; <u>or</u>
14	(5) [a change of facsimile number; or
15	(6)-]a change of email address.
16	(d) A franchised dealer is required to file a business entity amendment application
17	electronically in a system designated by the department for licensing within 10 days of an entity
18	change, including:
19	(1) a change in management, dealer principal, or change of other person who
20	oversees[is in charge of] a franchised dealer's business activities, including a managing partner,
21	officer, director of a corporation, or similar person; or
22	(2) a change of legal entity name on file with the Office of the Secretary of State.

(e) If a <u>franchised[licensed new motor vehicle]</u> dealer changes or converts from one type of business entity to another type of business entity without changing ownership of the dealership, the submission of a franchise agreement in the name of the new entity is not required in conjunction with an <u>amendment application</u>. The franchise agreement on file with the department prior to the change or conversion of the dealer's business entity type applies to the successor entity until the parties agree to replace the franchise agreement. This subsection does not apply to a sole proprietorship or general partnership.

(f) If a <u>franchised</u> dealer adopts a plan of conversion under a state or federal law that allows one legal entity to be converted into another legal entity, only an <u>amendment</u> application[to amend the license] is necessary to be filed with the department. The franchise agreement on file with the department continues to apply to the converted entity. If a license holder becomes another legal entity by any means other than by conversion, a new application is required, subject to subsection (e) of this section.

(g) In addition to obtaining permission from the manufacturer or distributor, a franchised dealer shall obtain department approval prior to opening a supplemental location or relocating an existing location by filing an amendment application electronically in a system designated by the department for licensing. A franchised dealer must notify the department electronically in a system designated by the department for licensing when closing an existing location.

215.105. Notification of License Application; Protest Requirements

(a) The provisions of this section are not applicable to an application filed with the department for a franchised dealer license as a result of the purchase or transfer of an existing entity holding a

current franchised dealer's license that does not involve a physical relocation of the purchased or transferred line-makes.

- (b) Upon receipt of an application for a <u>franchised[new motor vehicle]</u> dealer's license, including an application filed with the department by reason of the relocation of an existing dealership, the department shall give notice of the filing of the application to each franchised dealer that may have standing to protest the application.
- (c) If it appears to the department that there are no <u>franchised</u> dealers with standing to protest, then no notice shall be given.
- (d) A person holding a franchised dealer's license for the sale of the same line-make of a new motor vehicle as proposed for sale in the subject application and that has standing to protest the application may file with the department a notice of protest opposing the granting of a license by timely filing a protest electronically in eLICENSING, the system designated by the department for licensing, and paying the required fee.
- (e) A franchised dealer that wishes to protest the application shall give notice in accordance with Occupations Code, Chapter 2301.
- (1) The notice of protest shall be in writing and shall be signed by an authorized officer or other official authorized to sign on behalf of the protesting dealer filing the notice.
- (2) The notice of protest shall state the statutory basis upon which the protest is made and assert how the protesting dealer meets the standing requirements under §215.119 of this title (relating to Standing to Protest) to protest the application.

1	(3) The notice of protest shall state that the protest is not made for purposes of delay or
2	for any other purpose except for justifiable cause.
3	(4) If a protest is filed against an application for the establishment of a dealership or for
4	addition of a line-make at an existing dealership, the notice of protest shall state under which provision
5	of Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 the protest is made.
6	
7	215.106. Time for Filing Protest
8	(a) A notice of protest must be:
9	(1) received by the department not later than 5:00 p.m. Central Standard Time (CST) on
10	the date 15 days from the date of mailing of the department's notification to the license holder of the
11	filing of the application;
12	(2) filed in [with the department [by United States mail, facsimile, hand delivery, or
13	through-]the department's designated electronic filing system[when available; however, a notice of
14	protest may not be filed by email]; and
15	(3) [accompanied by the required filing fee] submitted with the filing fee paid.[If the
16	filing fee does not accompany the notice of protest, the fee must be received by the department not
17	later than 5:00 p.m. CST on the date 20 days from the date of mailing of the department's notification to
18	the license holder of the filing of the application.
19	(b) The department will reject a notice of protest if:
20	(1) the complete notice of protest is not filed within 15 days from the date of mailing of
21	the department's notification to the license holder of the filing of the application; or

(2) the required filing fee is not <u>paid when the protest is submitted in the department's</u>

<u>designated electronic filing system or is later dishonored[remitted within 20 days from the date of mailing of the department's notification to the license holder of the filing of the application.</u>

215.108. Addition or Relocation of Line-make

An application to amend an existing franchised[new motor vehicle] dealer's license for the addition of another line-make at the existing dealership or for the relocation of a line-make to the existing dealership shall be deemed an "application to establish a dealership" insofar as the line-make to be added is concerned, and shall be subject to the provisions of §215.105 of this title (relating to Notification of License Application; Protest Requirements) and §215.106 of this title (relating to Time for Filing Protest).

215.109. Replacement Dealership

An application for a <u>franchised[new motor vehicle]</u> dealer's license for a dealership intended as a replacement for a previously existing dealership shall be deemed an application for a "replacement dealership" required to be established in accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.453 and shall not be subject to protest under the provisions of §215.105 of this title (relating to Notification of License Application; Protest Requirements), provided that:

(1) the application states that the applicant is intended as a replacement dealership and identifies the prior dealership to be replaced;

1	(2) the manufacturer or distributor of the line-make gives notice to the department and to other
2	dealers franchised for the same line-make that meet the provisions of Occupations Code, §2301.652(b)
3	and (c);
4	(3) the notice under paragraph (2) of this subsection is given within 60 days following the closing
5	of the prior dealership;
6	(4) the application is filed electronically in eLICENSING, a system designated by the
7	department for licensing,[with the department] not later than one year following the closing of the
8	prior dealership; and
9	(5) the location of the applicant's proposed dealership is not more than two miles from the
10	location of the prior dealership.
11	
12	215.110. Evidence of Franchise
13	(a) Upon application for a <u>franchised[new motor vehicle</u>] dealer's license or an amendment of an
14	existing <u>franchised</u> [new motor vehicle] dealer's license to add a line-make, the applicant must submit a
15	legible and accurate electronic image[-photocopy] of the [pages of the-]franchise agreement[(s)] pages
16	that reflect:
17	(1) the parties[to the agreement(s)],
18	(2) the authorized signatures of the parties[to the agreement(s)], [and]
19	(3) each line-make listed in the application, and
20	(4) the address of the franchised dealership's physical location.

(b) To meet this requirement temporarily for the purpose of application processing, a form prescribed by the department and completed by the manufacturer or distributor may be electronically submitted with the application in lieu of the information described in this [sub]section.

(c) The applicant must submit the required <u>legible</u> and accurate electronic image[photocopies] of the franchise agreement[(s)] <u>pages</u> described in this subsection immediately upon the applicant's receipt of the franchise agreement[(s)] as the department will not issue a license without verifying that the franchise agreement has been executed.

(d)[(b)] Upon application to relocate a <u>franchised</u>[new motor vehicle] dealership, the <u>franchised</u> dealer applicant must submit a form prescribed by the department and completed by the manufacturer or distributor that identifies the license holder and the new franchised dealership location.

215.111. Notice of Termination or Discontinuance of Franchise and Time for Filing Protest

A notice of termination or discontinuance of a dealer's franchise to a franchised dealer and the department in accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.453. A notice of protest of the franchise termination or discontinuance by a dealer pursuant to Occupations Code, §2301.453 shall be in writing and shall be filed with the department electronically in eLICENSING, the system designated by the department for licensing, prior to the effective date of the franchise termination or discontinuance stated in the notice from the manufacturer or distributor.

[215.112. Motor Home Show Limitations and Restrictions]

1	[(a) Applicability. This rule implements Occupations Code, §2301.358 and is expressly limited to
2	motor home shows that require department approval in accordance with subsection (b) of this section.]
3	[(b) Show approval required. Without written approval by the department, a person may not
4	promote or conduct a show involving a new motor home that will be sold or offered for sale.]
5	[(c) Show requirements. The department may approve a motor home show in accordance with
6	this section if the show:
7	(1) does not exceed six consecutive days;
8	(2) is not conducted within 90 days of a previous show in the same county; and
9	(3) complies with Occupations Code, Chapter 2301; Transportation Code, Chapters 503
10	and 1000 - 1005; and board rules.]
11	[(d) Additional motor home shows. The department may authorize additional motor home
12	shows in any county upon a showing of good cause by the promoter for waiver from the show
13	requirements of subsection (c) of this section.]
14	[(e) Show approval requirements. For purposes of this section, the promoter or coordinator of a
15	motor home show must submit an application to the department. The application must:
16	(1) be completed and submitted on a form and in the manner prescribed by the
17	department;
18	(2) be accompanied by all required attachments;
19	(3) be submitted no less than 30 days and no more than 90 days before the proposed
20	show date;

1 (4) be accompanied by a \$25,000 surety bond if the promoter or coordinator of the 2 show is not a license holder, an association of license holders, or an organization of license holders; 3 (5) affirm that at least three franchised dealers of new motor homes, each participating 4 with at least one different line-make, will participate in the show; 5 (6) affirm that each franchised dealer that participates in the show holds a valid 6 franchised dealer's license issued by the department for each motor home line-make that the franchised 7 dealer will participate with in the show; and 8 (7) designate either Saturday or Sunday for suspension of the sale of any motor home, in 9 accordance with Transportation Code, Chapter 728, Subchapter A, when the show is conducted over a 10 consecutive Saturday and Sunday.] 11 (f) Dealer participation approval required. Without written approval by the department, a 12 motor home dealer may not participate in a show of new motor homes, where a motor home will be 13 sold or offered for sale. 14 (g) Dealer participation requirements. A dealer of new motor homes requesting approval to 15 participate in a show must submit a sufficient application to the department. To be sufficient, the 16 application must be on a form prescribed by the department and accompanied by all required 17 attachments.] 18 (h) Located within 70 miles of show site. For the purpose of this section, a franchised dealer 19 located within 70 miles of the site of the proposed show has a right equal to any other franchised dealer 20 that is also located within 70 miles of the show site to participate in the show with a like line motor 21 home.]

1	[(i) Located more than 70 miles from show site. For the purpose of this section, a franchised
2	dealer that is located more than 70 miles from the proposed show site does not have a right to
3	participate in the show; however, the department may approve that franchised dealer to participate in
4	the motor home show, if:
5	(1) there is no franchised dealer of a like-line motor home located within 70 miles of the
6	proposed show site; or
7	(2) the franchised dealer obtains a written waiver from each like line franchised motor
8	home dealer located within 70 miles of the proposed show site.]
9	[(j) Suspension of sales. For the purpose of this section and pursuant to Transportation Code,
10	Chapter 728, Subchapter A, when a show is conducted over a consecutive Saturday and Sunday, all
11	franchised dealers of motor homes will suspend sales on the same Saturday or Sunday, as designated by
12	the show promoter or coordinator. On the day sales are suspended, a motor home dealer:
13	(1) may quote a price;
14	(2) may open and attend to the motor home product;
15	(3) may not sell, offer to sell, negotiate a price, or enter into a contract or letter of
16	intention to contract for the sale of the motor home; and
17	(4) is not required to remove or cover the suggested retail price the manufacturer may
18	have affixed to the motor home.]
19	
20	215.113. Manufacturer Ownership of Franchised Dealer; Good Cause Extension; Dealer Development

(a) In the absence of a showing of good cause, an application for a <u>franchised[new motor vehicle]</u> dealer's license of which a manufacturer or distributor owns any interest in or has control of the dealership entity must be submitted to the department <u>electronically in a system designated by the department for licensing no later than 30 days before:</u>

- (1) the opening of the dealership;
- (2) close of the buy-sell agreement; or

- (3) the expiration of the current license.
 - (b) If a manufacturer or distributor applies for a franchised [new motor vehicle] dealer's license of which the manufacturer or distributor holds an ownership interest in or has control of the dealership entity in accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.476(d) (f), the license application must contain a sworn statement from the manufacturer or distributor that the dealership was purchased from a franchised dealer and is for sale at a reasonable price and under reasonable terms and conditions, and that the manufacturer or distributor intends to sell the dealership to a person not controlled or owned by the manufacturer or distributor within 12 months of acquiring the dealership, except as provided by subsection (h) of this section.
 - (c) A request for an extension of the initial 12-month period for manufacturer or distributor ownership or control of a franchised [new motor vehicle] dealership, in accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.476(e), must be submitted to the department in accordance with subsection (a) of this section along with a sufficient application to renew the new motor vehicle dealer's license. The request must contain a detailed explanation, including appropriate documentary support, to show the manufacturer's or distributor's good cause for failure to sell the dealership within the initial 12-month period. The director will evaluate the request and determine whether the license should be renewed for

1 a period not to exceed 12 months or deny the renewal application. If the renewal application is denied,

- 2 the manufacturer or distributor may request a hearing on the denial in accordance with Occupations
- 3 Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapter O[\frac{\xi}{2301.701} 2301.713] and the matter will be referred to SOAH for a
- 4 hearing under Chapter 224, Subchapter C of this title (relating to Contested Cases Between Motor
- 5 Vehicle License Holders or Applicants).

- (d) Requests for extensions after the first extension is granted, as provided by Occupations Code, §2301.476(e), must be submitted at least 120 days before the expiration of the current license electronically in eLICENSING, a system designated by the department for licensing. Upon receipt of a subsequent request, the department[board] will initiate a hearing in accordance with Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapter O[§§2301.701 2301.713], at which the manufacturer or distributor will be required to show good cause for the failure to sell the dealership. The manufacturer or distributor has the burden of proof and the burden of going forward on the sole issue of good cause for the failure to sell the dealership.
- (e) The department will give notice of the hearing described in subsection (d) of this section to all other franchised dealers holding franchises for the sale and service or service only of the same linemake of new motor vehicles that are located in the same county in which the dealership owned or controlled by the manufacturer or distributor is located or in an area within 15 miles of the dealership owned or controlled by the manufacturer or distributor. Such dealers, if any, will be allowed to intervene and protest the granting of the subsequent extension. Notices of intervention by dealers afforded a right to protest under Occupations Code, §2301.476(e) must be filed with the department electronically in eLICENSING, a system designated by the department within 15 days of the date of mailing of the notice of hearing, and a copy must be provided to the manufacturer or distributor. The department will reject a notice of intervention if the notice is not filed at least 30 days before:

1	(1) the opening of the dealership;
2	(2) close of the buy-sell agreement; or
3	(3) the expiration of the current license.
4	(f) A hearing under subsection (d) of this section will be referred to SOAH for a hearing under
5	Chapter 224, Subchapter C of this title (relating to Contested Cases Between Motor Vehicle License
6	Holders or Applicants).[conducted as expeditiously as possible, but not later than 120 days after receipt
7	of the subsequent request for extension from the manufacturer or distributor. An ALJ will prepare a
8	written decision and proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law as soon as possible, but not later
9	than 60 calendar days after the hearing is closed.] The franchised[new motor vehicle] dealer's license
10	that is the subject of the hearing will continue in effect until a final decision on the request for a
11	subsequent extension is <u>issued</u> [rendered] by the board.
12	(g) The procedures described in subsections (d) - (f) of this section will be followed for all
13	extensions requested by the manufacturer or distributor after the initial extension.
14	(h) An application for a new motor vehicle dealer's license of which a manufacturer or
15	distributor owns any interest in the dealership entity in accordance with Occupations Code,
16	§2301.476(g) must contain sufficient documentation to show that the applicant meets the requirements
17	of Occupations Code, §2301.476(g).
18	
19	215.115. Manufacturer, Distributor, and Converter Records

1	(a) A manufacturer or distributor must maintain, for a minimum period of 48 months, a record of
2	each vehicle sold to any person in this state. The manufacturer or distributor shall make the record
3	available during business hours for inspection and copying by [a representative of]the department.
4	(b) A converter must maintain, for a minimum period of 48 months, a record of each vehicle
5	converted to any person in this state, including to a Texas franchised dealer. The converter shall make the
6	record available during business hours for inspection and copying by [a representative of] the
7	department.
8	(c) A manufacturer, distributor, or converter is required to maintain at its licensed location a
9	record reflecting each purchase, sale, or conversion for a minimum period of 24 months. Records for
10	prior time periods may be kept off-site.
11	(d) Within 15 days of receipt of a request sent by mail or electronic document transfer from [a
12	representative of]the department, a manufacturer, distributor, or converter must submit a copy of
13	specified records to the address listed in the request.
14	(e) Records required to be maintained and made available to the department must include the
15	following:
16	(1) the date of sale or conversion of the motor vehicle;
17	(2) the VIN;
18	(3) the name and address of the purchasing dealer or converter;
19	(4) a copy of or a record with the information contained in the manufacturer's certificate
20	of origin or title;

1	(5) information regarding the prior status of the motor vehicle such as the Reacquired
2	Vehicle Disclosure Statement;
3	(6) the repair history of any motor vehicle subject to a warranty complaint;
4	(7) technical service bulletin or equivalent advisory; and
5	(8) any audit of a dealership.
6	(f) Any record required by the department may be maintained in an electronic format, if the
7	electronic record can be printed at the licensed location upon request [for the record]by[-a
8	representative of] the department.
9	
10	215.116. Franchised Dealership Lease or Sublease Listing
11	A <u>franchised</u> dealer that lists its dealership for lease or sublease to mitigate damages in
12	accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.4651(e) is required to list[for lease or sublease]:
13	(1) the entire real property if the termination or discontinuance effectively terminates all
14	line-makes and all franchises for the entire dealership; or
15	(2) only that portion of the real property associated with the terminated line-make or
16	franchise, if the termination or discontinuance does not affect all line-makes and all franchises of the
17	dealership.
18	
19	215.117. Market Value Property Appraisal

1	(a) An appraiser performing a[A] market value property appraisal[-assessment made] in
2	accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.482(c) must be a Texas[requires three general] certified real
3	estate appraiser.[s certified by the State of Texas.]
4	(b) Necessary real estate and necessary construction are each determined by the applicable
5	property use agreement.
6	(c) The [To determine] market value of property in accordance with Occupations Code,
7	§2301.482(c), is the[an] average of the market value property appraisals[-will be calculated from the
8	independent market value property assessment determinations] of the three [general-]certified real
9	estate appraisers.
10	
11	215.119. Standing to Protest
12	(a) A protesting dealer has the burden to demonstrate standing to protest.
13	(b) Standing requirements are established by the type of application.
14	(1) Protest of an application to establish a dealership or to add a new line-make to an
15	existing dealership requires the protesting dealer to meet standing requirements under Occupations
16	Code, §2301.652;
17	(2) Protest of an application to relocate a dealership requires the protesting dealer to
18	meet standing requirements under Occupations Code, §2301.652;
19	(3) Protest of an application to relocate a dealership within an affected county or from
20	an affected county to an adjacent affected county requires the protesting dealer to meet standing
21	requirements under Occupations Code, §2301.6521;

1	(4) Protest of an application to relocate an economically impaired dealership requires
2	the protesting dealer to meet standing requirements under Occupations Code, §2301.6522; and
3	(5) Protest of an application filed by a manufacturer[,] or distributor[, or representative]
4	for an extension of time for ownership or control of a dealership requires the protesting dealer to meet
5	standing requirements under Occupations Code, §2301.476.
6	(c) A person has standing to protest an application to establish a dealership or to add a
7	franchised line-make at an existing dealership if:
8	(1) the person is a franchised dealer of the same line-make; and
9	(2) the person's dealership is located either in the same county as, or within 15 miles of,
10	the dealership for which the application was filed.]
11	(d) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f) of this section, a person has standing to protest
12	an application to relocate a dealership or to relocate a franchised line-make of an existing dealership if:
13	(1) the person is a franchised dealer of the same line-make;
14	(2) the person's dealership is located either in the same county as, or within 15 miles of,
15	the dealership for which the application for relocation is filed;
16	(3) the proposed relocation site is more than two miles from the location where the
17	dealership is currently licensed; and
18	(4) the proposed relocation site is nearer to the protesting franchised dealer than the
19	location from which the relocating dealership is currently licensed.

1	(e) An application may be filed under Occupations Code, §2301.6521 to relocate a dealership
2	from a location in an affected county to a location that is either within the same affected county or in an
3	adjacent affected county.
4	(1) No dealer has standing to protest an application filed in accordance with this
5	subsection if the proposed relocation site is two miles or less from the relocating dealer's existing
6	licensed location.
7	(2) No dealer has standing to protest an application filed in accordance with this
8	subsection if the proposed relocation site is farther from the protesting dealer's licensed location than
9	the relocating dealer's existing licensed location.
10	(3) If a dealership of the same line-make as the relocating dealership is located within 15
11	miles of the proposed relocation site, then a person has standing to protest an application to relocate
12	filed in accordance with this subsection, if:
13	(A) the person is a franchised dealer of the same line-make;
14	(B) the person's dealership is located within 15 miles of the proposed relocation
15	site;
16	(C) the proposed relocation site is more than two miles from the location where
17	the dealership is currently licensed; and
18	(D) the proposed relocation site is nearer to the protesting franchised dealer
19	than the location from which the relocating dealership is currently licensed.

1	(4) If no dealership of the same line-make as the relocating dealership is located within
2	15 miles of the proposed relocation site, then a person has standing to protest an application to relocate
3	filed in accordance with this subsection, if:
4	(A) the person is a franchised dealer of the same line-make;
5	(B) no other dealership of the same line-make is located nearer to the proposed
6	relocation site;
7	(C) the person's dealership is located in the same affected county as the
8	relocating dealership is proposed to be located;
9	(D) the proposed relocation site is more than two miles from the location where
10	the relocating dealership is currently licensed; and
11	(E) the proposed relocation site is nearer to the protesting franchised dealer
12	than the location from which the relocating dealership is currently licensed.
13	(f) If an economically impaired dealer files an application under Occupations Code, §2301.6522
14	to relocate its dealership, then a dealer may have standing to protest the application if:
15	(1) the dealer is franchised for a line-make that is the same as a line-make proposed to
16	be relocated;
17	(2) the proposed relocation site is more than two miles closer to the protesting dealer's
18	dealership than the site of the economically impaired dealer's existing licensed location; and
19	(3) there is no other dealer located nearer to the proposed relocation site that is
20	franchised for a line-make that is proposed to be relocated.

1	(g) A dealer has standing to protest an application for an extension of time that was filed by a
2	manufacturer, distributor, or representative under Occupations Code, §2301.476 if:
3	(1) the protesting dealer is franchised for a line-make being sold or serviced from the
4	dealership owned or controlled by a manufacturer, distributor, or representative; and
5	(2) the protesting dealer is located either in the same county as, or within 15 miles of,
6	the dealership owned or controlled by the manufacturer, distributor, or representative.
7	
8	215.120 License Plates
9	(a) A manufacturer, distributor, or converter may apply for a standard manufacturer or converter
10	license plate for use on a new unregistered vehicle of the same vehicle type assembled or modified in
11	accordance with Transportation Code §503.064 or §503.0618, as applicable:
12	(1) when applying for a new or renewal license, or
13	(2) by submitting a plate request application electronically in the system designated by
14	the department.
15	(b) A manufacturer, distributor, or converter shall attach a license plate to the rear of a vehicle in
16	accordance with §217.27 of this title (relating to Vehicle Registration Insignia).
17	(c) A manufacturer, distributor, or converter shall maintain a record of each license plate issued
18	to the manufacturer, distributor, or converter by the department. The record of each license plate issued
19	must contain:
20	(1) the license plate number;

1	(2) the year and make of the vehicle to which the license plate is affixed;
2	(3) the VIN of the vehicle; and
3	(4) the name of the person in control of the vehicle to which the license plate is affixed.
4	(d) If a manufacturer, distributor, or converter cannot account for a license plate or a license
5	plate is damaged, the manufacturer, distributor, or converter must:
6	(1) document the license plate as "void" in plate record in subsection (c); and
7	(2) within three days of discovering that the license plate is missing or damaged, report
8	the license plate as lost, stolen, or damaged electronically in the system designated by the department;
9	<u>and</u>
10	(3) if found after reported missing, cease use of the license plate.
11	(e) A license plate is no longer valid for use after the manufacturer, distributor, or converter
12	reports to the department that the plate is lost, stolen, or damaged. A manufacturer, distributor, or
13	converter must render a void plate unusable by permanently marking the front of the plate with the
14	word "VOID" or a large "X" and once marked, may destroy or recycle the license plate, or return the
15	license plate to the department for recycling.
16	(f) The license holder's license plate record must be available for inspection and copying by the
17	department during normal business hours or be available to submit electronically to the department
18	upon request.
19	(g) In evaluating requests for additional standard license plates, the department will consider the
20	business justification provided by a license holder including the following:

1	(1) the number of vehicles assembled or modified;
2	(2) the highest number of motor vehicles in inventory in the prior 12 months;
3	(3) the size and type of business;
4	(4) how the license holder typically uses the plates;
5	(5) the license holder's record of tracking and reporting missing or damaged plates to
6	the department; and
7	(6) any other factor the Department in its discretion deems necessary to support the
8	number of plates requested.
9	(h) a license holder must return a department-issued license plate to the department within
10	fifteen days of the license holder closing the associated license or the associated license being revoked,
11	canceled, or closed.
12	
13	215.121 Sanctions
14	(a) The board or department may:
15	(1) deny an application;
16	(2) revoke a license;
17	(3) suspend a license; and
18	(4) assess a civil penalty or other action against a license applicant, a license holder, or a
19	person engaged in business for which a license is required.

1	(b) The board or department may take action described in subsection (a) of this section if a
2	license applicant, a license holder, or a person engaged in business for which a license is required:
3	(1) fails to maintain records required under this chapter;
4	(2) refuses or fails to timely comply with a request for records made by a representative
5	of the department;
6	(3) sells or offers to sell a motor vehicle to a retail purchaser other than through a
7	licensed or authorized dealer;
8	(4) fails to submit a license amendment application in the electronic system designated
9	by the department for licensing to notify the department of a change of the license holder's physical
10	address, mailing address, telephone number, or email address within 10 days of the change;
11	(5) fails to timely submit a license amendment application in the electronic system
12	designated by the department for licensing to notify the department of a license holder's business or
13	assumed name change, deletion of a line-make, or management or ownership change;
14	(6) fails to notify the department or pay or reimburse a franchised dealer as required by
15	<u>law;</u>
16	(7) misuses or fails to display a license plate as required by law;
17	(8) fails to provide a manufacturer's certificate for a new vehicle if a manufacturer or
18	distributor;
19	(9) fails to remain regularly and actively engaged in the business of manufacturing,
20	assembling, or modifying a new motor vehicle of the type and line make for which a license has been
21	issued by the department;

1	(10) violates a provision of Occupations Code, Chapter 2301; Transportation Code
2	Chapters 503 and 1001 - 1005; a board order or rule; or a regulation of the department relating to the
3	manufacture, assembly, sale, lease, distribution, financing, or insuring of vehicles, including advertising
4	rules under Subchapter H of this chapter (relating to Advertising);
5	(11) is convicted of an offense that directly relates to the duties or responsibilities of the
6	occupation in accordance with §211.3 of this title (relating to Criminal Offense Guidelines);
7	(12) is determined by the board or department, in accordance with §215.89 of this title
8	(relating to Fitness), to be unfit to hold a license;
9	(13) omits information or makes a material misrepresentation in any application or other
10	documentation filed with the department including providing a false or forged identity document or a
11	false or forged photograph, electronic image, or other document;
12	(14) fails to remit payment as ordered for a civil penalty assessed by the board or
13	department;
14	(15) sells a new motor vehicle without a franchised dealer's license issued by the
15	department;
16	(16) violates any state or federal law or regulation relating to the manufacture,
17	distribution, modification, or sale of a motor vehicle;
18	(17) fails to issue a refund as ordered by the board or department; or
19	(18) fails to participate in a statutorily required mediation without good cause.
20	
21	SUBCHAPTER <u>D[</u> E]. GENERAL DISTINGUISHING NUMBERS

1 215.131. Purpose and Scope 2 This subchapter implements Transportation Code, Chapters 503 and 1001 – 1005 and Occupations 3 Code, Chapter 2301, and applies to general distinguishing numbers issued by the department. 4 5 215.132. Definitions 6 The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following meanings, 7 unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. 8 (1) Barrier--A material object or set of objects that separates or demarcates. 9 (2)[Charitable organization--Has the meaning assigned by Transportation Code, 10 §503.062(e). 11 (3) Consignment sale--The owner-authorized sale of a motor vehicle by a person other 12 than the owner. 13 (3)[44] House trailer--A nonmotorized vehicle designed for human habitation and for 14 carrying persons and property on its own structure and for being drawn by a motor vehicle. A 15 house trailer does not include manufactured housing. A towable recreational vehicle, as defined by 16 Occupations Code, §2301.002, is included in the terms "house trailer" or "travel trailer." 17 [(5) License--A dealer's GDN assigned by the department identifying the type of business 18 for a specified location from which the person engages in business.] 19 (4)[(6)] Person--Has the meaning assigned by Occupations Code, §2301.002. 20 (5)[(7)] Sale--With regard to a specific vehicle, the transfer of possession of that vehicle to 21 a purchaser for consideration. 22 (6)[(8)]Temporary tag.-A buyer's temporary tag, converter's temporary tag, or dealer's 23 temporary tag as described under Transportation Code, Chapter 503.

1 (7)[(9)] Towable recreational vehicle--Has the same meaning as "house trailer" defined by 2 this section. 3 (8)[(10)] Travel Trailer--Has the same meaning as "house trailer" defined by this section. 4 (9)[(11)] Vehicle--Has the meaning assigned by Transportation Code, §503.001. 5 (10)[(12)] VIN--Vehicle identification number. 6 7 215.133. [General Distinguishing Number]Licensing Requirements for a Dealer or a Wholesale 8 Motor Vehicle Auction GDN 9 (a) No person may engage in business as a dealer or as a wholesale motor vehicle auction 10 unless that person has a [currently] valid GDN assigned by the department for each location from 11 which the person engages in business. A dealer must also hold a GDN for a consignment location, 12 unless the consignment location is a wholesale motor vehicle auction. 13 (b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to a person exempt from the requirement 14 to obtain a GDN under Transportation Code §503.024. 15 (c) A GDN dealer or wholesale motor vehicle auction application shall be on a form 16 prescribed by the department and properly completed by the applicant. A GDN dealer or wholesale 17 motor vehicle auction application shall include all required information, required supporting 18 documents, and required fees and shall be submitted to the department electronically in a system 19 designated by the department for licensing. A GDN dealer or wholesale motor vehicle auction GDN

holder renewing or amending its GDN must verify current license information, provide related

information and documents for any new requirements or changes to the GDN, and pay required

applicant for a new dealer or wholesale motor vehicle auction GDN must provide the following:

fees including any outstanding civil penalties owed the department under a final order. An

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1	(1) Required information:
2	(A) type of GDN requested;
3	(B) business information, including the name, physical and mailing
4	addresses, telephone number, Secretary of State file number (if applicable), and website address
5	(if applicable);
6	(C) [application contact name, email address, and telephone
7	number]contact name, email address, and telephone number of the person submitting the
8	application;
9	(D) contact name, email address, and telephone number of a person who
10	can provide information about business operations and the motor vehicle products or services
11	offered;
12	(E)[(D)] the name, social security number, date of birth, identity document
13	information, and ownership percentage for each owner, partner, member, or principal if the
14	applicant is not a publicly traded company;
15	(F)[(E)] the name, social security number, date of birth, and identity
16	document information for each officer, director, manager, trustee, or other representative
17	authorized to act on behalf of the applicant if the applicant is owned in full or in part by a legal
18	entity;
19	$\underline{(G)}[\overline{\{F\}}]$ the name, employer identification number, ownership percentage,
20	and non-profit or publicly traded status for each legal entity that owns the applicant in full or in
21	part;
22	$\underline{(H)[\{G\}]}$ the name, social security number, date of birth, and identity
23	document information of at least one manager or other bona fide employee who will be present as

1	the established and permanent place of business if the owner is out of state or will not be present
2	during business hours at the established and permanent place of business in Texas;
3	(I)[(H)] if a dealer, the name and business email address of the temporary
4	tag database account administrator designated by the applicant who must be an owner or
5	representative listed in the application;
6	$\underline{(J)}[\{I\}]$ criminal history record information under the laws of Texas, another
7	state in the United States, the United States, and any foreign jurisdiction for each person listed in
8	the application, including offense description, date, and location;
9	(K)[(J)] military service status;
10	(L)[(K)] licensing history required to evaluate fitness for licensure under
11	§215.89 of this title (relating to Fitness);
12	(M)[(L)] information about the business location and business premises,
13	including whether the applicant will operate as a salvage vehicle dealer at the location;
14	(N) [(M)] history of insolvency, including outstanding or unpaid debts,
15	judgments, or liens, unless the debt was discharged under 11 U.S.C. §§101 et seq. (Bankruptcy Act
16	or is pending resolution under a case filed under the Bankruptcy Act;
17	(O)[(N)] signed Certification[Certificate] of Responsibility, which is a form
18	provided by the department; and
19	$\underline{(P)}[\overline{(O)}]$ any other information required by the department to evaluate the
20	application under current law and board rules.
21	(2) A legible and accurate electronic image of each applicable required document:
22	(A) proof of a surety bond if required under §215.137 of this title (relating
23	to Surety Bond);

1	(B) the certificate of filing, certificate of incorporation, or certificate of
2	registration on file with the Secretary of State, if applicable;
3	(C) each assumed name certificate on file with the Secretary of State or
4	county clerk;
5	(D) at least one of the following current identity documents for each natural
6	person listed in the application:
7	(i) [current -]driver license;
8	(ii) [current-] Texas Identification Card issued by the Texas
9	Department of Public Safety under Transportation Code, Chapter 521, Subchapter E;
10	(iii) [current-] license to carry a handgun issued by the Texas
11	Department of Public Safety under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H;
12	(iv) [current -] passport; or
13	(v) [current-] United States military identification card[armed forces
14	identification].
15	(E) a certificate of occupancy, certificate of compliance, or other official
16	documentation confirming the business location complies with municipal ordinances, including
17	zoning, occupancy, or other requirements for a vehicle business;
18	(F) documents proving business premises ownership, or lease or sublease
19	agreement for the license period;
20	(G) business premises photos and a notarized affidavit certifying that all
21	premises requirements in §215.140 of this title (relating to Established and Permanent Place of
22	Business Premises Requirements) are met and will be maintained during the license period;

1 (H) evidence of franchise if applying for a franchised motor vehicle dealer 2 GDN; 3 (I) proof of completion of the dealer education and training required under 4 Transportation Code §503.0296, if applicable; and 5 (J) any other documents required by the department to evaluate the 6 application under current law and board rules. 7 (3) Required fees: 8 (A) the fee [for the GDN-] for each type of license requested as prescribed by 9 law; and 10 (B) the fee, including applicable taxes, for each standard[metal] dealer plate 11 requested by the applicant as prescribed by law. 12 (d) An applicant for a dealer or wholesale GDN must also comply with fingerprint 13 requirements in §211.6 of this title (relating to Fingerprint Requirements for Designated License 14 Types[General Distinguishing Numbers]), if applicable. 15 (e) An applicant for a dealer GDN operating under a name other than the applicant's 16 business name shall use the assumed name under which the applicant is authorized to do business, 17 as filed with the Secretary of State or county clerk, and the assumed name of such legal entity shall 18 be recorded by the applicant on the application using the letters "DBA." The applicant may not use 19 an assumed name that may be confused with or is similar to that of a governmental entity or that 20 is otherwise deceptive or misleading to the public. 21 (f) A wholesale motor vehicle dealer GDN holder may sell or exchange vehicles with 22 licensed or authorized dealers only. A wholesale motor vehicle dealer GDN holder may not sell or 23 exchange vehicles at retail.

1 (g) An independent mobility motor vehicle dealer shall retain and produce for inspection all 2 records relating to the license requirements under Occupations Code, §2301.002(17-b) and all 3 information and records required under Transportation Code §503.0295. 4 (h) In evaluating a new or renewal[-dealer] GDN application or an application for a new 5 GDN location, the department may require a site visit to determine if the business location meets 6 the requirements in §215.140. The department will require the applicant or GDN holder to provide 7 a notarized affidavit confirming that all premises requirements are met and will be maintained 8 during the license period. 9 (i) A person holding an independent motor vehicle GDN does not have to hold a salvage 10 vehicle dealer license to: 11 (1) act as a salvage vehicle dealer or rebuilder; or 12 (2) store or display a motor vehicle as an agent or escrow agent of an insurance 13 company. 14 (j) To be eligible for an independent motor vehicle GDN, a person must complete dealer 15 education and training specified by the department, except as provided in this subsection: 16 (1) once a person has completed the required dealer education and training, the 17 person will not have to retake the dealer education and training for subsequent GDN renewals, but 18 may be required to provide proof of dealer education and training completion as part of the GDN 19 renewal process; 20 (2) a person holding an independent motor vehicle GDN for at least 10 years as of

September 1, 2019, is exempt from the dealer education and training requirement; and.

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1 (3) a military service member, military spouse, or military veteran will receive 2 appropriate credit for prior training, education, and professional experience and may be exempted 3 from the dealer education and training requirement. 4 5 215.134 Requirements for a Drive-a-way In-Transit License 6 (a) No drive-a-way operator may engage in business in Texas unless that person has a 7 currently valid drive-a-way operator in-transit license issued by the department. 8 (b) A drive-a-way operator in-transit application shall be on a form prescribed by the 9 department and properly completed by the applicant. A drive-a-way operator in-transit application 10 shall include all required information, required supporting documents, and required fees and shall 11 be submitted to the department electronically in a system designated by the department for 12 licensing. 13 (c) A drive-a-way operator in-transit license holder renewing or amending its license must 14 verify current license information, provide related information and documents for any new 15 requirements or changes to the license, and pay required fees. 16 (d) An applicant for a new license must register for an account in the department-designated 17 licensing system by selecting the licensing system icon on the dealer page of the department website. An 18 applicant must designate the account administrator and provide the name and email address for that 19 person, and provide the business telephone number, name, business type, and social security number or 20 employer identification number, as applicable. The applicant's licensing account administrator must be 21 an owner, officer, manager, or bona fide employee. 22 (e) Once registered, an applicant may apply for a new license and must provide the 23 following:

1	(1) Required information:
2	(A) type of license requested;
3	(B) business information, including the name, physical and mailing
4	addresses, telephone number, Secretary of State file number (if applicable), and website address
5	(if applicable);
6	(C) contact name, email address, and telephone number of the person
7	submitting the application;
8	(D) contact name, email address, and telephone number of a person who
9	can provide information about business operations and the motor vehicle services offered;
10	(E) the name, social security number, date of birth, identity document
11	information, and ownership percentage for each owner, partner, member, beneficiary, or principal
12	if the applicant is not a publicly traded company;
13	(F) the name, social security number, date of birth, and identity document
14	information for each officer, director, manager, trustee, or other representative authorized to act
15	on behalf of the applicant if the applicant is owned in full or in part by a legal entity;
16	(G) the name, employer identification number, ownership percentage, and
17	non-profit or publicly traded status for each legal entity that owns the applicant in full or in part;
18	(H) criminal history record information under the laws of Texas, another
19	state in the United States, the United States, and any foreign jurisdiction for each person listed in
20	the application, including offense description, date, and location;
21	(I) military service status;
22	(J) licensing history required to evaluate fitness for licensure under §215.89
23	of this title (relating to Fitness);

1	(K) signed Certification of Responsibility, which is a form provided by the
2	department; and
3	(L) any other information required by the department to evaluate the
4	application under current law and board rules.
5	(2) A legible and accurate electronic image of each applicable required document:
6	(A) the certificate of filing, certificate of incorporation, or certificate of
7	registration on file with the Secretary of State, if applicable;
8	(B) each assumed name certificate on file with the Secretary of State or
9	county clerk;
10	(C) at least one of the following current identity documents for each natural
11	person listed in the application:
12	(i) driver license;
13	(ii) Texas Identification Card issued by the Texas Department of
14	Public Safety under Transportation Code, Chapter 521, Subchapter E;
15	(iii) license to carry a handgun issued by the Texas Department of
16	Public Safety under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H;
17	(iv) passport; or
18	(v) United States military identification card;
19	(D) a list of manufacturers, distributors, dealers, or auctions for which the
20	applicant provides drive-a-way services;
21	(E) a description of the business model or business process, transportation
22	methods, compensation agreements, products, and services used or offered sufficient to allow
23	department to determine if the license type applied for is appropriate under Texas law; and

1	(F) any other documents required by the department to evaluate the
2	application under current law and board rules.
3	(3) Required fees:
4	(A) the license fee as prescribed by law; and
5	(B) the fee, including any taxes, for each standard drive-a-way in-transit
6	license plate requested by the applicant as prescribed by law.
7	(f) An applicant for a drive-a-way operator in-transit license must also comply with
8	fingerprint requirements in §211.6 of this title (relating to Fingerprint Requirements for
9	Designated License Types).
10	(g) An applicant operating under a name other than the applicant's business name shall use
11	the name under which the applicant is authorized to do business, as filed with the Secretary of
12	State or county clerk, and the assumed name of such legal entity shall be recorded by the applicant
13	on the application using the letters "DBA." The applicant may not use an assumed name that may
14	be confused with or is similar to that of a governmental entity or that is otherwise deceptive or
15	misleading to the public.
16	
17	215.135. More than One Location
18	(a) A dealer that holds a GDN for a particular type of vehicle may operate from more than one
19	location within the limits of a municipality[city], provided each location is operated by the same legal
20	entity and meets the requirements of §215.140 of this title (relating to Established and Permanent Place
21	of Business <u>Premises Requirements</u>).
22	(b) Additional locations not located within the limits of the same municipality[city] of the initial
23	dealership are required to:

1	(1) obtain a new GDN; and
2	(2) provide a new surety bond reflecting the additional location[7] unless the licensed
3	location is exempt by statute from the surety requirement.
4	(c) A dealer that relocates from a point outside the limits of a city or relocates to a point not
5	within the limits of the same city of the initial location is required to:
6	(1) obtain a new GDN; and
7	(2) provide a new surety bond reflecting the new address[7] unless the licensed location
8	is exempt by statute from the surety requirement.
9	(d) A dealer shall notify the department in writing within 10 days of opening, closing, or
10	relocating a[ny] licensed location by filing an amendment application electronically in the system
11	designated by the department for licensing. Each location must meet and maintain the requirements of
12	§215.140.
13	(e) A dealer may not commence business at any location until the department issues a license
14	specific to that location.
15	
16	215.137. Surety Bond
17	(a) The surety bond required by Transportation Code, §503.033 shall be in the legal business
18	name in which the dealer's GDN[license] will be issued and shall contain the complete physical address
19	of each [dealership] location licensed under the GDN that the surety bond is intended to cover.

1	(b) A surety bond executed by an agent representing a bonding company or surety must be
2	supported by an original power of attorney from the bonding company or surety.
3	(c) The identity of the obligee on a surety bond or a rider to a surety bond must be approved by
4	the department. A surety bond or rider to a surety bond may be identified as:
5	(1) a person who obtains a court judgment assessing damages and attorney's fees for an
6	act or omission on which the bond is conditioned; or
7	(2) unknown.
8	(d) A bonding company that pays any claim against a surety bond shall immediately report the
9	payment to the department.
10	(e) A bonding company shall give written notice to the department 30 days prior to canceling any
11	surety bond.
12	(f) The surety bond required by this section does not apply to a:
13	(1) franchised motor vehicle dealer licensed by the department;
14	(2) franchised motorcycle dealer licensed by the department;
15	(3) franchised house trailer or travel trailer dealer licensed by the department; or
16	(4) trailer or semitrailer dealer licensed by the department.
17	
18	215.138. Use of [Metal]Dealer's License Plates

1	(a) A[-metal] dealer's license plate shall be attached to the rear [license plate holder-] of a vehicle
2	in accordance with §217.27 of this title (relating to Vehicle Registration Insignia)[Transportation Code,
3	§503.061].
4	(b) A copy of the receipt for the [-metal] dealer's license plate issued by the department should
5	be carried in the vehicle to present[so that the receipt can be presented] to law enforcement personnel
6	upon request.
7	(c) A[metal] dealer's license plate may not be displayed on:
8	(1) a laden commercial vehicle being operated or moved on the public streets or
9	highways; or
10	(2) the dealer's service or work vehicle, except as provided by Transportation Code,
11	§503.068(b-1).
12	(d) For purposes of this section, a dealer's service or work vehicle includes:
13	(1) a vehicle used for towing or transporting another vehicle;
14	(2) a vehicle, including a light truck, used in connection with the operation of the
15	dealer's shops or parts department;
16	(3) a courtesy car on which a courtesy car sign is displayed;
17	(4) a rental or lease vehicle; and
18	(5) a boat trailer owned by a dealer or manufacturer that is used to transport more than
19	one boat.

1	(e) [As used in this section, "light truck" has the meaning assigned by Transportation Code,
2	§541.201.
3	(f)-]For purposes of this section, a light truck as defined by Transportation Code, §541.201, is not
4	considered a laden commercial vehicle when it is:
5	(1) mounted with a camper unit; or
6	(2) towing a trailer for recreational purposes.
7	(f)[g] A[metal] dealer's license plate may be displayed only on the type of vehicle for which the
8	GDN is issued and for which a dealer is licensed to sell. A nonfranchised dealer may not display a[-metal]
9	dealer's license plate on a new motor vehicle.
10	(g)[(h)] A[-metal] dealer's license plate may be displayed only on a vehicle that has a valid
11	inspection in accordance with Transportation Code, Chapter 548.
12	(h)[(i)] A dealer shall maintain a record of each[-metal dealer's] license plate issued to that
13	dealer including standard and personalized prestige plates issued by the department. The record must
14	contain:
15	(1) the assigned[-metal] dealer's license plate number;
16	(2) the year and make of the vehicle to which the [-metal] dealer's license plate is affixed;
17	(3) the VIN of the vehicle; and
18	(4) the name of the person in control of the vehicle.
19	(i)[(j)] If a dealer cannot account for a[-metal] dealer's license plate that the department issued
20	to that dealer, the dealer must:

1	(1) document the[<u>metal</u>] dealer's license plate as "void" in the[<u>metal</u>] dealer's license
2	plate record;
3	(2) within three days of discovering that the $[-metal]$ dealer's license plate is missing $[-7]$ or
4	damaged, report the dealer's license plate as lost, stolen, or damaged in the electronic system
5	designated by the department[report to the department in writing that the metal dealer's license plate
6	is lost or stolen]; and
7	(3) if found, cease use of the [metal-]dealer's license plate.
8	(j)[(k)] A[-metal] dealer's license plate is no longer valid for use after the dealer reports to the
9	department that the [-metal] dealer's license plate is lost, stolen, or damaged [-missing]. A dealer must
10	render a void plate unusable by permanently marking the front of the plate with the word "VOID" or a
11	large "X" and once marked, may destroy or recycle the license plate, or return the license plate to the
12	department for recycling.
13	(k) A dealer's license plate record must be available for inspection and copying by the
14	department during normal business hours or be available to submit electronically to the department
15	upon request.
16	(I) A dealer holder must return a department-issued license plate to the department within
17	fifteen days of the license holder closing the associated license or the associated license being revoked
18	or canceled by the department.
19	
20	215.139. [-Metal]Dealer's <u>Standard</u> License Plate Allocation

1	(a) The number of [metal-]dealer's standard license plates a dealer may order for business use is
2	based on the type of license for which the dealer applied and the number of vehicles the dealer sold
3	during the previous year.
4	(b) A new license applicant is allotted a predetermined number of [metal-]dealer's standard
5	license plates for the duration of the dealer's first license term.
6	(c) Unless otherwise qualified under this section, the maximum number of [metal-]dealer's
7	standard license plates the department will issue to a new license applicant during the applicant's first
8	license term is indicated in the following table.
9	Attached Graphic
10	(d) A dealer that submits an application to the department for a license is not subject to the
11	initial allotment limits described in this section and may rely on that dealer's existing allocation of
12	[metal] dealer's standard license plates if that dealer is:
13	(1) a franchised dealership subject to a buy-sell agreement, regardless of a change in the
14	entity or ownership;
15	(2) any type of dealer that is relocating and has been licensed by the department for a
16	period of one year or longer; or
17	(3) any type of dealer that is changing its business entity type and has been licensed by
18	the department for a period of one year or longer.
19	(e) The maximum number of [metal] dealer's standard license plates the department will issue
20	to a vehicle dealer per license term is indicated in the following table.
21	Attached Graphic

1 (f) A dealer may obtain more than the maximum number of [metal] dealer's standard license 2 plates provided by this section by submitting to the department proof of sales for the previous 12-month 3 period that justifies additional allocation. 4 (1) The number of additional [metal] dealer's standard license plates the department 5 will issue to a dealer that demonstrates a need through proof of sales is indicated in the following table. 6 Attached Graphic 7 (2) For purposes of this section, proof of sales for the previous 12-month period may 8 consist of a copy of the most recent vehicle inventory tax declaration or monthly statements filed with 9 the taxing authority in the county of the dealer's licensed location. Each copy must be stamped as 10 received by the taxing authority. A franchised dealer's license renewal application that indicates sales of 11 more than 200 units is considered to be proof of sales of more than 200 units and no additional proof is 12 required. 13 (3) The department may not issue more than two [metal] dealer's standard license 14 plates to a wholesale motor vehicle dealer. For purposes of this section, a wholesale motor vehicle 15 dealer's proof of sales may be demonstrated to the department by submitting: 16 (A) evidence of the wholesale motor vehicle dealer's sales for the previous 12-17 month period, if the wholesale motor vehicle dealer has been licensed during those 12 months; or 18 (B) other documentation approved by the department demonstrating the 19 wholesale motor vehicle dealer's transactions. 20 (g) The director may waive the [metal-]dealer's standard license plate issuance restrictions if the 21 waiver is essential for the continuation of the business. The director will determine the number of [metal

1]dealer's standard license plates the department will issue based on the dealer's past sales, dealer's
2	inventory, and any other factor the director determines pertinent.
3	(1) A request for a waiver must be submitted to the director in writing and specifically
4	state why the additional plate is necessary for the continuation of the applicant's business.
5	(2) A request for a waiver must be accompanied by proof of the dealer's sales for the
6	previous 12-month period, if applicable.
7	(3) A wholesale motor vehicle dealer may not apply for a waiver of the [metal] dealer's
8	standard license plate issuance restrictions.
9	(4) A waiver granted by the director under this section for a specific number of [metal]
10	dealer's <u>standard</u> license plates is valid for four years.
11	[(h) This section does not apply to a personalized prestige dealer's license plate issued in accordance
12	with Transportation Code, §503.0615.]
13	
14	215.140. Established and Permanent Place of Business Premises Requirements
15	(a) A dealer must meet the following requirements at each licensed location and maintain the
16	requirements during the term of the license. If multiple dealers are licensed at a location, each dealer
17	must maintain the following requirements during the entire term of the license.
18	(1) Business hours for retail dealers.
19	(A) A retail dealer's office shall be open at least four days per week for at least
20	four consecutive hours per day and may not be open solely by appointment.

(B) The retail dealer's business hours for each day of the week must be posted at the main entrance of the retail dealer's office that is accessible to the public. The owner or a bona fide employee of the retail dealer shall be at the retail dealer's licensed location during the posted business hours for the purposes of buying, selling, exchanging, or leasing vehicles. If the owner or a bona fide employee is not available to conduct business during the retail dealer's posted business hours due to special circumstances or emergencies, a separate sign must be posted indicating the date and time the retail dealer will resume operations. Regardless of the retail dealer's business hours, the retail dealer's telephone must be answered from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. weekdays by a bona fide employee, owner, answering service, voicemail service, or answering machine. A caller must be able to speak to a natural person or leave a message during these hours.

(2) Business hours for wholesale motor vehicle dealers. A dealer that holds only a wholesale motor vehicle dealer's GDN must post its business hours at the main entrance of the wholesale motor vehicle dealer's office. A wholesale motor vehicle dealer or bona fide employee shall be at the wholesale motor vehicle dealer's licensed location at least two weekdays per week for at least two consecutive hours per day. A wholesale motor vehicle dealer may not be open solely by appointment. Regardless of the wholesale motor vehicle dealer's business hours, the wholesale motor vehicle dealer's telephone must be answered from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. weekdays by a bona fide employee, owner, answering service, voicemail service, or answering machine. A caller must be able to speak to a natural person or leave a message during these hours.

(3) Business sign requirements for retail dealers.

(A) A retail dealer must display a conspicuous, permanent sign with letters at least six inches in height showing the retail dealer's business name or assumed name substantially similar to the name reflected on the retail dealer's GDN under which the retail dealer conducts business.

A business sign is considered conspicuous if it is easily visible to the public within 100 feet of the main entrance of the business office. A business sign is considered permanent only if it is made of durable, weather-resistant material.

- (B) The sign must be permanently mounted at the physical address listed on the application for the retail dealer's GDN. A business sign is considered permanently mounted if bolted to an exterior building wall or bolted or welded to a dedicated sign pole or sign support permanently installed in the ground.
- (C) A retail dealer may use a temporary sign or banner if that retail dealer can show proof that a sign that meets the requirements of this paragraph has been ordered and provides a written statement that the sign will be promptly and permanently mounted upon delivery.
- (D) A retail dealer is responsible for ensuring that the business sign complies with municipal ordinances, and that any lease signage requirements are consistent with the signage requirements in this paragraph.
 - (4) Business sign requirements for wholesale motor vehicle dealers.
- 15 (A) Exterior Sign

(i) A wholesale motor vehicle dealer must display a conspicuous, permanent sign with letters at least six inches in height showing the wholesale motor vehicle dealer's business name or assumed name substantially similar to the name reflected on the wholesale motor vehicle dealer's GDN under which the wholesale motor vehicle dealer conducts business. Effective September 1, 2023, the sign must also include the statement that "Purchasers must be Licensed Dealers" in letters at least three inches in height. A business sign is considered conspicuous if it is easily visible to

the public within 100 feet of the main entrance of the business office. A business sign is considered
 permanent only if it is made of durable, weather-resistant material.

(ii) The sign must be permanently mounted on the business property at the physical address listed on the application. A business sign is considered permanently mounted if bolted to an exterior building wall or bolted or welded to a dedicated sign pole or sign support permanently installed in the ground. A wholesale motor vehicle dealer may use a temporary exterior sign or banner if the wholesale motor vehicle dealer can show proof that a sign that meets the requirements of this paragraph has been ordered and provides a written statement that the sign will be promptly and permanently mounted upon delivery.

(B) Interior Sign

(i) If the wholesale motor vehicle dealer's office is located in an office building with one or more other businesses and an outside sign is not permitted by the property owner, a conspicuous permanent business sign permanently mounted on or beside the main door to the wholesale motor vehicle dealer's office with letters at least two inches in height is acceptable. Effective September 1, 2023, the sign must also include the statement that "Purchasers must be Licensed Dealers" in letters at least one inch in height.

(ii) An interior business sign is considered conspicuous if it is easily visible to the public within 10 feet of the main entrance of the wholesale motor vehicle dealer's office. An interior sign is considered permanent if made from durable material and has lettering that cannot be changed. An interior sign is considered permanently mounted if bolted or otherwise permanently affixed to the main door or nearby wall. A wholesale motor vehicle dealer may use a temporary interior sign or banner if the wholesale motor vehicle dealer can show proof that a sign that meets the requirements of

1 this paragraph has been ordered and provides a written statement that the sign will be promptly and 2 permanently mounted upon delivery. 3 (C) A wholesale motor vehicle dealer is responsible for ensuring that the 4 business sign complies with municipal ordinances and that any lease signage requirements are 5 consistent with the signage requirements in this paragraph. 6 (5) Office requirements for a retail dealer and a wholesale motor vehicle dealer. 7 (A) A dealer's office must be located in a building with a permanent roof and 8 connecting exterior walls on all sides. 9 (B) A dealer's office must comply with all applicable municipal ordinances, 10 including municipal zoning ordinances. The dealer is responsible for obtaining a certificate of occupancy, 11 certificate of compliance, or other required document issued by a municipal government to show 12 compliance, including a new certificate or document when the building is altered or remodeled, or when 13 the building use changes. 14 (C) A dealer's office may not be located in a residence, apartment, hotel, motel, 15 rooming house, or any room or building not open to the public. 16 (D) A dealer's office may not be located in a restaurant, gas station, or 17 convenience store, unless the office has a separate entrance door that does not require a dealer's 18 customer to pass through the other business. 19 (E) A dealer's office may not be virtual or provided by a subscription for office 20 space or office services. Access to an office space or office services is not considered an established and 21 permanent location.

1	(F) The physical address of the dealer's office must be in Texas and recognized by
2	the U.S. Postal Service and[or] capable of receiving U.S. mail and have an assigned emergency services
3	property address. The department will not mail a[-metal] dealer's license plate to an out-of-state
4	address.
5	(G) A portable-type office building may qualify as an office only if the building
6	meets the requirements of this section and is not a readily moveable trailer or other vehicle.
7	(H) The dealer's office space must:
8	(i) include at least 100 square feet of interior floor space, exclusive of
9	hallways, closets, or restrooms;
10	(ii) have a minimum seven-foot-high ceiling;
11	(iii) accommodate required office equipment; and
12	(iv) allow a dealer and customer to safely access the office and conduct
13	business in private while seated.
14	(6) Required office equipment for a retail dealer and a wholesale motor vehicle dealer.
15	At a minimum, a dealer's office must be equipped with:
16	(A) a desk;
17	(B) two chairs;
18	(C) internet access; and
19	(D) a working telephone number listed in the business name or assumed name
20	under which the dealer conducts business.

1 (7) Number of retail dealers in one building. Not more than four retail dealers may be 2 located in the same building. Each retail dealer located in the same building must meet the requirements 3 of this section. 4 (8) Number of wholesale motor vehicle dealers in one office building. Not more than 5 eight wholesale motor vehicle dealers may be located in the same office building. Each wholesale motor 6 vehicle dealer located in the same office building must meet the requirements of this section. 7 (9) Office sharing prohibition for retail dealers and wholesale motor vehicle dealers. 8 Unless otherwise authorized by the Transportation Code, a retail dealer and a wholesale motor vehicle 9 dealer licensed after September 1, 1999, may not be located in the same building. 10 (10) Dealer housed with other business. 11 (A) If a person conducts business as a dealer in conjunction with another 12 business owned by the same person and under the same name as the other business, the same 13 telephone number may be used for both businesses. If the name of the dealer differs from the name of 14 the other business, a separate telephone listing and a separate sign for each business are required. 15 (B) A person may conduct business as a dealer in conjunction with another 16 business not owned by that person only if the dealer owns the property on which business is conducted 17 or has a separate lease agreement from the owner of that property that meets the requirements of this 18 section. The same telephone number may not be used by both businesses. The dealer must have 19 separate business signs, telephone listings, and office equipment required under this section. 20 (C) A dealer's office must have permanent interior walls on all sides and be

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separate from any public area used by another business.

1 (11) Display area and storage lot requirements. 2 (A) A wholesale motor vehicle dealer is not required to have display space at the 3 wholesale motor vehicle dealer's business premises. 4 (B) A retail dealer must have an area designated as display space for the retail 5 dealer's inventory. A retail dealer's designated display area must comply with the following 6 requirements. 7 (i) The display area must be located at the retail dealer's physical 8 business address or contiguous to the retail dealer's physical address. The display area may not be in a 9 storage lot. 10 (ii) The display area must be of sufficient size to display at least five 11 vehicles of the type for which the GDN is issued. The display area[Those spaces] must be reserved 12 exclusively for the retail dealer's inventory and may not be used for customer parking, employee parking, 13 general storage, or shared or intermingled with another business or a public parking area, a driveway to 14 the office, or another dealer's display area. 15 (iii) The display area may not be on a public easement, right-of-way, or 16 driveway unless the governing body having jurisdiction of the easement, right-of-way, or driveway 17 expressly consents in writing to use as a display area. If the easement, right-of-way, or driveway is a part 18 of the state highway system, use as a display area may only be authorized by a lease agreement. 19 (iv) If a retail dealer shares a display or parking area with another 20 business, including another dealer, the dealer's vehicle inventory must be separated from the other 21 business's display or parking area by a material object or barrier that cannot be readily removed. A 22 barrier that cannot be readily removed is one that cannot be easily moved by one person and typically

weighs more than 50 pounds. A material object or barrier must be in place on all sides except for the space necessary to allow for entry and exit of vehicle inventory.

(v) If a dealer's business location includes gasoline pumps or a charging station or includes another business that sells gasoline or has a charging station, the dealer's display area may not be part of the parking area for fuel or charging station customers and may not interfere with access to or from the gasoline pumps, fuel tanks, charging station, or fire prevention equipment.

(vi) The display area must be adequately illuminated if the retail dealer is open at night so that a vehicle for sale can be properly inspected by a potential buyer.

(vii) The display area may be located inside a building; however, if multiple dealers are displaying vehicles inside a building, each dealer's display area must be separated by a material object or barrier that cannot be readily removed. A barrier that cannot be readily removed is one that cannot be easily moved by one person and typically weighs more than 50 pounds. A material object or barrier must be in place on all sides except for the space necessary to allow for entry and exit of vehicle inventory.

(C) A GDN dealer may maintain a storage lot only if the storage lot is not accessible to the public and no sales activity occurs at the storage lot. A sign stating the dealer's name, contact information, and the fact the property is a storage lot is permissible. A storage lot must be fenced or in an access-controlled location to be considered not accessible to the public. An applicant must include the physical address of a storage lot in an application for a new license if the storage lot is located at a different physical address. If a storage lot is established after a license is issued and is located at a different physical address, the dealer must submit a license amendment to add the physical address of the storage lot within 10 days of the storage lot being established.

1 (12) Dealers authorized to sell salvage motor vehicles. If an independent motor vehicle 2 dealer offers a salvage motor vehicle for sale on the dealer's premises, the vehicle must be clearly and 3 conspicuously marked with a sign informing a potential buyer that the vehicle is a salvage motor vehicle. 4 [This requirement does not apply to a licensed salvage pool operator.] 5 (13) Lease requirements. If the premises from which a dealer conducts business, 6 including any display area, is not owned by the dealer, the dealer must maintain a lease that is 7 continuous during the period of time for which the dealer's license will be issued. The lease agreement 8 must be on a properly executed form containing at a minimum: 9 (A) the name of the property owner as the lessor of the premises and the name 10 of the dealer as the tenant or lessee of the premises; 11 (B) the period of time for which the lease is valid; 12 (C) the street address or legal description of the property, provided that if only a 13 legal description of the property is included, a dealer must attach a statement verifying that the property 14 description in the lease agreement is the physical street address identified on the application as the 15 physical address for the established and permanent place of business; 16 (D) the signature of the property owner as the lessor and the signature of the 17 dealer as the tenant or lessee; and 18 (E) if the lease agreement is a sublease in which the property owner is not the 19 lessor, the dealer must also obtain a signed and notarized statement from the property owner including 20 the following information:

1 (i) property owner's full name, email address, mailing address, and
2 phone number; and
3 (ii) property owner's statement confirming that the dealer is authorized
4 to sublease the location and may operate a vehicle sales business from the location.
5 (14) Dealer must display GDN and bond notice. A dealer must display the dealer's GDN

issued by the department at all times in a manner that makes the GDN easily readable by the public and in a conspicuous place at each place of business for which the dealer's GDN is issued. [If the dealer's GDN applies to more than one location, a copy of the GDN and bond notice must be displayed in each supplemental location.] A dealer required to obtain a surety bond must post a bond notice adjacent to and in the same manner as the dealer's GDN is displayed. The notice must include the bond company name, bond identification number, and procedure by which a claimant can recover under the bond. The notice must also include the department's website address and notify a consumer that a dealer's surety bond information may be obtained by submitting a request to the department. If the dealer's GDN applies to more than one location, a copy of the GDN and bond notice must be displayed in each supplemental location.

(b) A wholesale motor vehicle auction must comply with the following premises requirements:

(1) a wholesale motor vehicle auction GDN holder must hold a motor vehicle auction on a regular periodic basis at the licensed location, and an owner or bona fide employee must be available at the business location during each auction and during posted business hours. If the owner or a bona fide employee is not available to conduct business during the posted business hours due to special circumstances or emergencies, a separate sign must be posted indicating the date and time operations will resume.

1	(2) the business telephone must be answered from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. weekdays by a
2	bona fide employee, owner, answering service, voicemail service, or answering machine. A caller must
3	be able to speak to a natural person or leave a message during these hours.
4	(2) a wholesale motor vehicle auction GDN holder must display a business sign that
5	meets the following requirements:
6	(A) The sign must be a conspicuous, permanent sign with letters at least six
7	inches in height showing the business name or assumed name substantially similar to the name reflected
8	on the GDN under which the GDN holder conducts business. A business sign is considered conspicuous
9	if it is easily visible to the public within 100 feet of the main entrance of the business office. A business
10	sign is considered permanent only if it is made of durable, weather-resistant material.
11	(B) The sign must be permanently mounted at the physical address listed on the
12	application for the wholesale motor vehicle auction GDN. A business sign is considered permanently
13	mounted if bolted to an exterior building wall or bolted or welded to a dedicated sign pole or sign
14	support permanently installed in the ground.
15	(C) An applicant may use a temporary sign or banner if the applicant can show
16	proof that a sign that meets the requirements of this paragraph has been ordered and provides a written
17	statement that the sign will be promptly and permanently mounted upon delivery.
18	(D) An applicant or holder is responsible for ensuring that the business sign
19	complies with municipal ordinances, and that any lease signage requirements are consistent with the
20	signage requirements in this paragraph.
21	(3) The business office of a wholesale motor vehicle auction GDN applicant and holder
22	must meet the following requirements:

1	(A) The office must be located in a building with a permanent roof and
2	connecting exterior walls on all sides.
3	(B) The office must comply with all applicable municipal ordinances, including
4	municipal zoning ordinances. The applicant or holder is responsible for obtaining a certificate of
5	occupancy, certificate of compliance, or other required document issued by a municipal government to
6	show compliance, including a new certificate or document when the building is altered or remodeled, or
7	when the building use changes.
8	(C) The office may not be located in a residence, apartment, hotel, motel,
9	rooming house, or any room or building not open to the public.
10	(D) The office may not be located in a restaurant, gas station, or convenience
11	store, unless the office has a separate entrance door that does not require a customer to pass through
12	the other business.
13	(E) The office may not be virtual or provided by a subscription for office space or
14 15	office services. Access to office space or office services is not considered an established and permanent location.
10	iocation.
16	(F) The physical address of the office must be in Texas and recognized by the U.S.
17	Postal Service, capable of receiving U.S. mail, and have an assigned emergency services property
18	address.
19	(G) A portable-type office building may qualify as an office only if the building
20	meets the requirements of this section and is not a readily moveable trailer or other vehicle.

1	(4) A wholesale motor vehicle auction GDN applicant and holder must have the following
2	office equipment:
3	(A) a desk;
4	(B) a chair;
5	(C) internet access; and
6	(D) a working telephone number listed in the business name or assumed name
7	under which business is conducted.
8	(5) A wholesale motor vehicle auction GDN applicant and holder must meet the
9	following display area and storage lot requirements:
10	(A) The area designated as display space for inventory must be located at the
11	physical business address or contiguous to the physical address. The display area may not be in a storage
12	<u>lot.</u>
13	(B) The display area must be of sufficient size to display at least five vehicles.
14	Those spaces must be reserved exclusively for inventory and may not be used for customer parking,
15	employee parking, general storage, or shared or intermingled with another business or a public parking
16	area, or a driveway to the office.
17	(C) The display area may not be on a public easement, right-of-way, or driveway
18	unless the governing body having jurisdiction of the easement, right-of-way, or driveway expressly
19	consents in writing to use as a display area. If the easement, right-of-way, or driveway is a part of the
20	state highway system, use as a display area may only be authorized by a lease agreement.

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(D) If the business location includes gasoline pumps or a charging station or includes another business that sells gasoline or has a charging station, the display area may not be part of the parking area for fuel or charging station customers and may not interfere with access to or from the gasoline pumps, fuel tanks, charging station, or fire prevention equipment. (E) The display area must be adequately illuminated if open at night so that a vehicle for sale can be properly inspected by a potential buyer. (F) The display area may be located inside a building. (G) A wholesale motor vehicle auction GDN holder may maintain a storage lot only if the storage lot is not accessible to the public and no sales activity occurs at the storage lot. A sign stating the business name, contact information, and the fact the property is a storage lot is permissible. A storage lot must be fenced or in an access-controlled location to be considered not accessible to the public. An applicant must include the physical address of a storage lot in an application for a new license if the storage lot is located at a different physical address. If a storage lot is established after a license is issued and is located at a different physical address, the dealer must submit a license amendment to add the physical address of the storage lot within 10 days of the storage lot being established. (6) A wholesale motor vehicle auction GDN applicant and holder must meet the following lease requirements if the business premises, including any display area, is not owned by the applicant or holder, the applicant or holder must maintain a lease that is continuous during the period of time for which the GDN will be issued. The lease agreement must be on a properly executed form containing at a minimum: (A) the name of the property owner as the lessor of the premises and the name of the GDN applicant or holder as the tenant or lessee of the premises;

1	(B) the period of time for which the lease is valid;
2	(C) the street address or legal description of the property, provided that if only a
3	legal description of the property is included, an applicant or holder must attach a statement verifying
4	that the property description in the lease agreement is the physical street address identified on the
5	application as the physical address for the established and permanent place of business;
6	(D) the signature of the property owner as the lessor and the signature of the
7	applicant or holder as the tenant or lessee; and
8	(E) if the lease agreement is a sublease in which the property owner is not the
9	lessor, the applicant or holder must also obtain a signed and notarized statement from the property
10	owner including the following information:
11	(i) property owner's full name, email address, mailing address, and
12	phone number; and
13	(ii) property owner's statement confirming that the dealer is authorized
14	to sublease the location and may operate a wholesale motor vehicle auction business from the location.
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16	215.141. Sanctions
17	(a) The board or department may:
18	(1) deny an application;
19	(2) revoke a license;
20	(3) suspend a license; and

1	(4) assess a civil penalty or other action against a license applicant, a license holder, or a
2	person engaged in business for which a license is required.
3	(b) The board or department may take action described in subsection (a) of this section if a
4	license applicant, a license holder, or a person engaged in business for which a license is required:
5	(1) fails to maintain a good and sufficient bond or post the required bond notice [in the
6	amount of \$25,000]if required under Transportation Code §503.033 (relating to Security Requirement);
7	(2) fails to meet or maintain the requirements of §215.140 (relating to Established and
8	Permanent Place of Business Premises Requirements);
9	(3) fails to maintain records required under this chapter;
10	(4)[3] refuses or fails to comply with a request by a representative of the department to
11	examine and copy during [the license holder's] business hours at the <u>business[licensed]</u> location:
12	(A) sales records required to be maintained by §215.144 of this title (relating to
13	Records);
14	(B) ownership papers for a vehicle owned by that dealer or under that dealer's
15	control;
16	(C) evidence of ownership or a current lease agreement for the property on
17	which the business is located; or
18	(D) the Certificate of Occupancy, Certificate of Compliance, business license or
19	permit, or other official documentation confirming compliance with county and municipal laws or
20	ordinances for a vehicle business at the licensed physical location.

1	(5)[4] refuses or fails to timely comply with a request for records made by a
2	representative of the department;
3	(6)[{5}] holds a wholesale motor vehicle dealer's license and[÷]
4	[(A) fails to meet the requirements of §215.140 of this title (relating to
5	Established and Permanent Place of Business); or
6	(B)] sells or offers to sell a motor vehicle to a person other than a licensed or
7	authorized dealer;
8	(7)[(6)] sells or offers to sell a type of vehicle that the person is not licensed to sell;
9	(8)[(7)] fails to submit a license amendment application in the electronic system
10	designated by the department for licensing to notify the department of a change of the license holder's
11	physical address, mailing address, telephone number, or email address within 10 days of the change,
12	including a change in the physical address of a storage lot;
13	(9)[(8)] fails to submit a license amendment application in the electronic system
14	designated by the department for licensing to notify the department of a license holder's name change
15	or management or ownership change within 10 days of the change;
16	(10)[9] except as provided by law, issues more than one buyer's temporary tag for the
17	purpose of extending the purchaser's operating privileges for more than 60 days;
18	(11)[(10)] fails to remove a license plate or registration insignia from a vehicle that is
19	displayed for sale;
20	(12)[(11)] misuses a metal dealer's license plate or a temporary tag;

1	(13)[(12)] fails to display a metal dealer's license plate or temporary tag, as required by
2	law;
3	(14)[(13)] holds open a title or fails to take assignment of a certificate of title,
4	manufacturer's certificate, or other basic evidence of ownership for a vehicle acquired by the dealer, or
5	fails to assign the certificate of title, manufacturer's certificate, or other basic evidence of ownership for
6	a vehicle sold;
7	(15)[(14)] fails to remain regularly and actively engaged in the business of buying, selling
8	or exchanging vehicles of the type for which the GDN is issued by the department;
9	(16)[(15)] violates a provision of Occupations Code, Chapter 2301; Transportation Code
10	Chapters 503 and $\underline{1001}[\underline{1000}]$ - 1005; a board order or rule; or a regulation of the department relating to
11	the sale, lease, distribution, financing, or insuring of vehicles, including advertising rules under
12	Subchapter H of this chapter (relating to Advertising);
13	(17)[(16)] is convicted of an offense that directly relates to the duties or responsibilities
14	of the occupation in accordance with §211.3 of this title (relating to Criminal Offense Guidelines);
15	(18)[(17)] is determined by the board or department, in accordance with §215.89 of this
16	title (relating to Fitness), to be unfit to hold a license;
17	(19)[(18)] has not assigned at least five vehicles in the prior 12 months, provided the
18	dealer has been licensed more than 12 months;
19	(20)[(19)] files <u>or provides</u> a false or forged:
20	(A) title document, including an affidavit making application for a certified copy
21	of a title; or

1	(B) tax document, including a sales tax statement or affidavit;
2	(21)[(20)] uses or allows use of that dealer's license or location for the purpose of
3	avoiding a provision of Occupations Code, Chapter 2301; Transportation Code, Chapters 503 and 1000 -
4	1005; or other laws;
5	(22)[(21)] omits information or makes a material misrepresentation in any application or
6	other documentation filed with the department including providing a false or forged identity document
7	or a false or forged photograph, electronic image, or other document;
8	(23)[(22)] fails to remit payment as ordered for a civil penalty assessed by the board or
9	department;
10	(24)[(23)] sells a new motor vehicle without a franchised dealer's license issued by the
11	department;
12	(25)[(24)] fails to comply with a dealer responsibility under §215.150 of this title
13	(relating to Authorization to Issue Temporary Tags);
14	(26) utilizes a temporary tag that fails to meet the requirements of §215.153 of this title
15	(relating to Specifications for All Temporary Tags);
16	(27)[(25)] violates any state or federal law or regulation relating to the sale of a motor
17	vehicle; [er]
18	(28)[(26) effective January 1, 2017,] knowingly fails to disclose that a motor vehicle has
19	been repaired, rebuilt, or reconstructed and issued a title under Transportation Code, §501.100 (relating
20	to Application for Regular Certificate of Title for Salvage Vehicle);
21	(29) fails to issue a refund as ordered by the board or department; or

1	(30) fails to acquire or maintain a required certificate of occupancy, certificate of
2	compliance, business license or permit, or other official documentation for the licensed location
3	confirming compliance with county or municipal laws or ordinances or other local requirements for a
4	vehicle business.
5	
6	215.143 Drive-a-way Operator In-Transit License Plates
7	(a) A drive-a-way operator may apply for a drive-a-way in-transit standard license plate:
8	(1) when applying for a new or renewal in-transit license, or
9	(2) by submitting a plate request application electronically in the system designated by
10	the department.
11	(b) A drive-a-way operator must display an in-transit license plate in the rear of each transported
12	motor vehicle from the vehicle's point of origin to its point of destination in Texas in accordance with
13	§217.27 of this title (relating to Vehicle Registration Insignia).
14	(c) A drive-a-way operator shall maintain a record of each license plate issued to the operator by
15	the department. The record of each license plate issued must contain:
16	(1) the license plate number;
17	(2) the year and make of the vehicle to which the license plate is affixed;
18	(3) the VIN of the vehicle; and
19	(4) the name of the person in control of the vehicle.

1	(d) If a drive-a-way operator cannot account for a license plate or a license plate is damaged, the
2	operator must:
3	(1) document the license plate as "void" in the operator's plate record;
4	(2) within three days of discovering that the license plate is missing or damaged, report
5	the license plate as lost, stolen, or damaged in the electronic system designated by the department; and
6	(3) if found once reported, cease use of the license plate.
7	(e) A license plate is no longer valid for use after the drive-a-way operator reports to the
8	department that the plate is lost, stolen, or damaged. A drive-a-way operator must render a void plate
9	unusable by permanently marking the front of the plate with the word "VOID" or a large "X" and once
10	marked, may destroy or recycle the license plate, or return the license plate to the department for
11	recycling.
12	(f) The drive-a-way operator's license plate record must be available for inspection and copying
13	by the department during normal business hours or be available to submit electronically to the
14	department upon request.
15	(g) In evaluating requests for additional license plates, the department will consider the business
16	justification provided by a drive-a-way operator including the following:
17	(1) the number of vehicles currently being transported to a location in Texas;
18	(2) the highest number of motor vehicles transported in the prior 12 months;
19	(3) the size and type of business; and

1 (4) the operator's record of tracking and reporting missing or damaged plates to the 2 department. 3 (h) If a drive-a-way operator closes the associated license or the associated license is revoked or 4 canceled by the department, the operator must return a license plate to the department within 15 days. 5 6 215.144. Records 7 (a) Purchases and sales records. A dealer must maintain a complete record of all vehicle 8 purchases and sales for a minimum period of 48 months and make the record available for inspection 9 and copying by [a representative] of the department during business hours. 10 (b) Independent mobility motor vehicle dealers. An independent mobility motor vehicle dealer 11 must keep a complete written record of each vehicle purchase, vehicle sale, and any adaptive work 12 performed on each vehicle for a minimum period of 36 months after the date the adaptive work is 13 performed on the vehicle. An independent mobility motor vehicle dealer shall also retain and produce 14 for inspection all records relating to the license requirements under Occupations Code, §2301.002(17-b) 15 and all information and records required under Transportation Code §503.0295. 16 (c) Location of records. A dealer's record reflecting purchases and sales for the preceding 13 17 months must be maintained at the dealer's licensed location. Original titles are not required to be kept 18 at the licensed location[7] but must be made available to the agency upon reasonable request. A dealer's 19 record for prior time periods may be kept off-site. 20 (d) Request for records. Within 15 days of receipt of a request sent by mail or electronic 21 document transfer from [a representative of] the department, a dealer must deliver a copy of the

1	specified records to the address listed in the request. If a dealer has a concern about the origin of a
2	records request, the dealer may verify that request with the division prior to submitting its records.
3	(e) Content of records. A dealer's complete record for each vehicle purchase or vehicle sale must
4	contain:
5	(1) the date of the purchase;
6	(2) the date of the sale;
7	(3) the VIN;
8	(4) the name and address of the person selling the vehicle to the dealer;
9	(5) the name and address of the person purchasing the vehicle from the dealer;
10	(6) the name and address of the consignor if the vehicle is offered for sale by
11	consignment;
12	(7) except for a purchase or sale where the Tax Code does not require payment of motor
13	vehicle sales tax, a copy of the receipt, titled "Tax Collector's Receipt for Texas Title
14	Application/Registration/Motor Vehicle Tax";
15	(8) a copy of all documents, forms, and agreements applicable to a particular sale,
16	including a copy of:
17	(A) the title application;
18	(B) the work-up sheet;
19	(C) the front and back of manufacturer's certificate of origin or manufacturer's
20	statement of origin, unless the title is obtained through the electronic title system;

1 (D) the front and back of the title, unless the title is obtained through the 2 electronic title system; 3 (E) the factory invoice; 4 (F) the sales contract; 5 (G) the retail installment agreement; 6 (H) the buyer's order; 7 (I) the bill of sale; 8 (J) any waiver; 9 (K) any other agreement between the seller and purchaser; [and] 10 (L) the purchaser's photo identification; and [Form VTR-136, relating to County of 11 Title Issuance, completed and signed by the buyer;] 12 (M) the rebuilt salvage disclosure 13 (9) the original manufacturer's certificate of origin, original manufacturer's statement of 14 origin, or original title for motor vehicles offered for sale by a dealer, and a properly stamped original 15 manufacturer's certificate of origin, original manufacturer's statement of origin, or original title for 16 motor vehicles sold by a dealer if the title transaction is entered into the electronic system by the dealer; 17 (10) the dealer's monthly Motor Vehicle Seller Financed Sales Returns, if any; and 18 (11) if the vehicle sold is a motor home or a towable recreational vehicle subject to 19 inspection under Transportation Code, Chapter 548, a copy of the written notice provided to the buyer at 20 the time of the sale, notifying the buyer that the vehicle is subject to inspection requirements.

1	(f) Title assignments.
2	(1) For each vehicle a dealer acquires or offers for sale, the dealer must properly take
3	assignment in the dealer's name of any:
4	(A) title;
5	(B) manufacturer's statement of origin;
6	(C) manufacturer's certificate of origin; or
7	(D) other evidence of ownership.
8	(2) Unless not required by Transportation Code, §501.0234(b), a[A] dealer must apply in
9	the name of the purchaser of a vehicle for the <u>title and</u> registration, <u>if applicable</u> , of the vehicle with
10	<u>a[the appropriate]</u> county tax assessor-collector[as selected by the purchaser].
11	(3) To comply with Transportation Code, §501.0234(f), a registration is considered filed
12	within a reasonable time if the registration is filed within:
13	(A) 20 working days of the date of sale of the vehicle for a vehicle <u>titled or</u>
14	registered in Texas; or
15	(B) 45 days of the date of sale of the vehicle for a dealer-financed transaction
16	involving a vehicle that is <u>titled or</u> registered in Texas.
17	(4) The dealer is required to provide to the purchaser the receipt for the <u>title and</u>
18	registration application.
19	(5) The dealer is required to maintain a copy of the receipt for the title and registration
20	application in the dealer's sales file.

1	(g) Out_of_state sales. For a sale[s transaction-]involving a vehicle to be transferred out of state,
2	the dealer must:
3	(1) within 20 working days of the date of sale, either file the application for certificate of
4	title on behalf of the purchaser or deliver the properly assigned evidence of ownership to the purchaser;
5	and
6	(2) maintain in the dealer's record at the dealer's licensed location a photocopy of the
7	completed sales tax exemption form for out of state sales approved by the Texas Comptroller of Public
8	Accounts.
9	(h) Consignment sales. A dealer offering a vehicle for sale by consignment shall have a written
10	consignment agreement or a power of attorney for the vehicle, and shall, after the sale of the vehicle,
11	take assignment of the vehicle in the dealer's name and, pursuant to subsection (f), apply in the name of
12	the purchaser for transfer of title and registration, if the vehicle is to be registered, with $\underline{a}[\text{the}]$
13	appropriate] county tax assessor-collector[-as selected by the purchaser]. The dealer must, for a
14	minimum of 48 months, maintain a record of each vehicle offered for sale by consignment, including the
15	VIN and the name of the owner of the vehicle offered for sale by consignment.
16	(i) Public motor vehicle auctions.
17	(1) A GDN holder that acts as a public motor vehicle auction must comply with
18	subsection (h) of this section.
19	(2) A public motor vehicle auction:
20	(A) is not required to take assignment of title of a vehicle it offers for sale;

1	(B) must take assignment of title of a vehicle from a consignor prior to making
2	application for title on behalf of the buyer; and
3	(C) must make application for title on behalf of the purchaser and remit motor
4	vehicle sales tax within 20 working days of the sale of the vehicle.
5	(3) A GDN holder may not sell another GDN holder's vehicle at a public motor vehicle
6	auction.
7	(j) Wholesale motor vehicle auction records. A wholesale motor vehicle auction license holder
8	must maintain, for a minimum of 48 months, a complete record of each vehicle purchase and sale
9	occurring through the wholesale motor vehicle auction. The wholesale motor vehicle auction license
10	holder shall make the record available for inspection and copying by [a representative of] the
11	department during business hours.
12	(1) A wholesale motor vehicle auction license holder must maintain at the licensed
13	location a record reflecting each purchase and sale for at least the preceding 24 months. Records for
14	prior time periods may be kept off-site.
15	(2) Within 15 days of receipt of a request sent by mail or by electronic document
16	transfer from a representative of the department, a wholesale motor vehicle auction license holder mus
17	deliver a copy of the specified records to the address listed in the request.
18	(3) A wholesale motor vehicle auction license holder's complete record of each vehicle
19	purchase and sale shall, at a minimum, contain:
20	(A) the date of sale;
21	(B) the VIN;

1	(C) the name and address of the person selling the vehicle;
2	(D) the name and address of the person purchasing the vehicle;
3	(E) the dealer license number of both the selling dealer and the purchasing
4	dealer, unless either is exempt from holding a license;
5	(F) all information necessary to comply with the Truth in Mileage Act;
6	(G) auction access documents, including the written authorization and
7	revocation of authorization for an agent or employee, in accordance with §215.148 of this title (relating
8	to Dealer Agents);
9	(H) invoices, bills of sale, checks, drafts, or other documents that identify the
10	vehicle, the parties, or the purchase price;
11	(I) any information regarding the prior status of the vehicle such as the
12	Reacquired Vehicle Disclosure Statement or other lemon law disclosures; and
13	(J) a copy of any written authorization allowing an agent of a dealer to enter the
14	auction.
15	(k) Electronic records. A license holder may maintain a record in an electronic format if the
16	license holder can print the record at the licensed location upon request by [a representative of]the
17	department, except as provided by subsection (I) of this section.
18	(I) Use of webDEALER. A license holder utilizing the department's web-based title application
19	known as webDEALER, as defined in §217.71 of this title (relating to Automated and Web-Based Vehicle
20	Registration and Title Systems), must comply with §217.74 of this title (relating to Access to and Use of

1 webDEALER). Original hard copy titles are not required to be kept at the licensed location, but must be

2 made available to the department upon request.

- 215.145. Change of Dealer's Status
- (a) A dealer's name change requires a new bond or a rider to the existing bond reflecting the new dealer name, unless the dealer is not otherwise required to purchase a bond.
- (b) A dealer shall notify the department in writing within 10 days of a change of ownership. A licensed dealer that proposes to sell or assign to another any interest in the licensed entity, whether a corporation or otherwise, and provided the physical location of the licensed entity remains the same, shall notify the department in writing within 10 days of the change by filing an application to amend the license. If the sale or assignment of any portion of the business results in a change of entity, then the new entity must apply for and obtain a new license. A publicly held corporation only needs to inform the department of a change in ownership if one person or entity acquires a 10% or greater interest in the licensed entity.
- (c) Upon the death of a dealer of a dealership operated as a sole proprietorship, either the surviving spouse of the deceased dealer or other individual deemed qualified by the department shall submit to the department a bond rider adding the name of the surviving spouse or other qualifying person to the bond for the remainder of the bond and license term. The surviving spouse or other qualifying person may continue dealership operations under the current dealer license until the end of the license term.
- (d) For purposes of subsection (c) of this section, if the qualifying person is the sole proprietor's surviving spouse, then the surviving spouse may change the ownership of the dealership at the time the

1	license is renewed without applying for a new GDN. At the time the renewal application is filed, the sole
2	proprietor's surviving spouse is required to submit to the department:
3	(1) an application to amend the business entity;
4	(2) a copy of the sole proprietor's certificate of death, naming the surviving spouse;
5	(3) the required ownership information; and
6	(4) a bond in the name of the surviving spouse.
7	(e) For purposes of subsection (c) of this section, if the qualifying person is not the surviving
8	spouse, then the qualifying person may operate the sole proprietorship business during the term of the
9	license. The qualifying person must file with the department:
10	(1) an application to amend the business entity, identifying the qualifying person as the
11	manager;
12	(2) an ownership information form, indicating that the qualifying person has no
13	ownership interest in the business; and
14	(3) a bond rider adding the individual's name to the existing bond.
15	(f) For purposes of subsection (c) of this section, if the qualifying person is not the surviving
16	spouse, then at the time the license is due to be renewed, the qualifying person must file with the
17	department an application for a new GDN.
18	(g) A determination made under this section does not impact a decision made by the board
19	under Occupations Code, §2301.462, Succession Following Death of <u>Franchised</u> Dealer.

1	(h) A license holder gives written notice under this section by timely filing a license amendment
2	electronically in the department system designated for licensing.
3	
4	[215.146. Metal Converter's License Plates]
5	[(a) A metal converter's license plate shall be attached to the rear license plate holder of a
6	vehicle in accordance with Transportation Code, §503.0618.]
7	[(b) A converter shall maintain a record of each metal converter's license plate issued to that
8	converter. The record of each metal converter's license plate issued must contain:
9	(1) the assigned metal converter's license plate number;
10	(2) the year and make of the vehicle to which the metal converter's license plate is
11	affixed;
12	(3) the VIN of the vehicle; and
13	(4) the name of the person in control of the vehicle.]
14	[(c) If a converter cannot account for a metal converter's license plate that the department
15	issued to the converter, the converter must:
16	(1) document the metal converter's license plate as "void" in the converter's metal
17	license plate record;
18	(2) within three days of discovering that the plate is missing, report to the department in
19	writing that the metal converter's license plate is lost or stolen; and
20	(3) if found, cease use of the metal converter's license plate.]

1	[(d) A metal converter's license plate is no longer valid for use after the converter reports to the
2	department that the plate is missing.]
3	[(e) A metal converter's license plate record shall be made available for inspection and copying
4	by the department at the converter's licensed location during the converter's posted business hours.]
5	
6	215.147. Export Sales
7	(a) Before selling a motor vehicle for export from the United States to another country, a dealer
8	must obtain a legible photocopy of the buyer's government-issued photo identification document. The
9	photo identification document must be issued by the jurisdiction where the buyer resides and be:
10	(1) a passport;
11	(2) a driver['s] license;
12	(3) a [concealed handgun license or]license to carry a handgun issued by the Texas
13	Department of Public Safety under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H;
14	(4) a national identification certificate or identity document; or
15	(5) other identification document containing the:
16	(A) name of the issuing jurisdiction;
17	(B) buyer's full name;
18	(C) buyer's foreign address;
19	(D) buyer's date of birth;

1	(E) buyer's photograph; and
2	(F) buyer's signature.
3	(b) A dealer that sells a vehicle for export from the United States shall place a stamp on the title
4	that includes the words "For Export Only" and includes the dealer's [license holder's] GDN. The stamp
5	must be legible, in black ink, at least two inches wide, and placed on the:
6	(1) back of the title in all unused dealer reassignment spaces; and
7	(2) front of the title in a manner that does not obscure any names, dates, mileage
8	statements, or other information printed on the title.
9	(c) In addition to the records required to be maintained by §215.144 of this title (relating to
10	Records), a dealer shall maintain, for each motor vehicle sold for export, a sales file record. The sales file
11	record shall be made available for inspection and copying upon request by the department. The sales file
12	record of each vehicle sold for export shall contain:
13	(1) a completed copy of the Texas Motor Vehicle Sales Tax Exemption Certificate for
14	Vehicles Taken Out of State, indicating that the vehicle has been purchased for export to a foreign
15	country;
16	(2) a copy of the front and back of the title of the vehicle, showing the "For Export Only"
17	stamp and the GDN of the dealer; and
18	(3) if applicable, an Export-only Sales Record Form, listing each motor vehicle sold for
19	export only.
20	(d) A dealer, at the time of sale of a vehicle for export, shall:

1	(1) enter the information required by Transportation Code, §503.061 in the temporary
2	tag database;
3	(2) designate the sale as "For Export Only"; and
4	(3) issue a buyer's temporary tag, in accordance with Transportation Code, §503.063.
5	
6	215.148. Dealer Agents
7	(a) A dealer must provide written authorization to each person with whom the dealer's agent or
8	employee will conduct business on behalf of the dealer, including to a person that:
9	(1) buys and sells motor vehicles for resale; or
10	(2) operates a licensed auction.
11	(b) If a dealer's agent or employee that conducts business on behalf of the dealer commits an
12	act or omission that would be cause for denial, revocation, or suspension of a license in accordance with
13	Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 or Transportation Code, Chapter 503, the board may:
14	(1) deny an application for a license; or
15	(2) revoke or suspend a license.
16	(c) The board may take action described in subsection (b) of this section after notice and an
17	opportunity for hearing, in accordance with Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 and Chapter 224 of this
18	title (relating to Adjudicative Practice and Procedure).
19	(d) A dealer's authorization to an agent or employee shall:
20	(1) be in writing;

1	(2) be signed by the dealer principal or person in charge of daily activities of the
2	dealership;
3	(3) include the agent's or employee's name, current mailing address, and telephone
4	number;
5	(4) include the dealer's business name, address, and dealer license number or numbers;
6	(5) expressly authorize buying or selling by the specified agent or employee;
7	(6) state that the dealer is liable for any act or omission regarding a duty or obligation of
8	the dealer that is caused by that agent or employee, including any financial considerations to be paid for
9	the vehicle;
10	(7) state that the dealer's authorization remains in effect until the recipient of the
11	written authorization is notified in writing of the revocation of the authority; and
12	(8) be maintained as a required dealer's record and made available upon request by a
13	representative of the department, in accordance with the requirements of §215.144 of this title (relating
14	to Records).
15	(e) A license holder, including a wholesale motor vehicle auction license holder that buys and
16	sells vehicles on a wholesale basis, including by sealed bid, is required to verify the authority of any
17	person claiming to be an agent or employee of a licensed dealer who purports to be buying or selling a
18	motor vehicle:
19	(1) on behalf of a licensed dealer; or
20	(2) under the written authority of a licensed dealer.

1 (f) A title to a vehicle bought by an agent or employee of a dealer shall be: 2 (1) reassigned to the dealer by the seller or by the auction; and 3 (2) shall not be delivered to the agent or employee[7] but delivered only to the dealer or 4 the dealer's financial institution. 5 (g) Notwithstanding the prohibitions in this section, an authorized agent or employee may sign a 6 required odometer statement. 7 (h) In a wholesale transaction for the purchase of a motor vehicle, the seller may accept as 8 consideration only: 9 (1) a check or a draft drawn on the purchasing dealer's account; 10 (2) a cashier's check in the name of the purchasing dealer; or 11 (3) a wire transfer from the purchasing dealer's bank account. 12 13 215.150. Authorization to Issue Temporary Tags 14 (a) A dealer that holds a GDN may issue a dealer's temporary tag, buyer's temporary tag, or a 15 preprinted Internet-down temporary tag for authorized purposes only for each type of vehicle the dealer 16 is licensed to sell or lease. A converter that holds a converter's license under Occupations Code, Chapter 17 2301 may issue a converter's temporary tag for authorized purposes only. 18 (b) A license holder may issue an applicable dealer's temporary tag, buyer's temporary tag, or 19 converter's temporary tag until:

1	(1) the department denies access to the temporary tag database under Transportation
2	Code §503.0632(f) and §215.505 of this title (relating to Denial of Dealer or Converter Access to
3	Temporary Tag System);
4	(2) the license holder issues the maximum number of temporary tags authorized under
5	Transportation Code §503.0632(a)-(d); or
6	(3) the license is canceled, revoked, or suspended.
7	(c) A federal, state, or local governmental agency that is exempt under Section 503.024 from the
8	requirement to obtain a dealer general distinguishing number may issue one temporary buyer's tag, or
9	one preprinted Internet-down temporary tag, in accordance with Transportation Code §503.063. A
10	governmental agency that issues a temporary buyer's tag, or preprinted Internet-down temporary tag,
11	under this subsection:
12	(1) is subject to the provisions of Transportation Code §503.0631 and §503.067
13	applicable to a dealer; and
14	(2) is not required to charge the registration fee under Transportation Code §503.063(g).
15	(d) A dealer or converter is responsible for all use of and access to the applicable temporary tag
16	database under the dealer's or converter's account, including access by any user or unauthorized person.
17	Dealer and converter duties include monitoring temporary tag usage, managing account access, and
18	taking timely and appropriate actions to maintain system security, including:
19	(1) establishing and following reasonable password policies, including preventing the
20	sharing of passwords;

1	(2) limiting authorized users to owners and bona fide employees with a business need to
2	access the database;
3	(3) removing users who no longer have a legitimate business need to access the system;
4	(4) securing printed tags and destroying expired tags, by means such as storing printed
5	tags in locked areas and shredding or defacing expired tags; and
6	(5) securing equipment used to access the temporary tag database and print temporary
7	tags.
8	
9	215.152. Obtaining Numbers for Issuance of Temporary Tags
10	(a) A dealer, a federal, state, or local governmental agency, or a converter is required to have
11	internet access to connect to the temporary tag databases maintained by the department.
12	(b) Except as provided by §215.157 of this title (relating to Advance Numbers, Preprinted
13	Internet-down Temporary Tags), before a temporary tag may be issued and displayed on a vehicle, a
14	dealer, a federal, state, or local governmental agency, or converter must:
15	(1) enter in the temporary tag database true and accurate information about the vehicle,
16	dealer, converter, or buyer, as appropriate; and
17	(2) obtain a specific number for the temporary tag.
18	(c) The department will inform each dealer annually of the maximum number of buyer's
19	temporary tags the dealer is authorized to issue during the calendar year under Transportation Code

1	§503.0632. The number of buyer's temporary tags allocated to each dealer by the department will be
2	determined based on the following formula:
3	(1) Sales data determined from the department's systems from the previous three fiscal
4	years. A dealer's base number will contain the sum of:
5	(A) the greater number of:
6	(i) in-state buyer's temporary tags issued in one fiscal year during the
7	previous three fiscal years; or
8	(ii) title transactions processed through the Registration and Title System
9	in one fiscal year during the previous three fiscal years; but
10	(iii) the amount will be limited to an amount that is not more than two
11	times the number of title transactions identified in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph; and
12	(B) the addition of the greatest number of out-of-state buyer's temporary tags
13	issued in one fiscal year during the previous three fiscal years;
14	(2) the total value of paragraph (1) of this subsection will be increased by a multiplier
15	based on the dealer's time in operation giving a 10 percent increase in tags for each year the dealer has
16	been in operation up to 10 years;
17	(3) the total value of paragraph (2) of this subsection will be increased by a multiplier
18	that is the greater of:
19	(A) the dealer's actual growth rate percentage identified from the preceding two
20	fiscal years, calculated by the growth of the number of title transactions processed through the

1 Registration and Title System plus the growth of the number of out-of-state buyer's temporary tags 2 issued, except that it may not exceed 200 percent; or 3 (B) the statewide actual growth rate percentage identified from the preceding 4 two fiscal years, calculated by the growth of the number of title transactions processed through the 5 Registration and Title System plus the growth of the number of out-of-state buyer's temporary tags 6 issued, not less than zero, to determine the buyer's temporary tag allotment; and 7 (4) the department may increase the determined allotment of buyer's temporary tags 8 for dealers in the state, in a geographic or population area, or in a county, based on: 9 (A) changes in the market; 10 (B) temporary conditions that may affect sales; and 11 (C) any other information the department considers relevant. 12 (d) The department will inform each dealer annually of the maximum number of agent 13 temporary tags and vehicle specific temporary tags the dealer is authorized to issue during the calendar 14 year under Transportation Code §503.0632. The number of agent temporary tags and vehicle specific 15 temporary tags allocated to each dealer by the department, for each tag type, will be determined based 16 on the following formula: 17 (1) dealer temporary tag data for agent temporary tags and vehicle specific temporary 18 tags determined from the department's systems from the previous three fiscal years. A dealer's base 19 number will contain the maximum number of dealer temporary tags issued during the previous three 20 fiscal years;

1	(2) the total value of paragraph (1) of this subsection will be increased by a multiplier
2	based on the dealer's time in operation giving a 10 percent increase in tags for each year the dealer has
3	been in operation up to 10 years; and
4	(3) the total value of paragraph (2) of this subsection will be increased by a multiplier
5	that is the greater of:
6	(A) the dealer's actual growth rate percentage identified from the preceding two
7	fiscal years, calculated by the growth of the number of dealer's temporary tags issued, except that it may
8	not exceed 200 percent; or
9	(B) the statewide actual growth rate percentage identified from the preceding
10	two fiscal years, calculated by the growth of the number of dealer's temporary tags issued, not less than
11	zero, to determine the dealer's temporary tag allotment; and
12	(4) the department may increase a dealer's allotment of agent temporary tags and
13	vehicle specific temporary tags for dealers in the state, in a geographic or population area, or in a county,
14	based on:
15	(A) changes in the market;
16	(B) temporary conditions that may affect sales; and
17	(C) any other information the department considers relevant.
18	(e) The department will inform each converter annually of the maximum number of temporary
19	tags the converter is authorized to issue during the calendar year under Transportation Code §503.0632.
20	The number of temporary tags allocated to each converter by the department will be determined based
21	on the following formula:

1	(1) converter temporary tag data determined from the department's systems from the
2	previous three fiscal years. A converter's base number will contain the maximum number of converter
3	temporary tags issued during the previous three fiscal years;
4	(2) the total value of paragraph (1) of this subsection will be increased by a multiplier
5	based on the converter's time in operation giving a 10 percent increase in tags for each year the dealer
6	has been in operation up to 10 years; and
7	(3) the total value of paragraph (2) of this subsection will be increased by a multiplier
8	that is the greater of:
9	(A) the converter's actual growth rate percentage identified from the preceding
10	two fiscal years, calculated by the growth of the number of converter's temporary tags issued, except
11	that it may not exceed 200 percent; or
12	(B) the statewide actual growth rate percentage identified from the preceding
13	two fiscal years, calculated by the growth of the number of converter's temporary tags issued, not less
14	than zero, to determine the converter's temporary tag allotment;
15	(4) the department may increase a converter's allotment of converter temporary tags for
16	converters in the state, in a geographic or population area, or in a county, based on:
17	(A) changes in the market;
18	(B) temporary conditions that may affect sales; and
19	(C) any other information the department considers relevant.
20	(f) A dealer or converter that is licensed after the commencement of a calendar year shall be
21	authorized to issue the number of temporary tags allotted in this subsection prorated on all or part of

1 the remaining months until the commencement of the calendar year after the dealer's or converter's 2 initial license expires. The initial allocations shall be as determined by the department in granting the 3 license, but not more than: 4 (1) 1,000[600] temporary tags for a franchised dealer per each tag type, buyer's 5 temporary tags, agent temporary tags, and vehicle specific tags, unless: 6 (A) the dealer provides credible information indicating that a greater number of 7 tags is warranted based on anticipated sales, and growth, to include new and used vehicle sales, 8 including information from the manufacturer or distributor, or as otherwise provided in this section; and 9 (B) if more than 600 temporary tags are determined to be needed based on 10 anticipated sales and growth, the total number of temporary tags needed, including the 600, will be 11 doubled; 12 (2) 300 temporary tags for a nonfranchised dealer per each tag type, buyer's temporary 13 tags, agent temporary tags, and vehicle specific tags, unless the dealer provides credible information 14 indicating that a greater number of tags is warranted based on anticipated sales as otherwise provided in 15 this section; and 16 (3) A converter will be allocated 600 temporary tags, unless the converter provides 17 credible information indicating that a greater number of tags is warranted based on anticipated sales, 18 including information from the manufacturer or distributor, or as otherwise provided in this section. 19 (g) An existing dealer or converter that is: 20 (1) moving its operations from one location to a different location will continue with its 21 allotment of temporary tags and not be allocated temporary tags under subsection (f) of this section;

1 (2) opening an additional location will receive a maximum allotment of temporary tags 2 based on the greater of the allotment provided to existing locations, including franchised dealers 3 opening additional locations for different line makes, or the amount under subsection (f) of this section; 4 (3) purchased as a buy-sell ownership agreement will receive the maximum allotment of 5 temporary tags provided to the location being purchased and not be allocated temporary tags under 6 subsection (f) of this section; and 7 (4) inherited by will or laws of descent will receive the maximum allotment of temporary 8 tags provided to the location being inherited and not be allocated temporary tags under subsection (f) of 9 this section. 10 (h) A new dealer or converter may also provide credible information supporting a request for 11 additional temporary tags to the amount allocated under subsection (f) of this section based on: 12 (1) franchised dealer, manufacturer, or distributor sales expectations; 13 (2) a change in license required by death or retirement, except as provided in subsection 14 (g) of this section; 15 (3) prior year's sales by a dealership moving into the state; or 16 (4) other similar change of location or ownership that indicates some continuity in 17 existing operations. 18 (i) After using 50 percent of the allotted maximum number of temporary tags, a dealer or 19 converter may request an increase in the number of temporary tags by submitting a request in the 20 department's eLICENSING system.

(1) The dealer or converter must provide information demonstrating the need for additional temporary tags results from business operations, including anticipated needs, as required by §503.0632(c). Information may include documentation of sales and tax reports filed as required by law, information of anticipated need, or other information of the factors listed in §503.0632(b).

(2) The department shall consider the information presented and may consider information not presented that may weigh for or against granting the request that the department in its sole discretion determines to be relevant in making its determination. Other relevant information may include information of the factors listed in §503.0632(b), the timing of the request, and the applicant's temporary tag activity.

- (3) The department may allocate a lesser or greater number of additional temporary tags than the amount requested by the dealer or converter. Allocation of a lesser or greater number of additional temporary tags is not a denial of the request. Allocation of additional temporary tags under this paragraph does not limit the dealer's or converter's ability to submit additional requests for more temporary tags.
- (4) If a request is denied, a dealer or converter may appeal the denial to the Director of the Motor Vehicle Division whose decision is final.
- 17 (A) The denial will be sent to the license holder by email to the email used by18 the license holder in the request.
 - (B) The appeal must be requested within 10 business days of the denial being sent to the department though the eLICENSING system.
- (C) The appeal may discuss information provided in the request but may not
 include additional information.

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§§503.038, 503.0632(f), or 503.067.

(D) The Motor Vehicle Division Director will review the submission and any additional statements concerning the information submitted in the original request and render an opinion within 10 business days of receiving the appeal. The Motor Vehicle Division Director may decide to deny the request and issue no additional tags, or award an amount of additional temporary tags that is lesser, equal to, or greater than the request. (E) The requesting license holder will be notified as follows: (i) If the Motor Vehicle Division director has decided to deny the appeal, the license holder will be contacted by email regarding the decision and options to submit a new request with additional relevant credible supporting documentation or to pursue a claim in district court; or (ii) If the Motor Vehicle Division Director has decided to award an amount of additional temporary tags that is lesser, equal to, or greater than the request, the additional temporary tags will be added to the license holders account and the license holder will be contacted by email regarding the decision, informed that the request has not been denied, and options the license holder has to submit a new request. (5) Once a denial is final, a dealer or converter may only submit a subsequent request for additional temporary tags during that calendar year if the dealer or converter is able to provide additional information not considered in the prior request. (j) A change in the allotment under subsection (i) of this section does not create a dealer or converter base for subsequent year calculations. (k) The department may at any time initiate an enforcement action against a dealer or converter if temporary tag usage suggests that misuse or fraud has occurred as described in Transportation Code

1	(I) Unused dealer or converter tag allotments from a calendar year do not roll over to
2	subsequent years.
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4	215.154. Dealer's Temporary Tags
5	(a) A dealer's temporary tag may be displayed only on the type of vehicle for which the GDN is
6	issued and for which the dealer is licensed by the department to sell or lease.
7	(b) A wholesale motor vehicle auction license holder that also holds a dealer GDN may display a
8	dealer's temporary tag on a vehicle that is being transported to or from the licensed auction location.
9	(c) When an unregistered vehicle is sold to another dealer, the selling dealer shall remove the
10	selling dealer's temporary tag. The purchasing dealer may display its dealer temporary tag or its metal
11	dealer's license plate on the vehicle.
12	(d) A dealer's temporary tag:
13	(1) may be displayed on a vehicle only as authorized in Transportation Code §503.062;
14	and
15	(2) may not be displayed on:
16	(A) a laden commercial vehicle being operated or moved on the public streets or
17	highways;
18	(B) on the dealer's service or work vehicles;
19	(C) a golf cart as defined under Transportation Code Chapter 551; or
20	(D) an off-highway vehicle as defined under Transportation Code Chapter 551A.

1 (e) For purposes of this section, a dealer's service or work vehicle includes: 2 (1) a vehicle used for towing or transporting other vehicles; 3 (2) a vehicle, including a light truck, used in connection with the operation of the 4 dealer's shops or parts department; 5 (3) a courtesy car on which a courtesy car sign is displayed; 6 (4) a rental or lease vehicle; and 7 (5) any boat trailer owned by a dealer or manufacturer that is used to transport more 8 than one boat. 9 (f) For purposes of subsection (d) of this section, a vehicle bearing a dealer's temporary tag is not 10 considered a laden commercial vehicle when the vehicle is: 11 (1) towing another vehicle bearing the same dealer's temporary tags; and 12 (2) both vehicles are being conveyed from the dealer's place of business to a licensed 13 wholesale motor vehicle auction or from a licensed wholesale motor vehicle auction to the dealer's 14 place of business. 15 (g) As used in this section, "light truck" has the meaning assigned by Transportation Code, 16 §541.201. 17 (h) A dealer's temporary tag may not be used to operate a vehicle for the personal use of a 18 dealer or a dealer's employee. 19 (i) A dealer's temporary tag must show its expiration date, which must not exceed 60 days after 20 the date the temporary tag was issued.

1	(j) A dealer's temporary tag may be issued by a dealer to a specific motor vehicle in the dealer's
2	inventory or to a dealer's agent who is authorized to operate a motor vehicle owned by the dealer.
3	(k) A dealer that issues a dealer's temporary tag to a specific vehicle must ensure that the
4	following information is placed on the temporary tag:
5	(1) the vehicle-specific number from the temporary tag database;
6	(2) the year and make of the vehicle;
7	(3) the VIN of the vehicle;
8	(4) the month, day, and year of the temporary tag's expiration; and
9	(5) the name of the dealer.
10	(I) A dealer that issues a dealer's temporary tag to an agent must ensure that the following
11	information is placed on the temporary tag:
12	(1) the specific number from the temporary tag database;
13	(2) the month, day, and year of the temporary tag's expiration; and
14	(3) the name of the dealer.
15	
16	215.155. Buyer's Temporary Tags
17	(a) A buyer's temporary tag may be displayed only on a vehicle from the seller's inventory that
18	can be legally operated on the public streets and highways and for which a sale or lease has been
19	consummated.

1	(b) A buyer's temporary tag may be displayed only on a vehicle that has a valid inspection in
2	accordance with Transportation Code Chapter 548, unless:
3	(1) an inspection is not required under Transportation Code §503.063(i) or (j); or
4	(2) the vehicle is exempt from inspection under Chapter 548.
5	(c) For a wholesale transaction, the purchasing dealer places on the motor vehicle its own:
6	(1) dealer's temporary tag; or
7	(2) metal dealer's license plate.
8	(d) A buyer's temporary tag is valid until the earlier of:
9	(1) the date on which the vehicle is registered; or
10	(2) the 60th day after the date of purchase.
11	(e) The dealer, or federal, state, or local governmental agency, must ensure that the following
12	information is placed on a buyer's temporary tag that the dealer issues:
13	(1) the vehicle-specific number obtained from the temporary tag database;
14	(2) the year and make of the vehicle;
15	(3) the VIN of the vehicle;
16	(4) the month, day, and year of the expiration of the buyer's temporary tag; and
17	(5) the name of the dealer or federal, state, or local governmental agency.
18	(f) A dealer shall charge a buyer a fee of \$5 for the buyer's temporary tag or Internet-down
19	buyer's temporary tag issued, unless the vehicle is exempt from payment of registration fees under

1 Transportation Code, §502.453 or §502.456. A federal, state, or local governmental agency may charge a 2 buyer a fee of \$5 for the buyer's temporary tag or Internet-down buyer's temporary tag issued, unless 3 the vehicle is exempt from payment of registration fees under Transportation Code, §502.453 or 4 §502.456. The fee shall be remitted by a dealer to the county in conjunction with the title transfer, and, if 5 collected, by a federal, state, or local governmental agency, to the county, for deposit to the credit of the 6 Texas Department of Motor Vehicles fund, unless the vehicle is sold by a dealer to an out-of-state 7 resident, in which case: 8 (1) the dealer shall remit the entire fee to the department for deposit to the credit of the 9 Texas Department of Motor Vehicles fund if payment is made through the department's electronic title 10 system; or 11 (2) the dealer shall remit the fee to the county for deposit to the credit of the Texas 12 Department of Motor Vehicles fund. 13

215.160. Duty to Identify Motor Vehicles Offered for Sale as Rebuilt

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(a) For each motor vehicle a dealer displays or offers for retail sale and which the dealer knows has been a salvage motor vehicle as defined by Transportation Code, §501.091(15) and a regular title subsequently issued under Transportation Code, §501.100, a dealer shall disclose in writing that the motor vehicle has been repaired, rebuilt, or reconstructed and issued a title under Transportation Code, §501.100. The written disclosure must:

(1) be visible from outside of the motor vehicle; and

(2) contain lettering that is reasonable in size, stating as follows: "This motor vehicle has been repaired, rebuilt or, reconstructed after formerly being titled as a salvage motor vehicle."

- (b) Upon the sale of a motor vehicle which has been a salvage motor vehicle as defined by Transportation Code, §501.091(15) and a regular title subsequently issued under Transportation Code, §501.100, a dealer shall obtain the purchaser's signature on the vehicle disclosure form or on an acknowledgement written in eleven point or larger font that states as follows: "I, (name of purchaser), acknowledge that at the time of purchase, I am aware that this vehicle has been repaired, rebuilt, or reconstructed and was formerly titled as a salvage motor vehicle."
- (c) The purchaser's acknowledgement as required in subsection (b) of this section may be incorporated in a Buyer's Order, a Purchase Order, or other disclosure document. This disclosure [does not]requires a separate signature.
- (d) An original signed acknowledgement required by subsection (b) of this section or a signed vehicle disclosure form shall be given to the purchaser and a copy of the signed acknowledgement or vehicle disclosure form shall be retained by the dealer in the records of motor vehicles sales required by §215.144 of this title (relating to Records). If the acknowledgement is incorporated in a Buyer's Order, a Purchase Order, or other disclosure document, a copy of that document must be given to the purchaser and a copy retained in the dealer's records in accordance with §215.144.
 - (e) This section does not apply to a wholesale motor vehicle auction.

20 215.161. Licensing Education Course Requirements

1	(a) A motor vehicle dealer licensing education course provider must be a Texas institution of
2	higher education, as defined by Education Code, §61.003, or a motor vehicle trade association domiciled
3	in this state.
4	(b) The licensing education course must be approved by the department and must include
5	information on the laws and rules applicable to motor vehicle dealers and the consequences of violating
6	those laws and rules.
7	(c) The licensing education course must consist of at least 6 hours of online instruction for new
8	applicants and 3 hours of online instruction for renewal applicants.
9	(d) The cost for the licensing education course must not exceed \$150 per person. A trade
10	association course provider may not charge a different rate to a nonmember.
11	(e) The course provider must issue a certificate of completion to each person who successfully
12	completes the licensing education course.
13	(f) Dealer training provided by the department does not satisfy the requirements of this section.
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15	SUBCHAPTER <u>E</u> [F]. LESSORS AND LEASE FACILITATORS
16	215.171. Purpose and Scope
17	This subchapter implements Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 [and more-]specifically,
18	§§2301.251, 2301.253, 2301.254, 2301.261, 2301.262, 2301.357, and <u>Subchapter L. Vehicle Lessors</u>
19	and Vehicle Lease Facilitators[2301.551 - 2301.556], and Transportation Code Chapters 1001 -
20	<u>1005</u> .
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22	215.173. License

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(a) No person may engage in business as a vehicle lessor or a vehicle lease facilitator unless that person holds a valid license issued by the department[,] or is [otherwise] exempt[by law] from obtaining such a license under Occupations Code §2301.254. (b) Any person who facilitates vehicle leases on behalf of a vehicle lease facilitator must: (1) be on the vehicle lease facilitator's payroll and receive compensation from which social security, federal unemployment tax, and all other appropriate taxes are withheld from the person's [representative's] paycheck and paid to the proper taxing authority; and (2) have work details such as when, where, and how the final results are achieved, directed, and controlled by the vehicle lease facilitator. 215.174. Application for a License (a) An applicant for a vehicle lessor's or vehicle lease facilitator's license must submit a sufficient application to the department. To be sufficient, the application must be on a form prescribed by the department,[-and] accompanied by all required supporting documentation, and required fees and shall be submitted to the department electronically in a system designated by the department for licensing. (b) A license holder renewing or amending a license must verify current license information, provide related information and documents for any new requirements or changes to the license, and pay required fees. (c) An applicant for a new license must register for an account in the department-designated licensing system by selecting the licensing system icon on the dealer page of the department website. An applicant must designate the account administrator and provide the name and email address for that person, and provide the business telephone number, name, business type, and social security number or

1	employer identification number, as applicable. The applicant's licensing account administrator must be
2	an owner, officer, manager, or bona fide employee.
3	(d) Once registered, an applicant may apply for a new license and must provide the
4	following:
5	(1) type of license requested;
6	(2) business information, including the name, physical and mailing addresses,
7	telephone number, Secretary of State file number (if applicable), and website address (if
8	applicable);
9	(3) contact name, email address, and telephone number of the person submitting
10	the application;
11	(4) contact name, email address, and telephone number of a person who can
12	provide information about business operations and the motor vehicle services offered;
13	(5) the name, social security number, date of birth, identity document information,
14	and ownership percentage for each owner, partner, member, beneficiary, or principal if the
15	applicant is not a publicly traded company;
16	(6) the name, social security number, date of birth, and identity document
17	information for each officer, director, manager, trustee, or other representative authorized to act
18	on behalf of the applicant if the applicant is owned in full or in part by a legal entity;
19	(7) the name, employer identification number, ownership percentage, and non-
20	profit or publicly traded status for each legal entity that owns the applicant in full or in part;
21	(8) criminal history record information under the laws of Texas, another state in the
22	United States, the United States, and any foreign jurisdiction for each person listed in the
23	application, including offense description, date, and location;

(9) military service status;
(10) licensing history required to evaluate fitness for licensure under §215.89 of
this title (relating to Fitness);
(11) signed Certification of Responsibility, which is a form provided by the
department; and
(12) any other information required by the department to evaluate the application
under current law and board rules.
$\underline{\text{(e)}[\{b\}]}$ The supporting documentation for a vehicle lessor's license application shall
include a legible and accurate electronic image of each applicable required document:
(1) Certificate of incorporation, registration, or formation filed with the Texas
Secretary of State or the state in which the applicant is incorporated [verification of the criminal
background of each owner and officer of the applicant, if applicable];
(2) at least one of the following current identity documents for each natural person
listed in the application:
(A) driver license;
(B) Texas Identification Card issued by the Texas Department of Public
Safety under Transportation Code Chapter 521, Subchapter E;
(C) license to carry a handgun issued by the Texas Department of Public
Safety under Government Code Chapter 411, Subchapter H;
(D) passport; or
(E) United States military identification card;
[the fee required by law for each type of license required];

1	(3) a copy of each assumed name certificate on file with the appropriate recording
2	entity, such as the Office of the Secretary of State or the county clerk;
3	(4) a sample copy of the vehicle lease agreement between the vehicle lessor and a
4	lessee;
5	(5) a sample copy of the required fee disclosure statement regarding fees paid by
6	the vehicle lessor to a vehicle lease facilitator for the facilitation of a vehicle lease or a statement
7	that no such fees were or will be paid;
8	(6) a list including the business name(s), DBA(s), and addresses of lease facilitators
9	with whom the applicant conducts or intends to conduct business;
10	(7) a list of other satellite offices that conduct business in the State of Texas that
11	includes the address, phone number, and name of the contact person for each location;[-]
12	(8) if a vehicle lessor does not deal directly with the public to execute vehicle leases
13	and has a licensed location in another state, a vehicle lessor must provide the jurisdiction name,
14	licensed business address, and license number for each location that leases a motor vehicle to a
15	Texas citizen; and
16	(9) any other information required by the department to evaluate the application
17	under current law and board rules
18	$\underline{(f)[\{c\}]}$ The supporting documentation for a vehicle lease facilitator's license application
19	shall include a legible and accurate electronic image of each applicable required document:
20	(1) Certificate of incorporation, registration, or formation filed with the Texas
21	Secretary of State or the state in which the applicant is incorporated [verification of the criminal
22	background of each owner and officer of the applicant, if applicable];

1	(2) at least one of the following current identity documents for each natural person
2	listed in the application:
3	(A) driver license;
4	(B) Texas Identification Card issued by the Texas Department of Public
5	Safety under Transportation Code Chapter 521, Subchapter E;
6	(C) license to carry a handgun issued by the Texas Department of Public
7	Safety under Government Code Chapter 411, Subchapter H;
8	(D) passport; or
9	(E) United States military identification card;
10	(3) a copy of each assumed name certificate on file with the appropriate recording
11	entity, such as the Office of the Secretary of State or the county clerk;
12	(4) a sample copy of the vehicle lease agreement between each of the lessors the
13	lease facilitator represents, and the lessee;
14	(5) a sample copy of the required fee disclosure statement regarding fees paid by a
15	vehicle lessor to the vehicle lease facilitator for the facilitation of a vehicle lease or a statement
16	that no such fees were or will be paid;
17	(6) a list of all vehicle lessors, including names and addresses, for whom any vehicle
18	lease facilitator solicits or procures a lessee.[-The vehicle lease facilitator shall update the list upon
19	renewal of a license and within 10 days of the addition of any vehicle lessor to this list; and]
20	(7) a copy of the representation agreement between the vehicle lease facilitators
21	and each lessor; and[-]
22	(8) any other information required by the department to evaluate the application
23	under current law and board rules.

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(d) An applicant operating under a name other than the applicant's business name shall use the name under which the applicant is authorized to do business, as filed with the Secretary of State or county clerk, and the assumed name of such legal entity shall be recorded by the applicant on the application using the letters "DBA." The applicant may not use an assumed name that may be confused with or is similar to that of a governmental entity or that is otherwise deceptive or misleading to the public. (e) During the term of a license, a vehicle lessor must add, delete, or update the previously submitted list of lease facilitators and a lease facilitator must add, delete, or update the previously submitted list of new vehicle lessors within 10 days by electronically submitting a license amendment in the system designated by the department for licensing. 215.175. Sanctions (a) The board or department may: (1) deny a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator application; (2) revoke or suspend a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator license; or (3) assess a civil penalty or take other action on a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator applicant or license holder, or a person engaged in business for which a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator license is required. (b) The board or department may take action described in subsection (a) of this section if a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator applicant or license holder, or a person engaged in business for which a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator license is required: (1) fails to maintain an established and permanent place of business required by §215.177 of this title (relating to Established and Permanent Place of Business);

1	(2) fails to maintain records required under this subchapter;
2	(3) refuses or fails to comply with a request by a representative of the department
3	to examine during the vehicle lessor's or vehicle lease facilitator's posted business hours at the
4	vehicle lessor's or vehicle lease facilitator's licensed location:
5	(A) a vehicle leasing record required to be maintained by §215.178 of this
6	title (relating to Records Required for Vehicle Lessors and Vehicle Lease Facilitators);
7	(B) ownership papers for a vehicle owned, leased, or under that vehicle
8	lessor's or vehicle lease facilitator's control; or
9	(C) evidence of ownership or a current premises lease agreement for the
10	property upon which the business is located;
11	(4) refuses or fails to timely comply with a request for records made by a
12	representative of the department;
13	(5) fails to notify the department in writing by electronically submitting a license
14	amendment in the system designated by the department for licensing within 10 days of a change
15	of the vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator license holder's:
16	(A) mailing address;
17	(B) physical address;
18	(C) telephone number; or
19	(D) email address;
20	(6) fails to notify the department in writing by electronically submitting a license
21	amendment in the system designated by the department for licensing within 10 days of a change
22	of the vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator license holder's name, assumed name,
23	management, or ownership;

1	(7) fails to comply with the fee restrictions or other requirements under
2	Occupations Code, §2301.357 or Chapter 2301 Subchapter L. Vehicle Lessors and Vehicle Lease
3	Facilitators[§§2301.551 - 2301.556];
4	(8) fails to maintain advertisement records or otherwise fails to comply with the
5	advertising requirements of:
6	(A) §215.178; or
7	(B) Subchapter H of this chapter (relating to Advertising);
8	(9) violates any law relating to the sale, lease, distribution, financing, or insuring of
9	motor vehicles;
10	(10) is convicted of an offense that, in accordance with Occupations Code, Chapter
11	53 and with §215.88 of this title (relating to Criminal Offense and Action on License), directly
12	relates to the duties or responsibilities of the licensed occupation;
13	(11) is determined by the board or department, in accordance with §215.89 of this
14	title (relating to Fitness), to be unfit to hold a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator license;
15	(12) uses or allows use of a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator license in
16	violation of any law or for the purpose of avoiding any provision of Occupations Code, Chapter
17	2301; or
18	(13) [willfully-]omits material information or makes a material misrepresentation in
19	any application or other documentation filed with the department including providing a false or
20	forged identity document or a false or forged photograph, electronic image, or other document.
21	(c) The board or department may take action on a vehicle lessor's license or assess civil
22	penalties for the vehicle lessor's failure to notify the department in writing by electronically
23	submitting a license amendment in the system designated by the department for licensing within

10 days of any change, addition, or deletion to the list of vehicle lease facilitators with whom the vehicle lessor conducts business, including any change to a vehicle lease facilitator's mailing address, physical address, telephone number, or email address.

- (d) The board or department may take action on a vehicle lease facilitator's license or assess civil penalties for the vehicle lease facilitator's failure to notify the department in writing within 10 days by electronically submitting a license amendment in the system designated by the department for licensing of any change, addition, or deletion to the list of vehicle lessors for whom the vehicle lease facilitator conducts business, including any change to a vehicle lessor's mailing address, physical address, telephone number, or email address.
- (e) The board or department may take action on a vehicle lessor's or vehicle lease facilitator's license if the vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator accepts a fee from a dealer, directly or indirectly, for referring a customer who purchases or considers purchasing a motor vehicle.

- 215.176. More Than One Business Location
 - (a) A vehicle lease facilitator must be licensed separately for each business location.
- (b) A vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator that relocates from a point outside the limits of a municipality[city] or relocates to a point not within the limits of the same municipality[city] of the initial business location is required to obtain a new license.
- (c) A vehicle lessor is required to obtain a license for the vehicle lessor's primary location. A vehicle lessor must provide the address, telephone number, and the name of a contact person for all other satellite offices that conduct business in the state of Texas.

1 215.177. Established and Permanent Place of Business Premises Requirements 2 (a) A vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator operating within [the State of]Texas must 3 meet the following requirements at each location where vehicles are leased or offered for lease. 4 (1) Physical location requirements. 5 (A) A vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator operating within [the State of] 6 Texas must be open to the public. The vehicle lessor's or vehicle lease facilitator's business hours 7 for each day of the week must be posted at the main entrance of the office. The business telephone 8 must be answered from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. weekdays by a bona fide employee, owner, answering 9 service, voicemail service, or answering machine. A caller must be able to speak to a natural person or 10 leave a message during these hours. The owner or an employee of the vehicle lessor or vehicle lease 11 facilitator must be at the location during the posted business hours for the purpose of leasing 12 vehicles. In the event the owner or an employee is not available to conduct business during the 13 posted business hours, a separate sign must be posted indicating the date and time such owner or 14 employee will resume vehicle leasing operations. 15 (B) A vehicle lessor's or vehicle leasing facilitator's office structure must be 16 of sufficient size to accommodate the following required equipment: 17 (i) a desk and two chairs from which the vehicle lessor or vehicle 18 lease facilitator transacts business; [and] 19 (ii) a working telephone number listed in the business name or 20 assumed name under which the vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator conducts business; and[-] 21 (iii) internet access.

1	(C) A vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator that files an application for a
2	new license or a vehicle lessor that files an application for a satellite location must comply with the
3	following requirements:
4	(i) The office must be located in a building with a permanent roof and
5	connecting exterior walls on all sides.
6	(ii) The office must comply with all applicable local zoning
7	ordinances and deed restrictions.
8	(iii) The office may not be located within a residence, apartment,
9	hotel, motel, or rooming house or building not open to the public.
10	(iv) The physical address of the office must be recognized by the U.S.
11	Postal Service and capable of receiving U.S. mail and have an assigned emergency services property
12	address.
13	(v) The office may not be virtual or provided by a subscription for
14	office space or office services. Access to office space or office services is not considered an
15	established and permanent location.
16	(D) A portable-type office structure may qualify as an office only if the
17	structure meets the requirements of this section and is not a readily moveable trailer or other
18	vehicle.
19	(E) One or more licensed vehicle lessors or vehicle lease facilitators, or a
20	combination of one or more licensed vehicle lessors and vehicle lease facilitators may occupy the
21	same business structure and conduct vehicle leasing operations in accordance with the license
22	held by the vehicle lessor or licensed vehicle lease facilitator. Each [person engaged in business as
23	a-]vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator must have:

1 (i) a separate desk from which that vehicle lessor or vehicle lease 2 facilitator transacts business; 3 (ii) a separate working telephone number listed in the vehicle lessor 4 or vehicle lease facilitator's business name or assumed name; 5 (iii) a separate right of occupancy that meets the requirements of 6 this section; and 7 (iv) a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator license issued by the 8 department in the name of the vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator. 9 (F) A vehicle lease facilitator's established and permanent place of business 10 must be physically located within [the State of]Texas. 11 (2) Sign requirements. A vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator shall display a 12 conspicuous and permanent business sign at the licensed location showing the name under which 13 the vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator conducts business. Outdoor business signs must 14 contain letters that are at least six inches in height. The business name or assumed name on the 15 sign must be substantially similar to the name reflected on the license issued by the department. A 16 business sign is considered conspicuous if it is easily visible to the public within 100 feet of the main 17 entrance of the business office. A business sign is considered permanent only if it is made of durable, 18 weather-resistant material. 19 (3) Premises lease requirements. If the premises from which a licensed vehicle 20 lessor or vehicle lease facilitator conducts business is not owned by the license holder, the license 21 holder must maintain for the licensed location a valid premises lease that is continuous during the 22 period of time for which the vehicle lessor's or vehicle lease facilitator's license will be issued. The 23 premises lease agreement must be on a properly executed form containing at a minimum:

1	(A) the name of the <u>property owner[landlord]</u> of the premises and the name
2	of the vehicle lease facilitator as the tenant or lessee of the premises;
3	(B) the street address or legal description of the property, provided that if
4	only a legal description of the property is included, the applicant must attach a statement that the
5	property description in the lease agreement is the street address identified on the application as
6	the physical address for the established and permanent place of business; [and]
7	(C) the signature of the property owner as the lessor and the signature of the
8	applicant or holder as the tenant or lessee;
9	(D)[(C)] the period of time for which the premises lease is valid; [-] and
10	(E) if the lease agreement is a sublease in which the property owner is not the
11	lessor, the applicant or holder must also obtain a signed and notarized statement from the property
12	owner including the following information:
13	(i) property owner's full name, email address, mailing address, and
14	phone number; and
15	(ii) property owner's statement confirming that the dealer is authorized
16	to sublease the location and may operate a motor vehicle leasing business from the location.
17	[(b) A vehicle lessor that does not deal directly with the public to execute vehicle leases
18	and whose licensed location is in another state must and meet the following requirements at each
19	location.
20	(1) Physical location requirements.
21	(A) The vehicle lessor's office structure must be of sufficient size to
22	accommodate the following required equipment:

1	(i) a desk and chairs from which the vehicle lessor transacts
2	business; and
3	(ii) a working telephone number listed in the business name or
4	assumed name under which the vehicle lessor conducts business.
5	(B) A vehicle lessor that files an application for a new license or a satellite
6	location with a primary licensed location in another state must conform to the following
7	requirements:
8	(i) The office must be located in a building with connecting exterior
9	walls on all sides.
10	(ii) The office must comply with all applicable local zoning
11	ordinances and deed restrictions.
12	(iii) The office may not be located within a residence, apartment,
13	hotel, motel, or rooming house.
14	(iv) The physical address of the office must be recognized by the U.S.
15	Postal Service and capable of receiving U.S. mail.
16	(C) A portable-type office structure may qualify as an office only if the
17	structure meets the requirements of this section and is not a readily moveable trailer or other
18	vehicle.
19	(D) More than one licensed vehicle lessor may occupy the same business
20	structure and conduct vehicle leasing operations under different names in accordance with the
21	license held by each vehicle lessor. Each person engaged in business as a vehicle lessor must have:
22	(i) a separate desk from which that vehicle lessor transacts business;

1 (ii) a separate working telephone number listed in the vehicle 2 lessor's business name or assumed name; 3 (iii) a separate right of occupancy that meets the requirements of 4 this section; and 5 (iv) a vehicle lessor license issued by the department in the name of 6 the vehicle lessor. 7 (2) Sign requirements. An out of state vehicle lessor shall display a conspicuous and 8 permanent sign at the licensed location showing the name under which the vehicle lessor conducts 9 business. Outdoor signs must contain letters at least six inches in height. 10 (3) Premises lease requirements. If the out of state premises from which a licensed 11 vehicle lessor conducts business is not owned by the license holder, the license holder must 12 maintain a valid premises lease for the property of the licensed location. The premises lease must 13 be continuous during the period of time for which the license will be issued. The premises lease 14 agreement must be on a properly executed form containing at a minimum: 15 (A) the name of the landlord of the premises and the name of the licensed 16 lessor identified as the tenant of the premises; 17 (B) the street address or legal description of the property, provided that if 18 only a legal description of the property is included, the applicant must attach a statement that the 19 property description in the lease agreement is the street address identified on the application; and 20 (C) the period of time for which the premises lease is valid. 21 (b)[(c)] A vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator shall be independent of financial 22 institutions and dealerships in location and in business activities, unless that vehicle lessor or 23 vehicle lease facilitator is an:

1 (1) employee or legal subsidiary of the financial institution or dealership; or 2 (2) entity wholly owned by the financial institution or dealership. 3 (c)[(d)] For purposes of this section, an employee is a person who meets the requirements 4 of §215.173(b) of this title (relating to License). 5 6 215.178. Records Required for Vehicle Lessors and Vehicle Lease Facilitators 7 (a) Purchase and leasing records. A vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator must maintain 8 a complete record of all vehicle purchases and sales for at least one year after the expiration of the 9 vehicle lease. 10 (1) Complete r[R]ecords reflecting vehicle lease transactions that occurred within 11 the preceding 24 months must be maintained at the licensed location. Records for prior time 12 periods may be kept off-site[at a location within the same county or within 25 miles of the 13 licensed location]. 14 (2) Within 15 days of receipt of a request sent by mail or by electronic document 15 transfer from [a representative of]the department, a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator 16 must deliver a copy of the specified records to the address listed in the request. 17 (b) Content of records for lease transaction. A complete record for a vehicle lease 18 transaction must contain: 19 (1) the name, address, and telephone number of the vehicle lessor[of the vehicle 20 subject to the transaction]; 21 (2) the name, mailing address, physical address, and telephone number of each 22 vehicle lessee[of the vehicle subject to the transaction];

1	(3) the name, address, telephone number, and license number of the lease
2	facilitator[-of the vehicle subject to the transaction];
3	(4) the name, work[home-]address, and telephone number of each employee of the
4	vehicle lease facilitator that handled the transaction;
5	(5) a complete description of the vehicle involved in the transaction, including the
6	VIN;
7	(6) the name, address, telephone number, and GDN of the dealer selling the
8	vehicle, as well as the franchise license number of the dealer if the vehicle involved in the
9	transaction is a new motor vehicle;
10	(7) the amount of fee paid to the vehicle lease facilitator or a statement that no fee
11	was paid;
12	(8) a copy of the buyer's order and sales contract for the vehicle;
13	(9) a copy of the vehicle lease contract;
14	(10) a copy of all other contracts, agreements, or disclosures between the vehicle
15	lease facilitator and the consumer lessee; and
16	(11) a copy of the front and back of the manufacturer's statement of origin,
17	manufacturer's certificate of origin, or the title of the vehicle if the vehicle involved in the
18	transaction is a new motor vehicle.
19	(c) Content of records for sale of leased vehicle. A vehicle lessor's complete record for each
20	vehicle sold at the end of a lease to a lessor, a dealer, or at a wholesale motor vehicle auction must
21	contain:
22	(1) the date of the purchase;
23	(2) the date of the sale;

1	(3) the VIN;
2	(4) the name and address of the person selling the vehicle to the vehicle lessor;
3	(5) the name and address of the person purchasing the vehicle from the vehicle lessor;
4	(6) except for a purchase or sale where the Tax Code does not require payment of motor
5	vehicle sales tax, a copy of the receipt, titled "Tax Collector's Receipt for Texas Title
6	Application/Registration/Motor Vehicle Tax";
7	(7) a copy of all documents, forms, and agreements applicable to a particular sale,
8	including a copy of:
9	(A) the title application;
10	(B) the work-up sheet;
11	(C) the front and back of manufacturer's certificate of origin or manufacturer's
12	statement of origin, unless the title is obtained through the electronic title system;
13	(D) the front and back of the title, unless the title is obtained through the
14	electronic title system;
15	(E) the factory invoice;
16	(F) the sales contract;
17	(G) the retail installment agreement;
18	(H) the buyer's order;
19	(I) the bill of sale;

1	(J) any waiver;
2	(K) any other agreement between the seller and purchaser; and
3	(L) the purchaser's photo identification if sold to a lessee;
4	(8) the original manufacturer's certificate of origin, original manufacturer's statement of
5	origin, or original title for motor vehicles offered for sale, and a properly stamped original
6	manufacturer's certificate of origin, original manufacturer's statement of origin, or original title for
7	motor vehicles sold if the title transaction is entered into the electronic system by a dealer;
8	(10) the monthly Motor Vehicle Seller Financed Sales Returns, if any; and
9	(11) if the vehicle sold is a motor home or a towable recreational vehicle subject to
10	inspection under Transportation Code, Chapter 548, a copy of the written notice provided to the buyer at
11	the time of the sale, notifying the buyer that the vehicle is subject to inspection requirements.
12	(d) Records of advertising. A vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator must maintain a copy
13	of all advertisements, brochures, scripts, or an electronically reproduced copy in whatever medium
14	appropriate, of promotional materials for a period of at least 18 months. Each copy is subject to
15	inspection upon request by [a representative of]the department at the business[-of the
16	licenseholder] location during posted business hours.
17	(1) A vehicle lessor and a vehicle lease facilitator[Vehicle Lessors and vehicle lease
18	facilitators] must comply with all federal and state advertising laws and regulations, including
19	Subchapter H of this chapter (relating to Advertising).
20	(2) A vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator may not state or infer in any
21	advertisement, either directly or indirectly, that the business involves the sale of new motor
22	vehicles.

(e)[(d)] Title assignments. Each certificate of title, manufacturer's certificate of origin, or other evidence of ownership for a vehicle that has been acquired by a vehicle lessor for lease must be properly assigned from the seller in the vehicle lessor's name.

(f)[(e)] Letters of appointment. A letter of appointment between a vehicle lessor and a vehicle lease facilitator with whom the vehicle lessor conducts business must be executed by both parties.

(g)[(f)] Electronic records. Any record required to be maintained by a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator may be maintained in an electronic format, provided the electronic record can be printed at the licensed location upon request[for the record by a representative of the department].

215.179. Change of Vehicle Lessor or Vehicle Lease Facilitator Status

(a) Change of ownership. A vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator that [proposes to-]sells or assigns to another any interest in the licensed entity, whether a corporation or otherwise, provided the physical location of the licensed entity remains the same, shall notify the department in writing within 10 days by filing an application to amend the license in the electronic system designated by the department for licensing. If the sale or assignment of any portion of the business results in a change of entity, then the purchasing or assignee entity must apply for and obtain a new license by submitting a new license application in the electronic system designated by the department for licensing. A publicly held corporation licensed as a vehicle lessor or vehicle lease facilitator needs only inform the department of a change in ownership if one person or entity acquires 10% or greater interest in the licensed entity by submitting a license amendment application in the electronic system designated by the department for licensing.

1	(b) Change of operating status of business location. A license holder shall obtain
2	department approval prior to opening a satellite location or relocating an existing location, in
3	accordance with §215.176 of this title (relating to More than One Business Location) by
4	electronically submitting a new license application in the system designated by the department for
5	licensing and receiving electronic notice of approval prior to relocating or opening a satellite
6	location. A license holder must notify the department when closing an existing location or a
7	satellite location by electronically submitting a license amendment to close the license or close the
8	satellite location in the system designated by the department for licensing.
9	
10	215.180. Required Notices to Lessees
11	Vehicle lessors and vehicle lease facilitators shall provide notice of the complaint
12	procedures provided by Occupations Code, §[§]2301.204 and Subchapter M (relating to
13	Warranties: Rights of Vehicle Owners),[2301.601 - 2301.613] to each lessee of a new motor vehicle
14	with whom they enter into a vehicle lease.
15	
16	SUBCHAPTER G. WARRANTY PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS
17	[Repeal entire subchapter; incorporated into new Chapter 224]
18	
19	
20	SUBCHAPTER <u>F[</u> H]. ADVERTISING
21	
22	215.242. General Prohibition

1 A person advertising motor vehicles shall not use false, deceptive, unfair, or misleading 2 advertising. In addition to a violation of a specific advertising rule, any other advertising or 3 advertising practices found by the department to be false, deceptive, or misleading, whether 4 herein described, shall be deemed a violation of Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 and shall also be 5 deemed[considered] a violation of this rule. 6 7 215.244. Definitions 8 The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following 9 meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. 10 (1) Advertisement--11 (A) An oral, written, graphic, or pictorial statement or representation made 12 in the course of soliciting business, including, but not limited to a statement or representation: 13 (i) made in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication; 14 (ii) contained in a notice, sign, poster, display, circular, pamphlet, or 15 letter; 16 (iii) aired on the radio; 17 (iv) broadcast on the internet or television; or 18 (v) streamed via an online service. 19 (B) Advertisement does not include direct communication between a person 20 or person's representative and a prospective purchaser. 21 (2) Advertising provision--22 (A) A provision of Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, relating to the 23 regulation of advertising; or

1	(B) A rule relating to the regulation of advertising, adopted pursuant to the
2	authority of Occupations Code, Chapter 2301.
3	(3) Bait advertisementAn alluring but insincere offer to sell or lease a product of
4	which the primary purpose is to obtain a lead to a person interested in buying or leasing
5	merchandise of the type advertised and to switch a consumer from buying or leasing the
6	advertised product in order to sell or lease some other product at a higher price or on a basis more
7	advantageous to the dealer.
8	(4) Balloon paymentAny scheduled payment made as required by a consumer
9	credit transaction that is more than twice as large as the average of all prior scheduled payments
10	except the down payment.
11	(5) Clear and conspicuousThe statement, representation, or term being disclosed
12	is of such size, color, contrast, and audibility and is presented so as to be readily noticed and
13	understood. All language and terms, including abbreviations, shall be used in accordance with their
14	common or ordinary usage and meaning.
15	(6) Dealership addendumA form that is <u>required to be</u> displayed on a window of a
16	motor vehicle when the dealership installs special features, equipment, parts, or accessories, or
17	charges for services not already compensated by the manufacturer or distributor for work required
18	to prepare a motor vehicle for delivery to a buyer.
19	(A) The purpose of the addendum is to disclose:
20	(i) that it is supplemental;
21	(ii) any added feature, service, equipment, part, or accessory,
22	including the retail price, charged and added by the dealership;

1 (iii) any additional charge to the selling price such as additional 2 dealership markup; and 3 (iv) the total dealer selling price. 4 (B) The dealership addendum form shall not be deceptively similar in appearance to 5 the Monroney label, as defined by paragraph (14) of this section. 6 (7) Demonstrator--A new motor vehicle that is currently in the inventory of the 7 automobile dealership and used primarily for test drives by customers and for other purposes 8 designated by the dealership. 9 (8) Disclosure--Required information that is clear, conspicuous, and accurate. 10 (9) Distributor Suggested Retail Price (DSRP)--means the total price shown on the 11 Monroney Label as specified by sub-paragraph (D)of paragraph (14) of this section. 12 (10) Factory executive/official motor vehicle--A new motor vehicle that has been 13 used exclusively by an executive or official of the dealer's franchising manufacturer, distributor, or 14 their subsidiaries. 15 (11) License holder--Any person required to obtain a license from the department. 16 (12) Limited rebate--A rebate that is not available to every consumer purchasing or 17 leasing a motor vehicle because qualification for receipt of the rebate is conditioned or restricted 18 in some manner. A rebate conditioned or restricted to purchasers who are residents of the 19 contiguous United States is not a limited rebate. 20 (13) Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Price (MSRP)--means the total price shown on 21 the Monroney Label as specified by sub-paragraph (D) of paragraph (14) of this section. 22 (14) Monroney Label--The label required by the Automobile Information Disclosure 23 Act, 15 U.S.C. §§1231 - 1233, to be affixed to the windshield or side window of certain new motor

1	vehicles delivered to the dealer and that contains information about the motor vehicle, including,
2	but not limited to:
3	(A) the retail price of the motor vehicle suggested by the manufacturer or
4	distributor, as applicable;
5	(B) the retail delivered price suggested by the manufacturer or distributor,
6	as applicable, for each accessory or item of optional equipment, physically attached to the motor
7	vehicle at the time of its delivery to a dealer, which is not included within the price of the motor
8	vehicle as stated in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph;
9	(C) the amount charged, if any, to a dealer for the transportation of the
10	motor vehicle to the location at which it is delivered to the dealer; and
11	(D) the total of the amounts specified pursuant to subparagraphs (A), (B),
12	and (C) of this paragraph.
13	(15) Online serviceA network that connects computer users.
14	(16) Rebate or cash backA sum of money applied to the purchase or lease of a
15	motor vehicle or refunded after full payment has been rendered for the benefit of the purchaser.
16	(17) Savings claim or discountAn offer to sell or lease a motor vehicle at a reduced
17	price, including, but not limited to, a manufacturer's or distributor's customer rebate, a dealer
18	discount, or a limited rebate.
19	(18) Subsequent violationConduct that is the same or substantially the same as
20	conduct the department has previously alleged in a notice of an opportunity to cure[an earlier
21	communication]to be a violation of an advertising provision.
22	
23	215.249. Manufacturer's or[+] Distributor's Suggested Retail Price

1	(a) Except as provided by subsection (b) of this section, the suggested retail price of a new motor
2	vehicle advertised by a manufacturer or distributor shall include all costs and charges for the motor
3	vehicle advertised.
4	(b) The following costs and charges may be excluded if an advertisement described in subsection
5	(a) of this section clearly and conspicuously states the costs and charges are excluded:
6	(1) destination and dealer preparation charges;
7	(2) registration, certificate of title, license fees, or an additional registration fee, if any;
8	(3) taxes; and
9	(4) other fees or charges that are allowed or prescribed by law.
10	(c) Except as provided by this subsection, if the price of a motor vehicle is stated in an
11	advertisement placed with local media in [the State of]Texas by a manufacturer or distributor and the
12	names of the local dealers for the motor vehicles advertised are included in that advertisement, then the
13	price must include all costs and charges for the motor vehicle advertised, including destination and
14	dealer preparation charges. The only costs and charges that may be excluded from the price are:
15	(1) registration, certificate of title, license fees, or an additional registration fee, if any;
16	(2) taxes; and
17	(3) other fees or charges that are allowed or prescribed by law.
18	
19	215.250. Dealer Price Advertising; Savings Claims; Discounts

1	(a) When featuring a sales price of a [new or used]motor vehicle in an advertisement, the dealer
2	must be willing to sell the motor vehicle for that featured sales price to any retail buyer. The featured
3	sales price shall be the price before the addition or subtraction of any other negotiated items.
4	Destination and dealer preparation charges and market adjustments must be included in the featured
5	sales price.
6	(b) The only costs and charges that may be excluded from the featured sales price are:
7	(1) registration, certificate of title, or license fees;
8	(2) taxes; and
9	(3) other fees or charges that are expressly allowed [or prescribed] by law.
10	(c) A qualification may not be used when featuring a sales price for a motor vehicle such as "with
11	trade," "with acceptable trade," "with dealer-arranged financing," "rebate assigned to dealer," or "with
12	down payment."
13	(d) Advertising an "internet price," "e-price," or using similar terms that indicate or create the
14	impression that there is a different or unique sales price for an online or internet consumer or
15	transaction is prohibited.
16	(e) A savings claim or discount offer is prohibited except to advertise a new motor vehicle. No
17	person may advertise a savings claim or discount offer on a used motor vehicle.
18	(f) Statements such as "up to," "as much as," and "from" shall not be used by a dealer in
19	connection with savings claims or discount offers.
20	(g) The savings claim or discount offer for a new motor vehicle, when advertised by a dealer,
21	must be the savings claim or discount available to any and all members of the buying public.

1 (h) If an advertisement includes a savings claim or discount offer, the amount and type of each 2 incentive that makes up the total amount of the savings claim or discount offer must be disclosed. 3 (1) If a savings claim or discount offer includes only a dealer discount, that incentive 4 must be disclosed as a deduction from the MSRP/DSRP, as applicable. The following are acceptable 5 formats for advertising a dealer discount with and without a sales price. 6 **Attached Graphic** 7 (2) If a savings claim or discount offer includes only a customer rebate, that incentive 8 must be disclosed as a deduction from the MSRP/DSRP, as applicable. The following are acceptable 9 formats for advertising a customer rebate with and without a sales price. 10 **Attached Graphic** 11 (3) If a savings claim or discount offer includes both a customer rebate and a dealer 12 discount, the incentives must be disclosed as deductions from the MSRP/DSRP, as applicable. The 13 following are acceptable formats for advertising both a customer rebate and a dealer discount with and 14 without a sales price. 15 **Attached Graphic** 16 (i) If a savings claim or discount offer includes an option package discount, that discount should 17 be disclosed above, or prior to, the MSRP/DSRP, as applicable, with a total sales price of the motor 18 vehicle before option discounts. Any additional savings or discounts should then be disclosed below the 19 MSRP/DSRP, as applicable. The following are acceptable formats for advertising an option package 20 discount with and without a sales price.

21

Attached Graphic

(j) Except as provided herein, the calculation of the featured sales price or featured savings claim or discount may not include a limited rebate. A limited rebate may be advertised by providing the amount of the limited rebate and explaining the conditions or restrictions on qualification for the limited rebate in a statement below the featured sales price or featured savings claim or discount.

Attached Graphic

(k) In an internet advertisement with multiple limited rebates available on an advertised new motor vehicle, a dealer may display each limited rebate separately allowing a potential buyer to "click" on the limited rebate to view the sales price after deducting the applicable limited rebate or applicable multiple rebates.

Attached Graphic

(I) If a dealer has added an option that was not obtained from the manufacturer or distributor of the motor vehicle, a dealer discount may not be advertised for that vehicle. If a dealer has added an option obtained from the manufacturer or distributor and disclosed that option and its suggested retail price on a dealership addendum, the dealer may advertise a dealer discount for that motor vehicle if the option is listed, and the difference is shown between the dealer's sales price and the MSRP/DSRP, as applicable, of the vehicle including the option obtained from the manufacturer or distributor.

Attached Graphic

215.259. Rebate and Financing Rate Advertising by Dealers

(a) It is unlawful for a dealer to advertise an offer of a manufacturer's or distributor's rebate, interest or finance charge reduction, or other financial inducement or incentive if the dealer contributes

1 to the incentive program, unless such advertising discloses that the dealer's contribution may affect the 2 final negotiated price of the motor vehicle. 3 (b) An advertisement containing an offer of an interest or finance charge incentive that is paid 4 for or financed by the dealer rather than the manufacturer or distributor shall disclose: 5 (1) that the dealer pays for or finances the interest or finance charge rate reduction; 6 (2) the amount of the dealer's contribution in either a dollar or percentage amount; and 7 (3) that such arrangement may affect the final negotiated price of the motor vehicle. 8 (c) An offer or promise to pay or to tender cash to a buyer of a motor vehicle, as in a rebate or 9 cash back program, may not be advertised unless the rebate or cash back program is offered and paid in 10 part by the [motor vehicle-]manufacturer or distributor directly to the retail purchaser or to the assignee 11 of the retail purchaser and unless the advertisement sets forth the contribution disclosures required by 12 this rule. 13 14 215.261. Manufacturer or [/] Distributor Sales and Wholesale Prices 15 A motor vehicle shall not be advertised for sale in any manner that creates the impression that it 16 is being offered for sale by the manufacturer or distributor of the motor vehicle. An advertisement shall 17 not: 18 (1) contain terms such as "factory sale," "fleet prices," "wholesale prices," "factory 19 approved," "factory sponsored," "manufacturer sale," or "distributor sale";

1	(2) use a manufacturer's or [/]distributor's name or abbreviation in any manner
2	calculated or likely to create an impression that the motor vehicle is being offered for sale by the
3	manufacturer or distributor; or
4	(3) use any other similar terms which indicate sales other than retail sales from the
5	dealer.
6	
7	215.264. Payment Disclosure - Vehicle Lease
8	(a) An advertisement that promotes a consumer lease and contains the amount of any payment
9	or that contains either a statement of any capitalized cost reduction or other payment or a statement
10	that no payment is required at consummation or prior to consummation or delivery, if delivery occurs
11	after consummation, must clearly and conspicuously include the following:
12	(1) that the transaction advertised is a vehicle lease;
13	(2) the total amount due at consummation or prior to consummation or delivery, if
14	delivery occurs after consummation;
15	(3) the number, amount, and due date or period of scheduled payments under the
16	vehicle lease;
17	(4) a statement of whether a security deposit is required; and
18	(5) a statement that an extra charge may be imposed at the end of the vehicle lease
19	term where the lessee's liability, if any, is based on the difference between the residual value of the
20	leased property and its realized value at the end of the vehicle lease term.

1	(b) Except for a periodic payment, a reference to a charge described in subsection (a)(2) of this
2	section cannot be more prominently advertised than the disclosure of the total amount due at vehicle
3	lease signing or delivery.
4	(c) Except for disclosures of limitations on rate information, if a percentage rate is advertised,
5	that rate shall not be more prominently advertised than any of the following disclosures in the
6	advertisement.
7	(1) Description of payments.
8	(2) Amount due at vehicle lease signing or delivery.
9	(3) Payment schedule and total amount of periodic payments.
10	(4) Other itemized charges that are not included in the periodic payment. These charges
11	include the amount of any liability that the vehicle lease imposes upon the lessee at the end of the
12	vehicle lease term.
13	(5) Total number of payments.
14	(6) Payment calculation, including:
15	(A) gross capitalized cost;
16	(B) capitalized cost reduction;
17	(C) adjusted capitalized cost;
18	(D) residual value;
19	(E) depreciation and any amortized amounts;
20	(F) rent charge;

1	(G) total of base periodic payments;
2	(H) vehicle lease term;
3	(I) base periodic payment;
4	(J) itemization of other charges that are a part of the periodic payment; and
5	(K) total periodic payment.
6	(7) Early termination conditions and disclosure of charges.
7	(8) Maintenance responsibilities.
8	(9) Purchase option.
9	(10) Statement referencing nonsegregated disclosures.
10	(11) Liability between residual and realized values.
11	(12) Right of appraisal.
12	(13) Liability at the end of the vehicle lease term based on residual value.
13	(14) Fees and taxes.
14	(15) Insurance.
15	(16) Warranties or guarantees.
16	(17) Penalties and other charges for delinquency.
17	(18) Security interest.

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(d) If a vehicle lessor provides a percentage rate in an advertisement, a notice stating "this percentage may not measure the overall cost of financing this lease" shall accompany the rate disclosure. The vehicle lessor shall not use the terms "annual percentage rate," "annual lease rate," or any equivalent terms in any advertisement containing a percentage rate. (e) A multi-page advertisement that provides a table or schedule of the required disclosures is considered a single advertisement, provided that for vehicle lease terms appearing without all of the required disclosures, the advertisement refers to the page or pages on which the table or schedule appears. (f) A merchandise tag stating any item listed in subsection (a) of this section must comply with subsection (a) [(1)-(5)] of this section by referring to a sign or to a display prominently posted in the vehicle lessor's place of business. The sign or display must contain a table or schedule of the required disclosures under subsection (a)[(1) – (5)]. (g) An advertisement made through television or radio stating any item listed in subsection (a) of this section, must include the following statements: (1) that the transaction advertised is a vehicle lease; (2) the total amount due at consummation or due prior to consummation or delivery, if delivery occurs after consummation; and (3) the number, amount, and due date or period of scheduled payments under the vehicle lease. (h) In addition to the requirements of subsection (g)[$\frac{1}{1} - \frac{3}{1}$] of this section, an advertisement

made through television or radio stating any item listed in subsection (a) of this section, must:

(1) provid	a toll-free telephone number along with a statement that the telephone
number may be used by c	nsumers to obtain the information in subsection (a) of this section; or

- (2) direct the consumer to a written advertisement in a publication of general circulation in the community served by the media station, including the name and the date of the publication, with a statement that the required disclosures in subsection (a) of this section are included in the advertisement.
- (i) The toll-free telephone number required by subsection (h)(1) of this section shall be available for at least 10 days, beginning on the date of the broadcast. Upon request, the vehicle lessor shall provide the information in subsection (a) of this section orally or in writing.
- (j) The written advertisement required by subsection (h)(2) of this section shall be published beginning at least three days before the broadcast and ending at least 10 days after the broadcast.

215.268. Bankruptcy and Liquidation Sales

A person who advertises a liquidation sale, auction sale, or going out of business sale shall state the correct name and permanent address of the [owner of the]business in the advertisement. The phrases "going out of business," "closing out," "shutting doors forever," "bankruptcy sale," "foreclosure," "bankruptcy," or similar phrases or words indicating that a business[an enterprise] is ceasing operation[business] shall not be used unless the business is closing its operations and follows the procedures required by Business and Commerce Code, Chapter 17, Subchapter F.

215.270. Enforcement

1	(a) The department may file a Notice of Department Decision against a license holder alleging a
2	violation of an advertising provision pursuant to Occupations Code, §2301.203, provided the department
3	can show:
4	(1) that the license holder who allegedly violated an advertising provision has received
5	from the department a notice of an opportunity to cure the violation by certified mail, return receipt
6	requested, in compliance with subsection (b) of this section; and
7	(2) that the license holder committed a subsequent violation of the same advertising
8	provision.
9	(b) An effective notice of an opportunity to cure issued under subsection (a)(1) of this section
10	must:
11	(1) state that the department has reason to believe that the license holder violated an
12	advertising provision and must identify the provision;
13	(2) set forth the facts upon which the department bases its allegation of a violation; and
14	(3) state that if the license holder commits a subsequent violation of the same
15	advertising provision, the department will [formally]file a Notice of Department Decision.
16	(c) As a part of the cure procedure, the department may require a license holder who allegedly
17	violated an advertising provision to publish a retraction notice to effect an adequate cure of the alleged
18	violation. A retraction notice must:
19	(1) appear in a newspaper of general circulation in the area in which the alleged
20	violation occurred;
21	(2) appear in the portion of the newspaper devoted to motor vehicle advertising, if any;

1	(3) identify the date and the medium of publication, print, electronic, or other, in which
2	the advertising alleged to be a violation appeared; and
3	(4) identify the alleged violation of the advertising provision and contain a statement of
4	correction.
5	(d) A cure is made solely for the purpose of settling an allegation and is not an admission of a
6	violation of these rules; Occupations Code, Chapter 2301; or other law.
7	
8	SUBCHAPTER I. PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE FOR HEARINGS CONDUCTED BY THE STATE OFFICE OF
9	ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS
10	[Repeal entire subchapter; incorporated into new Chapter 224]
11	
12	SUBCHAPTER <u>G[</u>]. ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS
13	215.500. Administrative Sanctions[and Procedures]
14	[(a)] An administrative sanction may include:
15	(1) denial of an application for a license;
16	(2) suspension of a license;
17	(3) revocation of a license;
18	(4) the imposition of civil penalties; or
19	(5) a refund under §215.504 of this title (concerning buyer or lessee refund).
20	[(b) The department shall issue and mail a Notice of Department Decision to a license
21	applicant, license holder, or other person by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last
22	known address upon a determination under Occupations Code, Chapters 2301 and 2302 or
23	Transportation Code, Chapter 503 that:

1	(1) an application for a license should be denied; or
2	(2) administrative sanctions should be imposed.]
3	[(c) The last known address of a license applicant, license holder, or other person is the last
4	mailing address provided to the department when the license applicant applies for its license,
5	when a license holder renews its license, or when the license holder notifies the department of a
6	change in the license holder's mailing address.]
7	[(d) The Notice of Department Decision shall include:
8	(1) a statement describing the department decision and the effective date;
9	(2) a description of each alleged violation;
10	(3) a description of each administrative sanction being adopted;
11	(4) a statement regarding the legal basis for each administrative sanction;
12	(5) a statement regarding the license applicant, license holder, or other person's
13	right to request a hearing;
14	(6) the procedure to request a hearing, including the deadline for filing; and
15	(7) notice to the license applicant, license holder, or other person that the adopted
16	decision and administrative sanctions in the Notice of Department Decision will become final on
17	the date specified if the license applicant, license holder, or other person fails to timely request a
18	hearing.]
19	[(e) The license applicant, license holder, or other person must submit, in writing, a request
20	for a hearing under this section. The department must receive a request for a hearing within 26
21	days of the date of the Notice of Department Decision.]

I	((t) It the department receives a timely request for a hearing, the department will set a
2	hearing date and give notice to the license applicant, license holder, or other person of the date,
3	time, and location of the hearing.]
4	[(g) If the license applicant, license holder, or other person does not make a timely request
5	for a hearing or enter into a settlement agreement within 27 days of the date of the Notice of
6	Department Decision, the department decision becomes final.]
7	
8	[215.501. Final Decisions and Orders; Motions for Rehearing]
9	[(a) If a department decision becomes final under a Notice of Department Decision issued under
10	§215.500 of this title (relating to Administrative Sanctions and Procedures), the matter will be forwarded
11	to the final order authority for issuance of a final order incorporating the decisions, findings, and
12	administrative sanctions imposed by the Notice of Department Decision. The department will send a
13	copy of the final order to the parties.]
14	[(b) The provisions of Government Code, Chapter 2001, Subchapter F govern:
15	(1) the issuance of a final order issued under this subchapter; and
16	(2) motions for rehearing filed in response to a final order.]
17	
18	[215.502. Judicial Review of Final Order]
19	[The provisions of Government Code, Chapter 2001, Subchapter G govern the appeal of a final
20	order issued under this subchapter.]
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215.505. Denial of Dealer or Converter Access to Temporary Tag System

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2 (a) In this section "fraudulently obtained temporary tags from the temporary tag database" 3 means a dealer or converter account user misusing the temporary tag database authorized under 4 Transportation Code §503.0626 or §503.0631 to obtain: 5 (1) an excessive number of temporary tags relative to dealer sales; 6 (2) temporary tags for a vehicle or vehicles not in the dealer's or converter's inventory (a 7 vehicle is presumed not to be in the dealer's or converter's inventory if the vehicle is not listed in the 8 relevant monthly Vehicle Inventory Tax Statement);[or] 9 (3) access to the temporary tag database for a fictitious user or person using a false 10 identity;[-]

- (4) temporary tags for a vehicle or vehicles when a dealer is no longer operating at the licensed location; or
- (5) temporary tags issued for vehicles not located at the licensed location or a storage lot listed on the application.
- (b) The department shall deny a dealer or converter access to the temporary tag database effective on the date the department sends notice electronically and by certified mail to the dealer or converter that the department has determined, directly or through an account user, the dealer or converter has fraudulently obtained temporary tags from the temporary tag database. A dealer or converter may seek a negotiated resolution with the department by demonstrating corrective actions taken or that the department's determination was incorrect.

(c) Notice shall be sent to the dealer's or converter's last known email and mailing address in the department's records.

- (d) A dealer or converter may request a hearing on the denial as provided by Subchapter O, Chapter 2301, Occupations Code. The request must be submitted in writing and request a hearing under this section. The department must receive a written request for a hearing within 26 days of the date of the notice denying access to the database. The request for a hearing does not stay the denial of access under subsection (b) of this section. A dealer may continue to seek a negotiated resolution with the department after a request for hearing has been submitted under this subsection by demonstrating corrective actions taken or that the department's determination was incorrect.
- (e) The department may also issue a Notice of Department Decision stating administrative violations as provided in §215.500 concurrently with the notice of denial of access under this section. A Notice of Department Decision may include notice of any violation, including a violation listed under subsection (a) of this section.
- (f) A department determination and action denying access to the temporary tag database becomes final if the dealer or converter does not request a hearing or enter into a settlement agreement with the department within 26 days of the date of the notice denying access to a database.

Figure: 43 TAC §215.139(c)

If a new license applicant is:	Maximum number of standard[metal] dealer's license plates issued during the first license term is:
1. a franchised motor vehicle dealer	5
2. a franchised motorcycle dealer	5
3. an independent motor vehicle dealer	2
4. an independent motorcycle dealer	2
5. a franchised or independent travel trailer dealer	2
6. a trailer or semi-trailer dealer	2
7. an independent mobility motor vehicle dealer	2
8. a wholesale motor vehicle dealer	1

Figure: 43 TAC §215.139(e)

If a vehicle dealer is:	Maximum number of standard[metal] dealer's license plates issued per license term is:
1. a franchised motor vehicle dealer	30
2. a franchised motorcycle dealer	10
3. an independent motor vehicle dealer	3
4. an independent motorcycle dealer	3
5. a franchised or independent travel trailer dealer	3
6. a trailer or semi-trailer dealer	3
7. an independent mobility motor vehicle dealer	3
8. a wholesale motor vehicle dealer	1

Figure: 43 TAC §215.139(f)(1)

If a vehicle dealer is:	Number of additional standard [metal- dealer's]license plates issued to a dealer
	with a[that] demonstrated need[demonstrates a need] through proof of sales is:
1. a wholesale motor vehicle dealer	1
2. a dealer selling fewer than 50 vehicles during the previous 12-month period	1
3. a dealer selling 50 to 99 vehicles during the previous 12-month period	<u>2[5]</u>
4. a dealer selling 100 to 200 vehicles during the previous 12-month period	<u>5</u>
4. a dealer selling more than 200 vehicles during the previous 12-month period	any number of standard [metal dealer's] license plates the dealer requests.

TEXT.

SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS

221.1 Purpose and Scope

Transportation Code, §1001.002, provides that the department shall administer and enforce Occupations Code, Chapter 2302. Chapter 2302 provides that a person may not act as a salvage vehicle dealer, unless the department issues that person a <u>salvage vehicle dealer</u> license, or an independent motor vehicle dealer's general distinguishing number issued under Chapter 503; Transportation Code, or <u>is exempt from licensure under Occupations Code</u>, §2302.009. This chapter describes the procedures by which a person obtains a salvage vehicle dealer license and the rules governing how a license holder <u>or an independent motor vehicle dealer with authority to operate as a salvage vehicle dealer</u>, must operate, and the procedures by which the department will administer and enforce Occupations Code, Chapter 2302 and this chapter.

221.2 Definitions

- The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
 - (1) Board--The Board of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles.
- 18 (2) Casual sale--A sale as defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.
- 19 (3) Component part--As defined by Occupations Code, §2302.251.
 - (4) <u>Day--Means a calendar day unless otherwise stated or context clearly indicates</u>
 otherwise.[Corporation--A business entity, including a corporation, or limited liability company, but not a

1	sole proprietorship or general partnership, which has filed a certificate of formation or registration with
2	the Texas Secretary of State.]
3	(5) DepartmentThe Texas Department of Motor Vehicles.
4	(6) <u>DirectorMeans the division director that regulates the distribution and sales of</u>
5	motor vehicles, including any personnel to whom the director delegates any duty assigned under this
6	chapter.[Final order authorityThe person with authority under Occupations Code, Chapter 2302, or
7	board rules to issue a final order.]
8	(7) General Distinguishing Number or GDNAs defined by Occupations Code,
9	§2301.002(17).
10	(8) License holderA person that holds a department-issued salvage vehicle dealer
11	license or a department-issued independent motor vehicle dealer GDN that authorizes the dealer to
12	operate as a salvage vehicle dealer.
13	[(8) Major component partAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.]
14	(9) Metal recyclerAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.
15	(10) [Minor component partAs defined by Occupations Code, §2302.251.
16	(11) Nonrepairable motor vehicleAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.
17	(11)[(12)] Nonrepairable record of titleAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.
18	(12)[(13)] Nonrepairable vehicle titleAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.
19	(13)[(14)] Out-of-state buyerAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.

1	(14)[(15)] Out-of-state ownership documentAs defined by Transportation Code,
2	§501.091.
3	(15)[(16)] PersonHas the meaning assigned by Occupations Code, §2301.002.[A natural
4	person, partnership, corporation, trust, association, estate, or any other legal entity.]
5	(16)[(17)] Public highwayAs defined by Transportation Code, §502.001.
6	(17)[(18)] Retail saleAs defined by Occupations Code, §2301.002.
7	(18)[(19)] Salvage motor vehicleAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.
8	(19)[(20)] Salvage record of titleAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.
9	(20)[(21)] Salvage vehicle dealerAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.
10	(21)[(22)] Salvage vehicle titleAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.
11	(22)[(23)] Used partAs defined by Transportation Code, §501.091.
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14	SUBCHAPTER B. LICENSING
15	221.11. License Required
16	(a) A person must hold a salvage vehicle dealer license, or an independent motor vehicle
17	dealer's general distinguishing number issued under Chapter 503; Transportation Code to:
18	(1) act as a salvage vehicle dealer or rebuilder; or
19	(2) store or display a motor vehicle as an agent or escrow agent of an insurance
20	company.

1	(b) A person may not engage in the business of buying, selling or exchanging motor vehicles
2	that can be titled or registered to operate on public highways, including selling a salvage motor
3	vehicle that has been rebuilt, repaired or reconstructed, unless the person holds a general
4	distinguishing number issued by the department under Transportation Code, Chapter 503.
5	(c) The provisions of this subchapter do not apply to a person exempt from licensure under
6	Occupations Code, Chapter 2302.[÷
7	(1) a person who purchases no more than five (5) nonrepairable or salvage motor
8	vehicles at casual sale in a calendar year from:
9	(A) a salvage vehicle dealer; or
10	(B) an insurance company;
11	(2) a metal recycler, unless a motor vehicle is sold, transferred, released, or
12	delivered to the metal recycler for the purpose of reuse or resale as a motor vehicle, or as a source
13	of used parts, and is used for that purpose;
14	(3) a person who casually repairs, rebuilds, or reconstructs no more than five (5)
15	salvage motor vehicles in the same calendar year;
16	(4) a person who is a non-United States resident who purchases nonrepairable or
17	salvage motor vehicles for export only;
18	(5) an agency of the United States, an agency of this state, or a local government;
19	(6) a financial institution or other secured party that holds a security interest in a
20	motor vehicle and is selling that motor vehicle in the manner provided by law for the forced sale of
21	a motor vehicle;
22	(7) a receiver, trustee, administrator, executor, guardian, or other person
23	appointed by or acting pursuant to the order of a court;

1	(8) a person selling an antique passenger car or truck that is at least 25 years old or
2	a collector selling a special interest motor vehicle as defined in Transportation Code, §683.077, if
3	the special interest vehicle is at least 12 years old; and
4	(9) a licensed auctioneer who, as a bid caller, sells or offers to sell property to the
5	highest bidder at a bona fide auction under the following conditions:
6	(A) neither legal nor equitable title passes to the auctioneer;
7	(B) the auction is not held for the purpose of avoiding a provision of
8	Occupations Code, Chapter 2302, or this subchapter; and
9	(C) the auction is conducted of motor vehicles owned, legally or equitably,
10	by a person who holds a salvage vehicle dealer's license and the auction is conducted at their
11	licensed location or at a location approved by the department.]
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13	221.13. License Terms and Fees
14	(a) The term of a salvage vehicle dealer license issued by the department under
15	Occupations Code, Chapter 2302, and this chapter, is two years. The fee for a salvage vehicle
16	dealer license is \$190. The entire amount of the fee is due at the time of application for the
17	license.
18	(b) The department may prorate the fee for a salvage vehicle dealer license to allow the
19	salvage vehicle dealer license to expire on the same day as another license issued by the
20	department under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301; Chapter 2302; or Transportation Code,
21	Chapter 503.
22	(c) The fee for a license amendment is \$25.
23	221.14. License Applications Generally

1	(a) A salvage vehicle dealer license may be issued for multiple locations within a single county. A
2	separate license and fee is required for a business location [or locations located]in another county.
3	(b) An application for a new license, license amendment, or license renewal filed with the
4	department must be:
5	(1) on a form approved by the department;
6	(2) completed by the applicant, license holder, or authorized representative who is an
7	employee, a licensed attorney, or a certified public accountant;
8	(3) accompanied by the required fee from an account held by the applicant or license
9	holder, or from a trust account of the applicant's or license holder's attorney or certified public
10	accountant.[A license applicant must submit a signed application on a form prescribed by the
11	department, provide any required attachments, and remit the required fees at the time of submission of
12	the application.]
13	(c) License applications and fees must be submitted to the department electronically in a system
13 14	(c) License applications and fees must be submitted to the department electronically in a system designated by the department for licensing. Fees may be paid by credit card or electronic funds transfer.
14	designated by the department for licensing. Fees may be paid by credit card or electronic funds transfer.
14 15	designated by the department for licensing. Fees may be paid by credit card or electronic funds transfer. (d) In evaluating a new or renewal salvage vehicle dealer license application or an application for
141516	designated by the department for licensing. Fees may be paid by credit card or electronic funds transfer. (d) In evaluating a new or renewal salvage vehicle dealer license application or an application for a new location, the department may require a site visit to determine if the business location meets the
14 15 16 17	designated by the department for licensing. Fees may be paid by credit card or electronic funds transfer. (d) In evaluating a new or renewal salvage vehicle dealer license application or an application for a new location, the department may require a site visit to determine if the business location meets the requirements in this chapter.

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(f) The department will not provide information regarding the status of an application, application deficiencies, or pending new license numbers to a person other than a person listed in subsection (b)(2) of this section unless the person files a written request under Government Code, Chapter 552. 221.15. Required License Application Information (a) An applicant for a new salvage dealer license must register for an account in the departmentdesignated licensing system by selecting the licensing system icon on the dealer page of the department website. An applicant must designate the account administrator and provide the name and email address for that person, and provide the business telephone number, name, business type, and social security number or employer identification number, as applicable. The applicant's licensing account administrator must be an owner, officer, manager, or bona fide employee. (b) Once registered, an applicant for a new salvage dealer license may apply for a license and must provide the following [The following information must be provided on each salvage vehicle dealer application]: (1) the application reason[full legal name of the applicant]; (2) business information including the name; mailing address; the full business physical address, including number, street, municipality, county, and zip code for each location where the applicant will conduct business [under the license if each location is-]in the same county; business email; telephone number; Texas Sales Tax Identification Number; National Motor Vehicle Title Information System (NMVTIS) Identification Number; Secretary of State file number, if applicable; and website address, if applicable;

1 (3) application contact name, email address, and telephone number[the business 2 telephone number and email address]; 3 (4) the name, social security number, date of birth, identity document information, and 4 ownership percentage for each owner, partner, member, beneficiary, or principal if the applicant is not a 5 publicly traded company[the mailing address]; 6 (5) the name, social security number, date of birth, and identity document information 7 for each officer, director, manager, trustee, or other representative authorized to act on behalf of the 8 applicant if the applicant is owned in full or in part by a legal entity[a statement acknowledging that the 9 department will consider the applicant's designated mailing address the applicant's last known address 10 for department communication, including service of process under Subchapter E of this chapter (relating 11 to Administrative Procedures). The designated mailing address will be considered applicant's last known 12 address until such time that the mailing address is changed in the licensing records of the department 13 after the license holder submits an amendment to change the license holder's mailing address]; 14 (6) the name, employer identification number, ownership percentage, and non-profit or 15 publicly-traded status for each legal entity that owns the applicant in full or in part[all assumed names as 16 registered with the secretary of state or county clerk, as applicable]; 17 (7) the name, social security number, date of birth, and identity document information of at least one manager or other bona fide employee who will be present at the business location if the 18 license holder is out of state or will not be present during business hours at the business location in 19

Texas[if applying as a sole proprietor, the social security number, address and telephone number for the

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sole proprietor];

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(8) criminal history record information under the laws of Texas, another state in the United States, the United States, and any foreign jurisdiction for each person listed in the application, including offense description, date, and location if applying as a general partnership, the social security number, address and telephone number for each of the general partners]; (9) military service status[if applying as a limited partnership, limited liability company, or corporation, the full name, social security number, address and telephone number for each officer or director of the corporation, each member, officer, or manager of the limited liability company, each partner, and each officer of the limited partnership, including the information for the general partner based on the type of entity]; (10) licensing history required to evaluate business reputation, character, and fitness for licensure including a statement indicating whether the applicant or any person described in §211.2 of this title (relating to Application of Subchapter) has previously applied for a license under this chapter or the salvage vehicle dealer licensing laws of another jurisdiction, the result of the previous application, and whether the applicant, including a person described in §211.2 of this title, has ever been the holder of a license issued by the department or another jurisdiction that was revoked, suspended, or subject of an order issued by the board or by another jurisdiction to pay an administrative penalty that remains unpaid[the state sales tax number]; (11) information about each business location and business premises to demonstrate compliance with related rules in this chapter[the National Motor Vehicle Title Information System (NMVTIS) number evidencing that the applicant is registered with NMVTIS]; (12) signed Certification of Responsibility, which is a form provided by the department[a-

statement indicating whether the applicant or any person described in §211.2 of this title (relating to

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Application of Subchapter) has previously applied for a license under this chapter or the salvage vehicle dealer licensing laws of another jurisdiction, the result of the previous application, and whether the applicant, including a person described in §211.2 of this title, has ever been the holder of a license issued by the department or another jurisdiction that was revoked, suspended, or subject of an order issued by the board or by another jurisdiction to pay an administrative penalty that remains unpaid]; and (13) any other information required by the department to evaluate the application under current law and board rules. a statement indicating whether the applicant has an ownership, organizational, affiliation, or other business arrangement that would allow a person to direct the management, policies, or activities of an applicant or license holder, whether directly or indirectly, who was the holder of a license issued by the department or by another jurisdiction that was revoked, suspended, or subject of an order issued by the board or by another jurisdiction to pay an administrative penalty that remains unpaid; (14) details of the criminal history of the applicant and any person described in §211.2 of this title; (15) details of the professional information of the applicant and any person described in §211.2 of this title; (16) a statement that the applicant at the time of submitting the application is in compliance, and, after issuance of a license, will remain in compliance, with all ordinances and rules of the municipality or county of each location where the applicant will conduct business; and (17) an acknowledgement that the applicant understands, is, and will remain in compliance with all state and federal laws relating to the licensed activity].

1	(c) A salvage vehicle dealer renewing or amending its license must verify current license
2	information and provide related information for any new requirements or changes to the license.
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4	221.16. Required Attachments to the License Application
5	A legible and accurate electronic image of each applicable required document must be attached
6	to the license application:
7	(a) the certificate of filing, certificate of incorporation, or certificate of registration on file with
8	the Secretary of State, if applicable; [If the applicant is a sole proprietor or general partnership, in
9	addition to the information required by §221.15 of this title (relating to Required License Application
10	Information), the applicant must submit a legible copy of one of the following types of identification that
11	is valid and active at the time of application for the sole proprietor and each of the general partners:
12	(1) driver's license, Department of Public Safety identification, or state identification
13	certificate issued by a state or territory of the United States;
14	(2) concealed handgun license or license to carry a handgun issued by the Department
15	of Public Safety under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H;
16	(3) United States or foreign passport;
17	(4) United States Department of Homeland Security, United States Citizenship and
18	Immigration Services, or United States Department of State Identification document;
19	(5) United States military identification card; or

1	(6) North Atlantic Treaty Organization identification or identification issued under a
2	Status of Forces Agreement.]
3	(b) each assumed name certificate on file with the Secretary of State or county clerk;[If the
4	applicant is a limited partnership, limited liability company, or a corporation, the applicant must submit a
5	legible copy of one of the following current types of identification that is valid and active at the time of
6	application for each partner of the limited partnership, each member of the limited liability company,
7	and for each officer of the corporation:
8	(1) driver's license, Department of Public Safety identification, or state identification
9	certificate issued by a state or territory of the United States;
10	(2) concealed handgun license or license to carry a handgun issued by the Department
11	of Public Safety under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H;
12	(3) United States or foreign passport;
13	(4) United States Department of Homeland Security, United States Citizenship and
14	Immigration Services, or United States Department of State Identification document;
15	(5) United States military identification card; or
16	(6) North Atlantic Treaty Organization identification or identification issued under a
17	Status of Forces Agreement.
18	(c) at least one of the following valid and current identity documents for each natural person
19	listed in the application:
20	(1) driver's license;

(2) Texas Identification Card issued by the Texas Department of Public Safety under 1 2 Transportation Code, Chapter 521, Subchapter E; 3 (3) license to carry a handgun issued by the Texas Department of Public Safety under 4 Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H; 5 (4) United States or foreign passport; or 6 (5) United States military identification card; 7 [If the applicant is a corporation, the applicant must submit a copy of the certificate of 8 incorporation issued by the secretary of state or a certificate issued by the jurisdiction where the 9 applicant is incorporated, and a verification that, at the time the application is submitted, all business franchise taxes of the corporation have been paid.] 10 11 (d) documents proving business premises ownership, or a fully executed lease or sublease 12 agreement for the license period; [If the applicant is a limited partnership, the applicant must submit a 13 copy of the certificate of partnership issued by the secretary of state or a certificate issued by the 14 jurisdiction where the applicant is formed, and verification that, at the time the application is submitted, 15 all business franchise taxes of the limited partnership have been paid.] 16 (e) business premises photos and a notarized affidavit certifying that all premises requirements 17 in Subchapter C of the chapter are met and will be maintained during the license period; [Upon request 18 by the department, the applicant shall submit documents demonstrating that the applicant owns the 19 real property on which the business is situated or has a written lease for the property that has a term of 20 not less than the term of the license].

1 (f) Texas Use and Sales Tax Permit; [If the applicant is a sole proprietor or general partnership, in 2 addition to the information required by §221.15, the applicant must submit a legible copy of the 3 Assumed Name Certificate (DBA) issued by the county clerk in which the business is located. 4 (g) Franchise Tax Account Status issued by the Comptroller's Office; and [If the applicant is a 5 limited partnership, limited liability company, or a corporation, the applicant must submit a legible copy 6 of the Assumed Name Certificate (DBA) as registered with the Texas Secretary of State's office.] 7 (h) any other documents required by the department to evaluate the application under current 8 law and board rules. [If the applicant is a sole proprietor or general partnership, in addition to the 9 information required by §221.15, the applicant must submit a legible copy of the Texas Sales and Use Tax 10 Permit. 11 (i) If the applicant is a limited partnership, limited liability company, or a corporation, the 12 applicant must submit a legible copy of the Texas Sales and Use Tax Permit]. 13 221.17. License Processing for Military Service Members, Spouses, and Veterans 14 15 (a) The department will process a license, amendment, or renewal application submitted for 16 licensing of a military service member, military spouse, or military veteran in accordance with Occupations 17 Code, Chapter 55. A license holder who fails to timely file a sufficient renewal application because the 18 license holder was on active duty is exempt from any increased fee or penalty imposed by the department. 19 (b) A military service member or military spouse may engage in a business or occupation for which 20 a department issued license is required if the military service member or military spouse meets the 21 requirements of Occupations Code, §55.0041 and this section.

1 (1) [To meet the requirements of Occupations Code, §55.0041, a]A military service 2 member or military spouse must submit to the department: 3 (A) notice of the military service member or military spouse's intent to engage in 4 a business or occupation in Texas for which a department issued license is required; 5 (B) proof of the military service member[military spouse's] being stationed 6 [residency] in Texas and a copy of the military service member or military spouse's military identification 7 card[, as required by Occupations Code, §55.0041(b)(2)]; and 8 (C) documentation demonstrating that the military service member or military 9 spouse is licensed and in good standing in another jurisdiction for the relevant business or occupation. 10 (2) Upon receipt of the notice and documentation required by paragraphs (1)(B) and (1)(C) 11 of this subsection the department shall: (A) confirm with the other licensing jurisdiction that the military service member 12 13 or military spouse is currently licensed and in good standing for the relevant business or occupation; and 14 (B) conduct a comparison of the other jurisdiction's license requirements, 15 statutes, and rules with the department's licensing requirements to determine if the requirements are 16 substantially equivalent. 17 (3) If the department confirms that a military service member or military spouse is currently licensed in good standing in another jurisdiction with substantially equivalent licensing 18 19 requirements, the department shall [may] issue a license to the military service member or military spouse 20 for the relevant business or occupation within 30 days. The license is subject to the requirements of this 21 chapter and Occupations Code, Chapter 2302 in the same manner as a license issued under the standard 22 application process, unless exempted or modified under Occupations Code, Chapter 55.

1 (c) This section establishes requirements and procedures authorized or required by Occupations 2 Code, Chapter 55, and does not modify or alter rights that may be provided under federal law. 3 4 221.18. Additional, New, or Closed Location 5 (a) If the license holder intends to conduct business at more than one location within the same 6 county, the applicant must: 7 (1) notify the department no later than 10 days before opening the additional location by electronically submitting a license amendment application in the department-designated licensing 8 9 system[to amend the license to add an additional location]; 10 (2) acknowledge that the additional location[, at the time of submitting the amendment,] is and will remain in compliance with all ordinances and rules of the municipality or county 11 for the additional location and board rules; and 12 (3) obtain approval from the department before conducting business at the additional 13 14 location. 15 (b) If the license holder intends to relocate its business to a new location within the same county, the license holder must: 16 17 (1) notify the department no later than 10 days before opening the new location by 18 electronically submitting a license amendment application in the department-designated licensing 19 system[to amend the license] to add a new location and remove the existing location from the 20 department's records;

(2) acknowledge that the new location[, at the time of submitting the amendment,] is and will remain in compliance with all ordinances and rules of the municipality or county for the new location and board rules; and

- (3) obtain approval from the department before conducting business at the new location.
- (c) A license holder must notify the department in writing within 10 days of [the-]closing [of-]a
 business location by electronically submitting a license amendment application in the department designated licensing system to delete the location if more than one location is listed on the license, or
 closing the license if a single location is listed on the license.
- (d) If a license holder is opening a new location not located in the same county, the license
 holder must apply for a new license.

221.19. Notice of Change in[of] License Holder Information['s Name, Ownership, or Control]

(a) A license holder shall notify the department by electronically submitting a license amendment application in the department-designated licensing system to amend its license within 30 days of a change in the license holder's business name or assumed name. Upon submission of an amendment to change the business name or assumed name, the department shall reflect the new business name in the department's records. The dealer shall retain the same salvage vehicle dealer license number except if the business name change is the result of a change in the type of entity being licensed, such as a sole proprietorship becoming a corporation, or if the ownership of the business changes as discussed in subsection (b) of this section.

1 (b) A salvage vehicle dealer shall notify the department by electronically submitting a license 2 amendment application in the department-designated licensing system [by submitting a request for 3 license amendment within 30 days of a change to: 4 (1) the entity type of the applicant or license holder; 5 (2) the departure or addition of any person reported to the department in the original 6 license application or most recent renewal application, including any person described in §211.2 of this 7 title (relating to Application of Subchapter); 8 (3) an ownership, organizational, managerial, or other business arrangement that would 9 allow the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies and activities of an 10 applicant or license holder, whether directly or indirectly, to be established in or with a person not 11 described in paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection; or 12 (4) a business email address, telephone number, mailing address, or change in license 13 contact. (c) The license holder must submit to the department[-a notice of change and] all information 14 15 required by the department to evaluate the license amendment application under current law and 16 rules[needed for that specific license modification]. 17 18 221.20. License Renewal 19 (a) A salvage vehicle dealer license expires on the second anniversary of the date the license was 20 <u>issued[</u> of issuance of the salvage vehicle dealer license].

(b) The salvage vehicle dealer license may be renewed for an additional period of two years upon timely submission of a renewal application on a form approved by the department with all required information, attachments, and fees. A renewal application is considered "timely" submitted if the renewal application with all required information, attachments, and required fees are received by the department on or before the expiration date of the existing license.

- (c) The department will send a written notice of expiration to a <u>license holder's[salvage vehicle</u> dealer's] email address at least 31[30] days before expiration of a license.
- (d) Failure by the department to send written notice of expiration under this section does not relieve a license holder from timely renewing a license.
 - (e) The renewal fee for salvage vehicle dealer <u>license</u> is \$170.

- (f) A license holder may renew an expired license by submitting a renewal application and paying a late renewal fee of \$85 in addition to the renewal fee, if 90 or fewer days have elapsed since the license expired.
- (g) A license holder may renew an expired license by submitting a renewal application and paying a late renewal fee of \$170 in addition to the renewal fee, if more than 90 days but less than one year has elapsed since the license expired.
- (h) If a license has been expired for [a period of] one year or longer and the department has not received[is not in receipt of] a renewal application[with all required information and attachments], the department will close the license, and the license holder must apply for a new license[in the same manner as an applicant for an initial license].

1 (i) In accordance with Government Code, §2001.054, a license holder that timely submits a 2 renewal application under subsection (b) of this section may continue to operate under the expired 3 license until the status of the renewal application is determined by the department. 4 (j) If the department does not receive a timely (is not in receipt of a) renewal application with all 5 required information and attachments and the applicable renewal fee on or before[prior to] the license 6 expiration date[cancellation date of the license], a salvage vehicle dealer may not engage in the activities 7 that require the license until the license has been renewed by the department. **SUBCHAPTER C. LICENSED OPERATIONS** 10 11 221.41. Location Requirements 12 A salvage vehicle dealer must meet and maintain the following requirements at each 13 licensed business location[and must maintain the following requirements] during the [entire-]term of the license. 14 15 (1) If the licensed business location is not owned by the license holder, the license holder must maintain a lease that is continuous during the period of time for which the license will 16 be issued[that extends through the period for which the license will be issued]. The lease 17 agreement must be on a properly executed form [an executed lease contract] containing at a 19 minimum: 20 (A) the name of the property owner as the lessor of the premises and the 21 name of the dealer as the tenant or lessee of the premises[the names of the lessor and lessee]; 22 (B) the period of time for which the lease is valid; [-and]

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1	(C) the street address or legal description of the property, provided that if
2	only a legal description of the property is provided, the license holder must attach a statement
3	verifying that the property description in the lease agreement is the physical street address
4	identified on the application;[-]
5	(D) the signature of the property owner as the lessor and the signature of
6	the dealer as the tenant or lessee; and
7	(E) if the lease agreement is a sublease in which the property owner is not
8	the lessor, the dealer must also obtain a signed and notarized statement from the property owner
9	including the following information:
10	(i) property owner's full name, email address, mailing address, and
11	phone number; and
12	(ii) property owner's statement confirming that the dealer is
13	authorized to sublease the location and may operate a salvage vehicle dealer business from the
14	location.
15	(2) Any business location requirement in this subchapter are in addition to any
16	requirements by municipal (city) ordinance, county rule, or state law.
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18	221.42. Operations Only at Licensed Business Location
19	A salvage vehicle dealer may not sell or offer to sell \underline{a} salvage motor vehicle[\underline{s}] or non-
20	repairable motor vehicle[s] from any location other than $\underline{a}[the]$ <u>licensed</u> business location[$that\ has$]
21	been approved by the department].
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23	221.43. Business Hours

1 (a) The office of a salvage vehicle dealer who sells to a retail customer shall be open at least four 2 days per week for at least four consecutive hours per day and may not be open solely by appointment. 3 The office of a salvage pool operator selling only to a wholesale dealer must be open at least two 4 weekdays per week for at least two consecutive hours per day and may not be open solely by 5 appointment. The business hours must be posted at the main entrance of the business's office that is 6 accessible to the public. 7 (b) The license holder or a bona fide employee of the license holder shall be at the licensed 8 business location during the posted business hours for the purpose of operating the salvage business 9 and allowing the inspection of the business location and records. 10 (c) If the license holder or a bona fide employee of the license holder is not available to conduct 11 business during the posted business hours due to special circumstances or emergencies, a separate sign 12 must be posted indicating the date and time the license holder or bona fide employee of the license 13 holder will resume operations at the licensed business location. (d) Regardless of the license holder's business hours, the license holder's [licensee's] telephone 14 must be answered from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. weekdays by a bona fide employee, owner, answering 15 service, voicemail service, or answering machine. 16 17 18 221.44. Business Sign Requirements

(a) The license holder must display a permanent <u>business</u> sign with letters at least six inches in height showing the license holder's business name or assumed name as reflected on the [license holder's - | license | license

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1 (b) A business[The] sign must be permanently mounted at [the]each physical business address 2 listed on the license. A business sign is considered permanently mounted if bolted to an exterior building 3 wall or bolted or welded to a dedicated sign pole or sign support permanently installed in the ground. 4 (c) A license holder may use a temporary sign or banner if that license holder can show proof 5 that a business sign that meets the requirements of this paragraph has been ordered and provides a written statement that the business sign will be promptly and permanently mounted upon delivery. 6 7 (d) A license holder is responsible for ensuring that the business sign complies with municipal 8 ordinances, and that any lease signage requirements are consistent with the signage requirements in this 9 paragraph. 10 11 221.45. Business Office 12 (a) The license holder's office must be located at the licensed business location in a building with 13 a permanent roof and connecting exterior walls on all sides. 14 (b) A license holder's office structure must comply with all applicable local zoning ordinances 15 and deed restrictions. 16 (c) A license holder's office may not be located within a residence, apartment house or building, 17 hotel, motel, [or]rooming house, or any room or building not open to the public. 18 (d) A portable-type office structure may qualify as a business office only if the structure meets 19 the requirements of this section and is not a readily moveable trailer or other vehicle. 20 (e) A license holder's office may not be virtual or provided by a subscription for office space or 21 office services.

1 (f) The physical address of the salvage vehicle dealer's office must be in Texas and recognized by 2 the U.S. Postal Service and have an assigned emergency services property address. 3 (g) A license holder's office must be equipped with internet access. 4 5 221.46. Display of License 6 At each licensed business location, a [A]license holder must continuously display [at its business 7 location the original or copy of]the license issued by the department [at all times]in a conspicuous 8 manner that makes the license easily readable by the public[and is displayed in a conspicuous place at each licensed business location for which the license is issued]. 9 10 11 221.47. Evidence of Ownership 12 A salvage vehicle dealer must receive a properly assigned salvage vehicle title, salvage record of title, non-repairable vehicle title, non-repairable record of title, or out-of-state ownership document, as 13 14 applicable, when acquiring a non-repairable motor vehicle or salvage motor vehicle in accordance with 15 §217.86 of this title (relating to Dismantling, Scrapping, or Destruction of Motor Vehicles). 16 17 [221.48. Scrapped or Destroyed Motor Vehicle] 18 (a) Within 30 days after a salvage vehicle dealer acquires a non-repairable motor vehicle or 19 salvage motor vehicle for the purpose of scrapping or destroying the motor vehicle, the salvage vehicle 20 dealer shall:

1	(1) submit to the department a report on a form prescribed by the department stating
2	that the motor vehicle will be scrapped or destroyed and certifying that all license plates and registration
3	stickers have been removed from the motor vehicle; and
4	(2) surrender to the department the properly assigned ownership document.]
5	[(b) Not later than 60 days after the motor vehicle is scrapped or destroyed, the salvage vehicle
6	dealer shall report to the department that the motor vehicle has been scrapped or destroyed.]
7	[(c) A salvage vehicle dealer shall maintain records of each motor vehicle that is scrapped or
8	destroyed, as provided by Subchapter D of this chapter (relating to Records).]
9	[(d) License plates and registration stickers of vehicles that will be scrapped or destroyed shall be
10	stored by the salvage vehicle dealer in a secure location until the department acknowledges receipt of
11	the report required by subsection (a) of this section.]
12	[(e) The salvage vehicle dealer shall <u>recycle</u>[destroy] the license plates and <u>destroy the</u>
13	registration stickers to the vehicles reported under subsection (a) of this section upon receipt of the
14	acknowledged report from the department.]
15	[(f) A vehicle reported to the department under subsection (a) of this section is considered a
16	non-repairable vehicle effective the date of the report.]
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18	221.49. Unique Inventory Number
19	Occupations Code, §2302.255, sets out the requirements for a salvage vehicle dealer in assigning
20	a unique inventory number when the salvage vehicle dealer purchases or takes delivery of a component
21	part.

1 2 221.50. Restrictions on <u>a Sale[s]</u> of <u>a Flood Damaged Vehicle[s]</u> 3 (a) A motor vehicle that is [classified as-]a non-repairable motor vehicle or salvage motor vehicle 4 based solely on flood damage may be sold or transferred only as provided by this section. 5 (b) A license holder[salvage vehicle dealer] may sell, transfer, or release a non-repairable motor 6 vehicle or salvage motor vehicle to any person[anyone] if: 7 (1) a non-repairable or salvage vehicle title or record of title, or a comparable out-of-8 state ownership document has been issued for the motor vehicle, and 9 (2) a the license holder provides[provided] a written disclosure to the person [has been 10 made-]that the vehicle is[has been classified as] a non-repairable motor vehicle or salvage motor vehicle 11 based solely on flood damage. 12 (c) If a non-repairable or salvage vehicle title or record of title or a comparable out-of-state ownership document has not been issued for the motor vehicle, a salvage vehicle dealer may only sell, 13 14 transfer, or release a non-repairable motor vehicle or salvage motor vehicle to: 15 (1) an insurance company that has paid a claim on the nonrepairable or salvage motor vehicle; 16 17 (2) a governmental entity; 18 (3) a licensed salvage vehicle dealer; 19 (4) an out-of-state buyer; 20 (5) a metal recycler; or

(6) a used automotive parts recycler, and

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- 2 (7) must provide [provided] a written disclosure[has been made] that the vehicle has
- 3 been classified as a non-repairable motor vehicle or salvage motor vehicle based solely on flood damage.
- 5 221.51. Duty to Identify a Motor Vehicle[s] Offered for Sale
 - (a) A salvage vehicle dealer shall place a <u>notice[sign]</u> on each salvage motor vehicle it displays or offers for sale that:
 - (1) is visible from outside of the salvage motor vehicle;
 - (2) contains lettering that is two inches or more in height identifying the vehicle is a salvage motor vehicle; and
 - (3) states as follows: "This is a salvage titled vehicle that cannot be operated on a public highway. If the salvaged vehicle is to be registered in Texas, the purchaser must apply to a county tax assessor-collector's office, surrender the salvage title, submit the required information on repairs that have been made to the vehicle and pay the applicable fees before the vehicle may be titled and/or registered to operate on the public highway."
 - (b) Upon the sale of a salvage motor vehicle, a salvage vehicle dealer shall obtain the purchaser's signature to a disclosure statement written in eleven point or larger font that states as follows: "I, (name of purchaser), acknowledge that at the time of purchase, I am aware that: the vehicle is titled on a salvage title; if I intend to operate the vehicle on a public highway in Texas, I am responsible for applying for a title for this salvage vehicle through a Texas county tax assessor-collector's office accompanied by the required forms showing that repairs have been made to the vehicle; I am responsible for paying the

applicable fees; and, I may not drive this salvage vehicle on a public highway until after a titled branded rebuilt salvage and registration have been issued."

- (c) A salvage vehicle dealer shall place a sign on each non-repairable motor vehicle it displays or offers for sale that:
 - (1) is visible from outside of the non-repairable motor vehicle;
- (2) contains lettering that is two inches or more in height; and

- (3) states as follows: "This is a non-repairable titled motor vehicle that can never be operated on a public highway of this state[-or any other state]."
 - (d) Upon the sale of a non-repairable motor vehicle, a salvage vehicle dealer shall obtain the purchaser's signature to a disclosure statement written in eleven point or larger font that states as follows: "I, (name of purchaser), acknowledge that at the time of purchase, I am aware that the vehicle is a non-repairable vehicle; this vehicle will never be able to operate on a public highway of this state[erany other state] and will never be registered to operate on a public highway of this state[-or any other state]; and, before selling this non-repairable vehicle I must have the non-repairable vehicle titled in my name."
 - (e) A salvage vehicle dealer shall maintain a copy of the written disclosures required by this section as part of its records of sales in accordance with §221.73 of this title (relating to Content of Records).
 - (f) The notice requirements of subsections (a) and (c) can be met if the salvage vehicle dealer conspicuously displays a permanent sign that [single notice or notices if] all of the vehicles being offered for sale by the salvage vehicle dealer are salvage motor vehicles or non-repairable motor vehicles.

1	(g) If the salvage vehicle dealer conducts a sale of a salvage motor vehicle or a non-repairable
2	motor vehicle in Spanish or other foreign language, the notices and disclosures required by this section
3	shall be in that language.
4	(h) This section does not apply to a vehicle that is displayed or offered for sale by a salvage
5	vehicle dealer who operates solely as a salvage pool operator and only sells vehicles at wholesale[person
6	who holds a salvage pool license on the premises of the licensed salvage pool operator].
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8	221.52. Export-only Sales
9	(a) A license holder may sell a non-repairable motor vehicle or a salvage motor vehicle to a
10	person who resides in a jurisdiction outside the United States only as provided by Transportation Code,
11	§501.099 and §217.88 of this title (relating to Sale, Transfer, or Release of Ownership of a Non-repairable
12	or Salvage Motor Vehicle).
13	(b) A license holder may accept any of the following types of government-issued photo
14	identification documents to establish that the purchaser resides outside the United States:
15	(1) passport;
16	(2) driver's license;
17	(3) consular identity document;
18	(4) national identification certificate or identity document; or
19	(5) other photo identification card issued by the jurisdiction where the purchaser resides
20	that contains the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser.

1	(c) A legible copy of the <u>purchaser's</u> photo identification document must be maintained in the
2	records of the license holder for a period of $\underline{36[48]}$ months after the sale of a salvage motor vehicle or a
3	non-repairable motor vehicle for "export-only."
4	(d) The limitation on the number of casual sales that may be made to a person under §221.53 of
5	this title (relating to Casual Sales) does not apply to sales to a person who resides in a jurisdiction
6	outside the United States and who purchases salvage motor vehicles and non-repairable motor vehicles
7	for "export-only."
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9	221.53. Casual Sales
10	(a) A license holder may not make more than five (5) casual sales of salvage motor vehicles or
11	non-repairable motor vehicles during a calendar year to the same person.
12	(b) A license holder must maintain records of each casual sale made in accordance with §217.88
13	of this title (relating to Sale, Transfer, or Release of Ownership of a Non-repairable or Salvage Motor
14	<u>Vehicle</u>).[during the previous 36 months, as provided by §221.72 of this title (relating to Record
15	Retention). Such records must contain the following information regarding each casual sale:
16	(1) the complete name, address and phone number of the purchaser;
17	(2) a copy of one of the following valid and current photo identification documents for
18	the purchaser:
19	(A) driver's license, Department of Public Safety identification, or state
20	identification certificate issued by a state or territory of the United States;

1	(B) concealed handgun license or license to carry a handgun issued by the
2	Department of Public Safety under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H;
3	(C) United States or foreign passport;
4	(D) United States Department of Homeland Security, United States Citizenship
5	and Immigration Services, or United States Department of State Identification document;
6	(E) United States military identification card; or
7	(F) North Atlantic Treaty Organization identification or identification issued
8	under a Status of Forces Agreement; and
9	(3) the year, make, model, color and vehicle identification number for the salvage motor
10	vehicle or non-repairable motor vehicle.
11	(c) A person who purchases a salvage motor vehicle or a non-repairable motor vehicle through a
12	casual sale may not sell that salvage motor vehicle or non-repairable motor vehicle until the salvage
13	vehicle title, salvage record or title, non-repairable vehicle title or non-repairable record of title, as
14	applicable, is in the person's name.
15	
16	221.54. Criteria for Site Visits
17	In determining whether to conduct a site visit at an active salvage <u>vehicle</u> dealer's location, the
18	department will consider whether the dealer has:
19	(1) failed to respond to a records request;
20	(2) failed to operate from the license location; [or]

1 (3) an enforcement history that reveals failed compliance inspections or multiple 2 complaints with administrative sanctions being taken by the department; 3 (4) a business location that fails to meet business premises rule requirements under this 4 chapter; or 5 (5) records that require further investigation by the department. 6 7 **SUBCHAPTER D. RECORDS** 8 9 10 221.71. Records; Generally 11 (a) A salvage vehicle dealer shall maintain a record of each salvage motor vehicle and nonrepairable motor vehicle purchased, sold, or exchanged by the salvage vehicle dealer. 12 (b) A salvage vehicle dealer's records must be maintained at the licensed business location. 13 14 (c) Any records required to be maintained by a license holder may be maintained in an electronic 15 format if the record can be reviewed and printed at the licensed business location upon request by [a 16 representative of]the department[at the time the requestor is at the business location]. 17 (d) A salvage vehicle dealer must make records available for review and copying upon request by 18 [a representative of]the department. The department may request records[A request for records may 19 be made by the department] in person, by mail, or electronically from a department email or a 20 <u>department-designated system[by electronically document transfer].</u>

(e) [Upon receipt of a request for review of records sent by mail or electronic document transfer from the department, a]A salvage vehicle dealer must provide[produce] copies of requested[specified] records to the department [requestor] within 15[10 calendar] days of receipt of the request[-by mail or electronic document transfer].

(f) Occupations Code, §2302.254, establishes the requirements that a salvage vehicle dealer maintain a record of an inventory of component parts purchased by or delivered to the salvage vehicle dealer.

221.72. Record Retention

- (a) A salvage vehicle dealer must retain at the licensed business location, or have electronic access at the licensed business location of records stored electronically, a complete record of all purchases and sales of salvage motor vehicles and nonrepairable motor vehicles for a minimum period of 36 months from the date of the transaction.
- (b) A salvage vehicle dealer shall maintain at the licensed business location a record of each vehicle that is <u>dismantled</u>, scrapped or destroyed, and a photocopy of the front and back of all salvage vehicle titles and nonrepairable vehicle titles, or a photocopy or electronic copy of all salvage records of title, and nonrepairable records of title, and, if applicable, a photocopy of any out-of-state evidence of ownership surrendered to the department, until the <u>third[fourth]</u> anniversary of the date the report was acknowledged as received by the department.
- (c) A salvage vehicle dealer utilizing the department's web-based title application known as webDEALER, as defined in §217.71 of this title (relating to Automated and Web-Based Vehicle Registration and Title Systems), must comply with §217.74 of this title (relating to Access to and Use of

1 webDEALER). Original hard copy titles are not required to be kept at the licensed business location[7] but 2 must be made available to the department upon request. 3 4 221.73. Content of Records 5 (a) The records of a salvage vehicle dealer for purchases and sales shall include: 6 (1) the date the license holder purchased [of purchase of] the salvage motor vehicle, or 7 non-repairable motor vehicle; 8 (2) the name and address of the person who sold the salvage motor vehicle or non-9 repairable motor vehicle to the salvage vehicle dealer; 10 (3) if the person [who sold the salvage motor vehicle or non-repairable motor vehicle to 11 the salvage motor vehicle dealer] is not an insurance company or a license holder[salvage pool operator], a photocopy of [one of]the [following current-]photo identification document[s] of the person 12 who purchased the salvage motor vehicle or non-repairable motor vehicle from the salvage vehicle 13 14 dealer or sold the salvage motor vehicle or non-repairable motor vehicle to the salvage vehicle dealer[; 15 (A) driver's license, Department of Public Safety identification, or state 16 identification certificate issued by a state or territory of the United States; 17 (B) concealed handgun license or license to carry a handgun issued by the Department of Public Safety under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H; 18 19 (C) United States or foreign passport;

1	(D) United States Department of Homeland Security, United States Citizenship
2	and Immigration Services, or United States Department of State Identification document;
3	(E) United States military identification card; or
4	(F) North Atlantic Treaty Organization identification or identification issued
5	under a Status of Forces Agreement];
6	(4) a description of the salvage motor vehicle or non-repairable motor vehicle, including
7	the model, year, make, and vehicle identification number, if applicable;
8	(5) the ownership document number and state of issuance of the salvage motor vehicle
9	or non-repairable motor vehicle ownership document, if applicable;
10	(6) a copy of the salvage record of title or non-repairable record of title, if applicable, or
11	a copy of the front and back of the ownership document for the salvage motor vehicle or non-repairable
12	motor vehicle;
13	(7) a copy of the form if the ownership document has been surrendered to the
14	department; [and]
15	(8) any evidence indicating that the motor vehicle was dismantled, scrapped, or
16	destroyed;
17	(9) the sales contract or buyer's order;
18	(10) the salvage disclosure notice required under §221.51 of this title (relating to Duty to
19	Identify a Motor Vehicle Offered for Sale);

(11) a copy of the photo identification document required for export sales under 1 2 §221.52 (relating to Export-Only Sales); (12) records for a casual sale as required under §221.53 (relating to Casual Sales); and 3 (13) any other records required under current rules in this title. 4 5 (b) If the salvage motor vehicle has been rebuilt, repaired, or reconstructed by the salvage 6 vehicle dealer the salvage vehicle dealer's records must also include a form prescribed by the 7 department [for "Rebuilt Vehicle Statement," listing all repairs made to the motor vehicle, and, when 8 required to be completed, a form prescribed by the department for "Component Part(s) Bill of Sale."]in accordance with §217.89 of this title (relating to Rebuilt Salvage Motor Vehicles). 9 10 11 12 SUBCHAPTER E. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES 13 [221.91. Notice of Department Decision] 14 (a) Upon a determination that an application for a license issued under Occupations Code, 15 Chapter 2302, and this chapter should be denied, or that a license be revoked or suspended, or 16 that administrative sanctions should be imposed based on alleged violations of Occupations Code, 17 Chapter 2302, or this chapter, the department shall issue and mail, by certified mail, a Notice of Department Decision to the applicant's, license holder's or person's last known mailing address, as 18 reflected in the department's licensing records. 19 20 [(b) The Notice of Department Decision includes a statement: 21 (1) that describes the department decision and its effective date; 22 (2) that describes each alleged violation;

1	(3) that describes each administrative sanction being proposed;
2	(4) which sets out the legal basis for each administrative sanction;
3	(5) informing the license applicant, license holder or other person of the right to
4	request a hearing;
5	(6) setting forth the procedures for requesting a hearing, including the period
6	during which a request for a hearing must be received by the department; and
7	(7) informing the license applicant, license holder, or other person that the
8	proposed decision and administrative sanctions in the Notice of Department Decision will become
9	final on the date specified if the license applicant, license holder, or other person fails to timely
10	request a hearing.]
11	[(c) A request for an administrative hearing under this section must be made in writing and
12	received by the department within 26 days of the date the Notice of Department Decision is
13	mailed by the department.]
14	[(d) If the license applicant, license holder, or person does not make a timely request for
15	hearing or enter into a settlement agreement before the 27th day after the date the Notice of
16	Department Decision is mailed, the matter becomes final in accordance with the Government
17	Code, Chapter 2001.]
18	
19	[221.91. Notice of Hearing]
20	[(a) If a request for administrative hearing is timely received, the department shall set a hearing
21	with the State Office of Administrative Hearings and give notice to the license applicant, license holder
22	or other person of the date, time and location where the hearing will be held.]

(b) The hearing shall be conducted under the provisions set forth in this chapter and by an 1 2 administrative law judge of the State Office of Administrative Hearings.] 3 4 [221.93. Final Decisions and Orders; Motions for Rehearing] 5 (a) If a department decision becomes final under a Notice of Department Decision issued under 6 §221.91 of this title (relating to Notice of Department Decision), the matter will be forwarded to the final 7 order authority for issuance of a final order incorporating the decisions, findings and administrative 8 sanctions imposed by the Notice of Department Decision. The department will send a copy of the final 9 order to the license applicant, license holder, or other person.] 10 (b) The provisions of Government Code, Chapter 2001, Subchapter F, govern the issuance of a 11 final order issued under this subchapter and motions for rehearing filed in response to issuance of a final 12 order.] 13 14 [221.94. Judicial Review of Final Order] 15 [The provisions of Government Code, Chapter 2001, Subchapter G, govern the appeal of a final order issued under this subchapter.] 16 17 18 [221.95. Delegation of Final Order Authority] 19 [(a) In accordance with Transportation Code, §1003.005(b), in cases brought under Occupations 20 Code, Chapter 2302, the director of the division that regulates the distribution and sale of motor vehicles

is authorized to issue a final order in a case without a decision on the merits, including, but not limited 1 2 to a case resolved: 3 (1) by settlement; (2) by agreed order; 4 (3) by withdrawal of the complaint; 5 6 (4) by dismissal for want of prosecution; (5) by dismissal for want of jurisdiction; 7 8 (6) by summary judgment or summary disposition; 9 (7) by default judgment; or (8) when a party waives opportunity for a hearing.] 10 [(b) In contested cases in which the board has delegated final order authority under subsection 11 (a) of this section, a motion for rehearing shall be filed with and decided by the final order authority 12 13 delegate.] 14 [221.96. Cease and Desist Order] 15 16 (a) The board may issue a cease and desist order if the board reasonably believes a person who 17 is not licensed under Occupations Code Chapter 2302 is violating that chapter or a rule or order adopted 18 under that chapter.] 19 (b) A cease and desist order may require a person to cease and desist from committing a 20 violation. The order must contain a notice that a request for hearing may be filed under this section.]

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1 (c) A person to whom a cease and desist order is issued may file a written request for a hearing before the board. The order is final unless a request for hearing is timely filed. The person must file the 3 hearing request not later than the 10th day after the date of receipt of the order.] SUBCHAPTER E[F]. ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS 221.111. Denial of License 8 (a) The [board or]department may deny an application for a new license or an application for a license renewal[of a license] under Occupations Code Chapter 53 or Chapter 2302, and §211.3 of this title (relating to Criminal Offense Guidelines) or this chapter, if: 10 (1) all the information required on the application is not complete; (2) the applicant or any owner, officer, director, or other person described in §211.2 of this title (relating to Application of Subchapter) made a false statement, material misrepresentation, or a material omission, on the application to issue, renew, or amend a license; (3) the applicant, or any owner, officer, director, or other person described in §211.2 of this title, has been convicted, or considered convicted under Occupations Code §53.021(d), by any local, state, federal, or foreign authority, of an offense that directly relates to the duties or responsibilities of the licensed occupation as described in §211.3 of this title or is convicted of an offense that is independently disqualifying under Occupations Code §53.021; (4) the applicant's or any owner's, officer's, director's, or other person described in §211.2 of this title, previous license was revoked; (5) the applicant[-or license holder] has an ownership, organizational, managerial, 23 or other business arrangement that would allow a person the power to direct, management,

policies, or activities, of the applicant or license holder, whether directly or indirectly, who [is unfit, ineligible for license, or]has been subject to disciplinary action, including suspension, revocation, denial, corrective action, cease and desist order, or assessment of a civil penalty, administrative fine, or similar assessment for a current or previous license, permit, or other

authorization issued by any local, state, or federal regulatory authority; or

(6) the applicant, or any owner, officer, or director, or other person described in §211.2 of this title[-is-unfit to hold the license, is ineligible for licensure, or-] whose current or previous license, permit, or other authorization issued by any local, state, or federal regulatory authority has been subject to disciplinary action, including suspension, revocation, denial, corrective action, cease and desist order, or assessment of a civil penalty, administrative fine, fee, or similar assessment.

- (b) If the department denies an application for a license to be issued under the authority of Occupations Code Chapter 2302, the applicant may request an administrative hearing in the manner specified in §224.102 of this title (relating to Notice of Department Decision).
- (c) In accordance with Occupations Code §2302.108, the [board or-]department shall reject any application for issuance of a new license under Occupations Code Chapter 2302 filed by a person whose license is revoked before the first anniversary of the date of revocation.

221.112. Suspension, Revocation and Administrative Penalties

The [board or-]department may suspend or revoke a license or impose an administrative penalty if the license holder:

(1) fails to meet or maintain the qualifications and requirements for a license;

1	(2) violates any law relating to the purchase, sale, exchange, storage, or distribution of
2	motor vehicles, including salvage motor vehicles and nonrepairable motor vehicles;
3	(3) willfully defrauds a purchaser;
4	(4) fails to maintain purchase, sales, and inventory records as required by Occupations
5	Code, Chapter 2302, <u>Transportation Code, Chapter 501, Chapter 217, Subchapter D of this title,</u> or this
6	chapter;
7	(5) refuses[to permit,] or fails to comply with a request by the department to examine,
8	during normal business hours, the license holder's records as required by Occupations Code, Chapter
9	2302, or this chapter;
10	(6) engages in motor vehicle or salvage business without the required license;
11	(7) engages in business as a salvage vehicle dealer at a location for which a license has
12	not been issued by the department;
13	(8) fails to notify the department of a change of the salvage vehicle dealer's [legal
14	business entity name, assumed name, mailing address, or email address within 30 days of such change
15	by submitting an amendment to the license] license holder information as required under §221.19 of
16	this title (relating to Notice of Change in License Holder Information);
17	(9) fails to notify the department of a change in location[described in §221.19(b) of this
18	title (relating to Change of License Holder's Name, Ownership, or Control) as required in that section]
19	prior to operating in a new location or closing a location in accordance with §221.18 of this title (relating
20	to Additional, New, or Closed Location);

1	(10) fails to remain regularly and actively engaged in the business for which the salvage
2	vehicle dealer license is issued;
3	(11) sells more than five (5) nonrepairable motor vehicles or salvage motor vehicles to
4	the same person in a casual sale during a calendar year;
5	(12) violates any provision of Occupations Code Chapters 2301 or 2302, Transportation
6	Code Chapters 501, 502, or 503, or any board rule or order promulgated under those statutes;
7	(13) uses or allows use of the salvage vehicle dealer's license or business location for the
8	purpose of avoiding the requirements of Occupations Code Chapters 2301 or 2302, Transportation Code,
9	Chapters 501, 502 or 503, or any board rule or order promulgated under those statutes;
10	(14) violates any law, ordinance, rule or regulation governing the purchase, sale,
11	exchange, or storage, of salvage motor vehicles or nonrepairable motor vehicles;
12	(15) sells or offers for sale a nonrepairable motor vehicle or a salvage motor vehicle from
13	any location other than the salvage vehicle dealer's licensed business location;
14	(16) is, or any owner, officer, director, or other person described in §211.2 of this title
15	(relating to Application of Subchapter), is convicted, or considered convicted under Occupations Code
16	§53.021(d), by any local, state, federal, or foreign authority, of an offense that directly relates to the
17	duties or responsibilities of the licensed occupation as described in §211.3 of this title (relating to
18	Criminal Offense Guidelines) or an offense that that is independently disqualifying under Occupations
19	Code §53.021 after initial issuance or renewal of the salvage vehicle dealer license, or that has not been
20	reported to the department as required;

1	(17) makes a false statement, material misrepresentation, or material omission in any
2	application or other information filed with the department;
3	(18) fails to timely remit payment for administrative penalties imposed by the
4	department;
5	(19) engages in business without a license required under Occupations Code Chapters
6	2301 or 2302, or Transportation Code Chapter 503;
7	(20) operates a salvage motor vehicle or a nonrepairable motor vehicle on [the-]public
8	highways or allows another person to operate a salvage motor vehicle or a nonrepairable motor vehicle
9	on public highways; <u>or</u>
10	(21) [dismantles a salvage motor vehicle or a nonrepairable motor vehicle
11	(22) Ideals in used automotive parts as more than an incidental part of the salvage
12	vehicle dealer's primary business.
13	
14	221.115. Refund of Fees
15	In the absence of director approval, the department will not refund a fee paid by a license
16	applicant or a license holder if:
17	(1) the application or license is withdrawn, denied, suspended, or revoked; or
18	(2) the license applicant or license holder is subject to an unpaid civil penalty imposed
19	against the license applicant or license holder by a final order.[The department will not refund fees paid
20	if a license is denied, suspended or revoked.]

1 TEXT. 2 **SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS** 3 224.1 Purpose and Scope 4 This subchapter describes the procedures by which the department will adjudicate a 5 contested case arising under Occupations Code, Chapters 2301 or 2302, or Transportation Code, 6 Chapters 503, 621-623, 642-646, 648, or 1001-1005, consistent with the requirements of 7 Government Code, Chapter 2001. Unless expressly excluded or limited, this subchapter applies to 8 every contested case matter in which the department has jurisdiction. 9 10 224.2 Definitions 11 (a) The statutory definitions govern this chapter. In the event of a conflict, the definition or 12 procedure referenced in statute controls. 13 (b) When used in this chapter the following words and terms shall have the following 14 meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. 15 (1) Administrative Law Judge or ALJ--An individual appointed to serve as a presiding officer by the State Office of Administrative Hearings Chief Judge under Government Code, 16 17 Chapter 2003, to conduct a hearing on matters within the department's jurisdiction. 18 (2) APA--The Administrative Procedure Act, Government Code Chapter 2001. 19 (3) Authorized representative--An attorney authorized to practice law in the State 20 of Texas or, if authorized by the applicable subchapter, a non-attorney designated by a party to 21 represent the party. 22 (4) Board--The Board of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles, including any 23 personnel to whom the board delegates any duty assigned.

1	(5) ClaimA claim made pursuant to Occupations Code, Chapter 2302, Salvage
2	Vehicle Dealers; and Transportation Code, Chapter 643, Motor Carrier Registration.
3	(6) ComplaintA matter filed under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapter E
4	Public Interest Information and Complaint Procedures, under §2301.460 relating to a warranty,
5	preparation, or delivery agreement obligation of a manufacturer, distributor, or representative, or
6	under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapter M, or Transportation Code, Chapter 503.
7	(7) Contested CaseA proceeding in which the legal rights, duties, or privileges of a
8	party are determined by the department after the opportunity for an adjudicative hearing.
9	(8) DayA calendar day.
10	(9) DepartmentThe Texas Department of Motor Vehicles.
11	(10) DirectorThe division director of the department authorized by the Board or by
12	statute to act, including any personnel to whom the division director delegates any duty assigned under
13	this chapter.
14	(11) Electronic filing or filed electronicallyThe electronic transmission of
15	documents filed in a contested case by uploading the documents to a case docket using a
16	department-designated system or department-designated email.
17	(12) Electronic signature or signed electronicallyAn electronic version of a
18	person's signature that is the legal equivalent of the person's handwritten signature, unless the
19	document is required to be notarized or sworn. Electronic signature formats include:
20	(A) an "/s/" and the person's name typed in the space where the signature
21	would otherwise appear;
22	(B) an electronic graphical image or scanned image of the signature; or

1	(C) a "digital signature" based on accepted public key infrastructure
2	technology that guarantees the signer's identity and data integrity.
3	(13) Electronic service or served electronicallyThe electronic transmission of
4	documents filed in a contested case and sent to a party or a party's authorized representative by
5	email or a department-designated system.
6	(14) EvidenceTestimony and exhibits admitted into the hearing record by an ALJ
7	or hearings examiner to prove or disprove the existence of an alleged fact.
8	(15) Ex Parte CommunicationDirect or indirect communication between a state
9	agency, person, or representative of those entities and an ALJ, board member, or hearings
10	examiner in connection with an issue of law or fact in a contested case where the other known
11	parties to the proceeding do not have notice of the communication and an opportunity to
12	participate. Ex parte communication does not include:
13	(A) communication where all parties to the contested case have notice of
14	the communication and an opportunity to participate;
15	(B) communication concerning uncontested administrative or uncontested
16	procedural matters;
17	(C) consultation between an ALJ, hearings examiner, or board member and
18	legal counsel or hearings personnel;
19	(D) ex parte communication required for the disposition of an ex parte
20	matter or otherwise expressly authorized by law; and
21	(E) communication between a state agency, party, person, or representative
22	of those entities and a mediator made to evaluate a contested matter for mediation, or to mediate
23	or settle a contested matter.

1	(16) Exhibit—A document, record, photograph, or other form of data compilation,
2	regardless of media, or other tangible object offered by a party as evidence.
3	(17) FiledThe receipt by the department of a document and required payment, if
4	any.
5	(18) Final order authorityThe person with authority under statute or a board rule
6	to issue a final order.
7	(20) GDNGeneral distinguishing number as defined in Transportation Code,
8	Chapter 503.
9	(21) Governmental agencyA state or local governmental agency or agency of the
10	United States government, whether executive, legislative, or judicial.
11	(22) Hearings ExaminerAn individual appointed to serve as a presiding officer by
12	the Office of Administrative Hearings Chief Judge, to conduct a hearing on contested matters
13	under Occupations Code, §2301.204 or Subchapter M.
14	(23) License holderA person holding a license under Occupations Code, Chapters
15	2301 or 2302, or a GDN or other license issued under Transportation Code Chapter 503.
16	(24) MediationA confidential, informal dispute resolution process in which a
17	qualified impartial person serves as a mediator to facilitate communication between the parties to
18	promote settlement, reconciliation, or understanding as defined by Occupations Code §2301.521.
19	(25) Motion for rehearing authorityThe person with authority to decide a motion
20	for rehearing under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 or 2302, Transportation Code, Chapters 503
21	and 1001 – 1005, or board rules.
22	(26) PartyA person, including the department, named or permitted to participate
23	in a contested case.

1	(27) PleadingA filed document that requests procedural or substantive relief,
2	makes a claim, alleges a fact, makes a legal argument, or otherwise addresses a matter involved in
3	a contested case.
4	(28) ProtestTo challenge a person's licensing application or a decision by a license
5	holder as provided under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301.
6	(29) RedactionTo remove confidential references from the document.
7	(30) SOAHThe State Office of Administrative Hearings.
8	(31) StipulationA binding agreement among opposing parties concerning a relevant
9	issue or fact.
10	(32) TACThe Texas Administrative Code.
11	(33) TRCPThe Texas Rules of Civil Procedure which may be found on the website of the
12	Texas Supreme Court.
13	(34) TREThe Texas Rules of Evidence which may be found on the website of the Texas
14	Supreme Court.
15	
16	224.3 Prohibited Communication
17	(a) No person, party, attorney of record, or authorized representative in any contested
18	case shall violate Government Code, §2001.061 by directly or indirectly engaging in ex parte
19	communication concerning a contested case with an ALJ, board member, or hearings examiner
20	assigned to render a decision or make findings of fact and conclusions of law in a contested case.
21	(b) Unless prohibited by Government Code §2001.061 or SOAH rules, department staff who
22	did not participate in the hearing may advise an ALJ, board member, or a hearings examiner, or a

person delegated power from the board under Occupations Code §2301.154 regarding the 1 2 contested case and any procedural matters. 3 (c) Department staff shall not recommend a final decision to the board unless the 4 department is a party to the contested case. 5 (d) A violation of this section shall be promptly reported to the board chair or chief 6 hearings examiner, as applicable, and the general counsel of the department. 7 (e) The general counsel shall ensure that a copy or summary of the ex parte communication 8 is included with the record of the contested case and that a copy is forwarded to all parties or their 9 authorized representatives. 10 (f) The general counsel may take any other appropriate action otherwise provided by law. 11 12 224.4 Appearance 13 (a) General. Any party to a contested case may appear in person or by an authorized 14 representative. An authorized representative may be required to show authority to represent a party. 15 (b) Appearance by authorized representative. A party's authorized representative who has not 16 entered an appearance as a matter of record in a contested case shall enter an appearance by filing with 17 the department appropriate documentation that contains the representative's mailing address, email 18 address, and telephone number. If the party's representative is not licensed to practice law in Texas and 19 the authority of the representative is challenged, the representative must show authority to appear as 20 the party's representative. 21 (c) Nonresident attorney. An attorney who is a resident of and licensed to practice law in another 22 state and who is not an active member of the State Bar of Texas shall comply with the requirements of 23 Government Code §82.0361 and Rule XIX of the Rules Governing Admission to the Bar of Texas before

1 entering an appearance on behalf of a party. Rule XIX may be found on the website of the Board of Law 2 Examiners. 3 (d) Attorney in charge. When more than one attorney makes an appearance in a contested case 4 on behalf of a party, the attorney whose signature appears first on the initial document filed in the 5 contested case shall be the attorney in charge for that party unless another attorney is specifically 6 designated in writing. All communication sent by the department or other party regarding the contested 7 case shall be sent to the attorney in charge unless otherwise requested by a party. 8 (e) Intervention. Any public official or other person having an interest in a contested case may, 9 upon request to the ALJ or hearings examiner, be permitted to intervene. Any person desiring to 10 intervene in a contested case may be required to disclose that person's interest in the contested case 11 before permission to appear will be granted. A person may not intervene in a mediation unless all parties and the mediator agree that the participation of the person will facilitate understanding and resolution 12 13 of the contested case. (f) This rule does not allow a person to engage in the unauthorized practice of law. 14 15 16 224.5 Computing Time 17 Any period of time prescribed or allowed by this chapter, by order of the board, or by any 18 applicable statute shall be computed in accordance with Government Code, §311.014. 19 (a) Application of rule. This rule applies unless another method is required by statute, another 20 rule in this chapter, or order.

(b) Computing time periods. When computing a time period under this chapter:

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1	(1) the day of the act, event, or default from which the designated time period begins to
2	run is not counted; and
3	(2) the last day of the time period is counted, unless it is a day on which the department
4	is closed, in which case the time period will end on the next day the department is open.
5	(c) Calendar days. A time limit shall be computed using calendar days rather than business days
6	unless business days are specified in statute or rule.
7	(d) A request to extend a time limit is governed by §224.14 of this chapter (relating to Extension
8	of Time).
9	
10	224.6 Filing and Service of Documents
11	(a) Each document required or permitted to be filed with the department under this chapter
12	must be delivered as required under the relevant subchapter for the applicable type of contested matter
13	(b) A copy of each document filed in any contested case shall be served on the same date upon
14	(1) the department, and
15	(2) each party or the party's authorized representative or attorney in charge.
16	(c) Delivery by electronic filing is considered timely if the document is received by 5:00 p.m.
17	Central Time. Delivery by electronic filing after 5:00 p.m. shall be deemed received on the following day
18	or the next business day if filed on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.
19	(c) A certificate of service shall accompany each document. A certificate of service by the party
20	or party's authorized representative showing timely delivery of a document in a manner described in the

1	relevant subchapter shall be prima facie evidence of timely delivery. This rule does not preclude the
2	department or any party from offering proof that the document was not timely delivered.
3	(d) To be timely filed, a document must be received by the department within the time specified
4	by statute, rule, or department order. A document received after the specified time, notwithstanding the
5	means of delivery, shall be deemed untimely.
6	(e) A document filed electronically must:
7	(1) be legible and preferably in a portable document format (PDF) unless the
8	department requests a different format;
9	(2) be directly converted to PDF rather than scanned, to the extent possible;
10	(3) not be locked;
11	(4) include the email address of a party, attorney, or representative who electronically
12	filed the document;
13	(5) include the docket number and the name of the contested case in which the
14	document is filed;
15	(6) be properly titled or described in a manner that permits the department and the
16	parties to reasonably ascertain the contents of the document; and
17	(7) include an electronic signature.
18	(f) The department is not responsible for a filing party's user or system error occurring in the
19	electronic filing, transmission, or service of electronically filed documents.

1	(g) If a document is not submitted timely due to a system outage of a department-designated
2	system, the filing party may send the document to a department-designated email address or seek
3	appropriate relief from the final order authority.
4	(h) If a document submitted for filing contains confidential information, a party must redact
5	personal identifying information such as a social security number, driver license number, home address,
6	personal telephone number, or personal email address that is not necessary to the resolution of the
7	case, or if the information is necessary, conspicuously mark the document as "CONFIDENTIAL" in bold
8	12-point or larger type;
9	
10	224.7 Hearing Recording and Transcription Cost
11	(a) Except as provided by Subchapter G of this chapter (relating to Lemon Law and Warranty
11 12	(a) Except as provided by Subchapter G of this chapter (relating to Lemon Law and Warranty Performance Obligations), hearings in contested cases will be transcribed by a court reporter or recorded
12	Performance Obligations), hearings in contested cases will be transcribed by a court reporter or recorded
12 13	Performance Obligations), hearings in contested cases will be transcribed by a court reporter or recorded by the hearings examiner.
12 13 14	Performance Obligations), hearings in contested cases will be transcribed by a court reporter or recorded by the hearings examiner. (b) In a contested case in which the hearing is transcribed by a court reporter, the costs of
12 13 14 15	Performance Obligations), hearings in contested cases will be transcribed by a court reporter or recorded by the hearings examiner. (b) In a contested case in which the hearing is transcribed by a court reporter, the costs of transcribing the hearing and for the preparation of an original transcript of the record for the
12 13 14 15 16	Performance Obligations), hearings in contested cases will be transcribed by a court reporter or recorded by the hearings examiner. (b) In a contested case in which the hearing is transcribed by a court reporter, the costs of transcribing the hearing and for the preparation of an original transcript of the record for the department shall be assessed to:
12 13 14 15 16	Performance Obligations), hearings in contested cases will be transcribed by a court reporter or recorded by the hearings examiner. (b) In a contested case in which the hearing is transcribed by a court reporter, the costs of transcribing the hearing and for the preparation of an original transcript of the record for the department shall be assessed to: (1) a party requesting the transcript in a contested case, or

1 (c) Copies of recordings or transcriptions of a contested case hearing will be provided to any 2 party upon written request and upon payment for the cost of the recordings or transcriptions. 3 4 224.8 Consolidation of Proceedings 5 No contested case proceedings including two or more related cases or claims shall be jointly 6 heard without the consent of all parties, unless the ALJ or hearings examiner finds that justice and 7 efficiency are better served by the consolidation. 8 9 §224.9 Informal Disposition 10 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, at any time during the contested case, the final order authority may informally dispose of a contested case by stipulation, agreed settlement, 11 12 dismissal, or consent order. 13 (b) If the parties have settled or otherwise determined that a contested case proceeding is not 14 required, the party who initiated the contested case shall file a motion to dismiss the contested case 15 from the docket and present a proposed agreed order or dismissal order to the final order authority. If 16 the party who initiated the contested case fails to file a motion to dismiss as required under this 17 subsection, the final order authority may issue a dismissal order by providing the parties with a 30-day 18 notice. 19 (c) Agreed orders must contain proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law that are signed 20 by all parties or their authorized representatives. 21 (d) Upon receipt of the agreed order, the final order authority may:

1	(1) adopt the settlement agreement and issue a final order;
2	(2) reject the settlement agreement and remand the contested case for a hearing; or
3	(3) take other action that the final order authority finds just.
4	
5	224.10 Waiver of Hearing
6	After the department issues a notice of hearing in a contested case, a party may waive a hearing
7	and consent to an agreed order. An agreed order proposed by the parties is subject to the approval of
8	the final order authority.
9	
10	224.11 Hearing Conduct and Decorum
11	(a) All parties, witnesses, counsel, and authorized representatives shall conduct themselves in all
12	contested case hearings with proper dignity, courtesy, and respect for the final order authority and other
13	parties.
14	(b) If any party, witness, attorney, or authorized representative violates this section the final
15	order authority may:
16	(1) issue a warning;
17	(2) recess the hearing; or
18	(3) exclude a person from the contested case hearing for such period and upon such
19	conditions as are just.

1	(c) An attorney shall adhere to the standards of conduct in the Texas Lawyer's Creed
2	promulgated by the Texas Supreme Court.
3	
4	224.12 Hearings to be Public
5	A hearing in a contested case shall be open to the public.
6	
7	224.13 Delegation of Final Order Authority
8	(a) In accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.154(c) and Transportation Code §1003.005(b),
9	except as provided by subsection (b) of this section, the director is authorized to issue, where there has
10	not been a decision on the merits, a final order in a contested case, including, but not limited to a
11	contested case resolved:
12	(1) by settlement;
13	(2) by agreed order;
14	(3) by withdrawal of the complaint;
15	(4) by withdrawal of a protest;
16	(5) by dismissal for want of prosecution including:
17	(A) failure of a complaining party to participate in scheduling mediation or to
18	appear at mediation as required under Subchapter C of this chapter (relating to Contested Cases
19	Between Motor Vehicle License Holders or Applicants) or Subchapter G (relating to Lemon Law and
20	Warranty Performance Claims); or

1	(B) failure of a complaining party to dismiss a contested case that has been
2	resolved by the parties;
3	(6) by dismissal for want of jurisdiction;
4	(7) by summary judgment or summary disposition;
5	(8) by default judgment; or
6	(9) when a party waives opportunity for a contested case hearing.
7	(b) In accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.711, a hearings examiner is authorized to issue
8	a final order in a contested case brought under Occupations Code, §2301.204 or §§2301.601 - 2301.613.
9	(c) In a contested case in which the board has delegated final order authority under subsection
10	(a) of this section, a motion for rehearing shall be filed with and decided by the final order authority
11	delegate.
12	
13	224.14 Extension of Time
14	(a) The final order authority may not extend the time for filing a document when a statute or
15	rule specifies the time period by which a document must be filed with the department.
16	(b) When an act is discretionary or allowed to be done at or within a specified time in
17	accordance with this chapter and Government Code, Chapter 2001, the final order authority, with good
18	cause shown, may:
19	(1) order the specific period extended if the extension is requested before the expiration
20	of the period previously specified; or

(2) permit the act to be done after the expiration of the specified period, provided good 1 2 cause is shown for the failure to act. 3 4 224.15 Final Decision and Order; Motion for Rehearing 5 (a) The provisions of Government Code, Chapter 2001, Subchapter F, govern the issuance of a 6 final order issued under this subchapter and a motion for rehearing filed in response to a final order. 7 (b) The hearings examiner has final order authority in a contested case filed under Occupations 8 Code, §2301.204 or Occupations Code Chapter 2301, Subchapter M. 9 (c) A department determination and action denying access to the temporary tag database 10 becomes final within 26 days of the date of the notice denying access to a database if the dealer or 11 converter: 12 (1) does not request a hearing for the denial of access, or (2) enter into a settlement agreement with the department. 13 14 (d) Except as provided by subsection (b) of this section and §224.13 of this title (relating to Delegation of Final Order Authority), the board has final order authority in a contested case filed under 15 Occupations Code, Chapters 2301 or 2302, or under Transportation Code, Chapters 503, 643, 645, 646, 16 17 648, and 1001—1005. 18 (e) Unless a timely motion for rehearing is filed with the appropriate authority as provided by 19 law, an order shall be deemed final and binding on all parties and all administrative remedies are 20 deemed to be exhausted as of the effective date of the final order.

1 (f) If a motion for rehearing is filed, the order shall be deemed final and binding in accordance 2 with the provisions of Government Code §2001.144. 3 (g) If a final and binding order includes an action on a license, the department may act on the 4 license on the date the order is deemed final and binding unless the action is stayed by a court order. 5 6 224.16 Judicial Review of Final Order 7 The provisions of Government Code, Chapter 2001, Subchapter G, govern the appeal of a final 8 order issued under this chapter. 9 10 224.17 Cost of Record on Final Appeal (a) If a final decision in a contested case is appealed and the department is required to transmit 11 12 to the court the original or a certified copy of the administrative record, or any part thereof, the appealing party shall pay the costs of preparation of the record unless waived in whole or in part by the 13 14 department. 15 (b) A charge imposed as provided by this section is a court cost and may be assessed by the 16 court in accordance with the TRCP. 17 18 19 SUBCHAPTER B. CONTESTED CASES: MOTOR VEHICLE AND SALVAGE INDUSTRY ENFORCEMENT 20

225.100 Purpose and Scope

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Subchapter A, this subchapter, and Subchapters E and F describe the procedures by which the department will adjudicate alleged violations of Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 and 2302, and Transportation Code 503 brought by the department against a motor vehicle industry or salvage dealer applicant, license holder, or person engaging in an activity or business that requires a license under these statutes. 215.101 Cease and Desist Order (a) Whenever it appears that a person is violating any provision of Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, or a board rule or order, the department may enter an order requiring the person to cease and desist from the violation. (1) If it appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or by verified complaint that one or more of the conditions in Occupations Code, §2301.802(b) will occur before notice can be served and a hearing held, the department may issue the order without notice; otherwise, the order must be issued after a hearing has been held at SOAH to determine the validity of the order and to allow the person who requested the order to show good cause why the order should remain in effect during the pendency of the contested case. (2) Each cease and desist order issued without notice must include: (A) the date and hour of issuance; (B) a statement of which of the conditions in Occupations Code, §2301.802(b) will occur before notice can be served and a hearing held; and

1	(C) a notice of hearing to determine the validity of the order and to allow
2	the person who requested the order to show good cause why the order should remain in effect
3	during the pendency of the contested case.
4	(3) Each cease and desist order shall:
5	(A) state the reasons for its issuance; and
6	(B) describe in reasonable detail the act or acts to be restrained.
7	(4) A cease and desist order shall not be issued unless the person requesting the
8	order presents a petition or complaint, verified by affidavit, containing a plain statement of the
9	grounds for seeking the cease and desist order.
10	(5) A cease and desist order issued without notice expires as provided in the order,
11	but shall not exceed 20 days.
12	(6) A cease and desist order may be extended for a period of time equal to the
13	period of time granted in the original order if, prior to the expiration of the previous order, good
14	cause is shown for the extension or the party against whom the order is directed consents to the
15	extension.
16	(7) A party may appeal to the board an ALJ's order granting or denying a motion for
17	a cease and desist order.
18	(10) An appeal of an order granting or denying a motion for a cease and desist
19	order must be made to the board before a person may seek judicial review of an order issued
20	under this section.
21	(11) Upon appeal to a district court of an order issued under this section, the order
22	may be stayed by the board upon a showing of good cause by a party.

1 (12) Prior to the commencement of a proceeding by SOAH, the director is 2 authorized to issue a cease and desist order under this section. 3 (b) The board or board delegate may issue a cease and desist order if the board reasonably 4 believes a person who is not licensed under Occupations Code Chapter 2302 is violating that 5 chapter or a rule or order adopted under that chapter. 6 (1) A cease and desist order may require a person to cease and desist from 7 committing a violation. The order must contain a notice that a request for hearing may be filed 8 under this section. 9 (2) A person to whom a cease and desist order is issued may file a written request for a hearing before a SOAH ALJ. The order is final unless a request for hearing is timely filed. The 10 person must file the hearing request not later than the 10th day after the date of receipt of the 11 12 order. 13 14 215.102 Notice of Department Decision 15 (a) The department shall issue and mail a Notice of Department Decision to a license 16 applicant, license holder, or other person by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last 17 known address and email address upon a determination under Occupations Code, Chapters 2301 and 2302 or Transportation Code, Chapter 503 that: 18 19 (1) an application for a license should be denied; or 20 (2) administrative sanctions should be imposed. 21 (b) The last known address of a license applicant, license holder, or other person is the last 22 mailing address provided to the department when the license applicant applies for its license,

1	when a license holder renews its license, or when the license holder notifies the department of a
2	change in the license holder's mailing address.
3	(c) The Notice of Department Decision shall include:
4	(1) a statement describing the department decision and the effective date;
5	(2) a description of each alleged violation;
6	(3) a description of each administrative sanction being proposed;
7	(4) a statement which sets out the legal basis for each administrative sanction;
8	(5) a statement informing the license applicant, license holder, or other person of
9	the right to request a hearing;
10	(6) the procedure to request a hearing, including the deadline for filing a request
11	with the department and the acceptable electronic methods to request a hearing; and
12	(7) notice to the license applicant, license holder, or other person that the
13	proposed decision and administrative sanctions in the Notice of Department Decision will become
14	final on the date specified if the license applicant, license holder, or other person fails to timely
15	request a hearing.
16	(d) The license applicant, license holder, or other person must submit, in writing, a request
17	for a hearing under this section. The department must receive a request for a hearing within 26
18	days of the date of the Notice of Department Decision.
19	(e) If the department receives a timely request for a hearing, the department will contact
20	the license holder and attempt to informally resolve the contested case. If the license holder and

1	the department cannot informally resolve the contested case, the department will refer the
2	contested case to SOAH to set a hearing date and give notice to the license applicant, license
3	holder, or other person of the date, time, and location of the hearing.
4	(f) If the license applicant, license holder, or other person does not make a timely request
5	for a hearing or enter into a settlement agreement within 26 days of the date of the Notice of
6	Department Decision, the allegations are deemed admitted on the 27th day and a final order
7	including sanctions may be issued by the final order authority.
8	
9	224.103 Denial of Dealer or Converter Access to Temporary Tag System
10	(a) In this section "fraudulently obtained temporary tags from the temporary tag database"
11	means a dealer or converter account user misusing the temporary tag database authorized under
12	Transportation Code §503.0626 or §503.0631 to obtain:
13	(1) an excessive number of temporary tags relative to dealer sales;
14	(2) temporary tags for a vehicle or vehicles not in the dealer's or converter's inventory (a
15	vehicle is presumed not to be in the dealer's or converter's inventory if the vehicle is not listed in the
16	relevant monthly Vehicle Inventory Tax Statement);
17	(3) access to the temporary tag database for a fictitious user or person using a false
18	identity;
19	(4) temporary tags for a vehicle or vehicles when a dealer is no longer operating at a
20	licensed location; or

1 (5) temporary tags issued for a vehicle or vehicles not located at a licensed location or a 2 storage lot listed on the application. 3 (b) The department shall deny a dealer or converter access to the temporary tag database 4 effective on the date the department sends notice electronically and by certified mail to the dealer or 5 converter that the department has determined, directly or through an account user, the dealer or 6 converter has fraudulently obtained temporary tags from the temporary tag database. A dealer or 7 converter may seek a negotiated resolution with the department by demonstrating corrective actions 8 taken or that the department's determination was incorrect. 9 (c) Notice shall be sent to the dealer's or converter's last known email and mailing address in the 10 department's records. 11 (d) A dealer or converter may request a hearing on the denial as provided by Subchapter O, 12 Chapter 2301, Occupations Code. The request must be submitted in writing and request a hearing under 13 this section. The department must receive a written request for a hearing within 26 days of the date of 14 the notice denying access to the database. The request for a hearing does not stay the denial of access 15 under subsection (b) of this section. A dealer may continue to seek a negotiated resolution with the

(e) The department may also issue a Notice of Department Decision stating administrative violations as provided in §215.500 concurrently with the notice of denial of access under this section. A Notice of Department Decision may include notice of any violation, including a violation listed under subsection (a) of this section.

department after a request for hearing has been submitted under this subsection by demonstrating

corrective actions taken or that the department's determination was incorrect.

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1 (f) A department determination and action denying access to the temporary tag database 2 becomes final if the dealer or converter does not request a hearing or enter into a settlement agreement 3 with the department within 26 days of the date of the notice denying access to a database. 4 5 224.104 Filing and Service of Documents 6 Each document required or permitted to be filed with the department under this subchapter 7 must be filed electronically as instructed by the department in a department-designated system or sent 8 to a department-designated email address. 10 §224.105 Referral to SOAH 11 (a) If the department receives a timely request for a hearing and the parties are unable to 12 informally resolve or dispose of the case, the department will refer the contested case to SOAH by filing a Request to Docket form and related documents as required under SOAH rules. 13 14 (b) When SOAH accepts the department's Request to Docket, jurisdiction of the contested case 15 transfers to SOAH. 16 §224.106 Notice of Hearing 18 Once SOAH provides the department with the initial hearing date, time, and place, the department will notify the parties. The contested case proceeds according to Subchapter E of this 20 chapter (relating to Contested Cases Referred to SOAH).

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1 2 3 SUBCHAPTER C. CONTESTED CASES BETWEEN MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE HOLDERS OR APPLICANTS 4 5 224.200 Purpose and Scope 6 Subchapter A, this subchapter, and Subchapters E and F describe the procedures by which 7 the department will adjudicate a protest or complaint filed by a license holder against another 8 license holder or applicant under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapters H, I, or J. 9 10 224.201 Form of a Protest or Complaint 11 (a) Protest. A franchised dealer that wishes to protest an application shall give notice in 12 accordance with Occupations Code, Chapter 2301. (1) The notice of protest shall be in writing and shall be signed by an authorized 13 14 officer or other official authorized to sign on behalf of the protesting dealer filing the notice. 15 (2) The notice of protest shall state the statutory basis upon which the protest is 16 made and assert how the protesting dealer meets the standing requirements under §215.119 of 17 this title (relating to Standing to Protest) to protest the application and include the notice of 18 opportunity to protest sent to the dealer by the department. 19 (3) The notice of protest shall state that the protest is not made for purposes of 20 delay or for any other purpose except for justifiable cause. 21 (4) If a protest is filed against an application for the establishment of a dealership 22 or for addition of a line-make at an existing dealership, the notice of protest shall state under 23 which provision of Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 the protest is made.

1	(b) Complaint. If a license holder wishes to file a complaint against another license holder
2	under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapters H, I, or J, the complaint must:
3	(1) be in writing and signed by an authorized officer or other official authorized to
4	sign on behalf of the complainant;
5	(2) state sufficient facts to enable the department and the party complained
6	against to know the nature of the complaint and the specific problems or circumstances forming
7	the basis of the claim for relief under the statute; and
8	(3) state the statutory provision under which the complaint is made.
9	
10	224.202 Filing and Service of a Protest, Complaint, or Other Document
11	(a) A party must electronically file a complaint, protest, or other document required or
12	permitted to be filed with the department under this subchapter in the eLICENSING system, the
13	department-designated licensing system, and include a Certification of Responsibility, a form provided by
14	the department.
15	(b) Once a department or SOAH docket number has been assigned, a party must include all
16	assigned docket numbers on a pleading, motion, correspondence, or other document filed in the
17	contested case.
18	
19	224.203 Review of a Protest or Complaint
20	Department staff will review a protest or complaint to determine whether a protest or complaint
21	meets minimum requirements under Texas law.

1	(1) If department staff cannot determine whether a complaint meets minimum
2	requirements, department staff may contact the protestant or complainant for additional information.
3	(2) If department staff determines that a protest or complaint meets minimum
4	requirements, a protest or complaint will be processed in accordance with this subchapter.
5	
6	224.204 Docketing and Notice of a Protest or Complaint
7	(a) If a complaint or protest meets minimum requirements department staff will docket the
8	contested case and assign a docket number.
9	(b) Department staff will notify the parties that a statutory stay under Occupations Code
10	§2301.803 is in effect and mediator options available under law.
11	(c) A party must select a mediator option and notify department staff within 15 days of receiving
12	the notice in subsection (b). Department staff will then contact the party within 15 days to discuss
13	mediation arrangements.
14	
15	<u>224.205 Mediation</u>
16	(a) Except as provided by subsection (b), parties to a contested case filed under this subchapter
17	are required to participate in mediation, in accordance with this section, before the department will
18	refer a contested case to SOAH for a hearing.
19	(b) This section does not limit the parties' ability to settle a case without mediation.

1	(c) The department will provide mediation services by department staff qualified to serve as an
2	impartial third party in accordance with Civil Practice and Remedies Code, Chapter 154.
3	(d) The mediation process will conclude within 60 days of the date a contested case is assigned
4	to a department mediator unless the mediation deadline is extended. The department mediator may
5	extend the mediation deadline based on a written request by a party or at the mediator's discretion.
6	(e) If after 30 days, the parties will not agree on a date for mediation, the department mediator
7	may set a date for mediation by notifying the parties and providing notice of at least 15 days before the
8	date of mediation.
9	(f) A party may participate in scheduled mediation either in person or remotely using telephonic
10	or videoconferencing technology at the discretion of the department mediator.
11	(g) At any time before a contested case is referred for hearing at SOAH, the parties may file a
12	joint notice of intent to retain a private mediator. The notice must include:
13	(1) the name, address, email address, and telephone number of the private mediator
14	agreed upon by the parties;
15	(2) a statement that the parties have entered into an agreement with the private
16	mediator regarding the mediator's rate, method of compensation, and party responsibility for fee
17	payment;
18	(3) an affirmation that the private mediator qualifies for appointment as an impartial
19	third party in accordance with Civil Practice and Remedies Code, Chapter 154;

(4) a statement that the mediation will conclude within 60 days of the date of the
department's joint notice of retention unless the mediation deadline is extended at the department's
discretion; and
(5) a signature of each party or authorized representative.
(h) All communication and documents provided by a party in a mediation are confidential and
subject to the provisions of the Governmental Dispute Resolution Act, Government Code, §2009.054.
(i) Agreements reached by the parties in mediation shall be reduced to writing and signed by the
parties.
(j) Within 15 days of the conclusion of the mediation, a mediator shall provide to the
department and to the parties a written report stating:
(1) whether the parties attended the mediation;
(2) whether the matter settled in part or in whole;
(3) any unresolved issues; and
(4) any other stipulations or matters the parties agree to report.
(j) Upon receipt of the mediator's report required under this section, the department shall:
(1) enter an order disposing of resolved issues;
(2) refer unresolved issues for a hearing at SOAH and inform the assigned SOAH ALJ if a
party refused to participate or attend a mediation. If a party refuses to participate or attend a mediation,
an ALJ may recommend a sanction in the Proposal for Decision for consideration by the board.

1	§224.206 Referral to SOAH
2	(a)The department will refer unresolved issues in a protest or complaint to SOAH for a contested
3	case hearing by filing a Request to Docket form and related documents as required under SOAH rules.
4	(b) When SOAH accepts the department's Request to Docket, jurisdiction of the contested case
5	transfers to SOAH.
6	
7	§224.207 Notice of Hearing
8	Once SOAH provides the department with the initial hearing date, time, and place, the
9	department will notify the parties and provide the parties with the contested case documents submitted
10	to SOAH. The contested case proceeds according to Subchapter E of this chapter (relating to Contested
11	Cases Referred to SOAH).
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14	SUBCHAPTER D. CONTESTED CASES: MOTOR CARRIER AND OVERSIZE OR OVERWEIGHT VEHICLE
15	OR LOAD
16	
17	224.300 Purpose and Scope
18	Subchapter A, this subchapter, and Subchapters E and F describe the procedures by which
19	the department will adjudicate alleged violations and claims under Transportation Code, Chapters
20	621-623, 642-646, and 648. These contested cases involve motor carriers, motor carrier leasing

businesses, motor transportation brokers, and household goods carriers. Contested cases involving

1 persons operating oversize or overweight vehicles or moving oversize or overweight loads on the 2 state highway system are also included. 3 4 224.301 Definitions 5 (a) The definitions contained in the relevant Transportation Code chapter apply to this 6 chapter. In the event of a conflict with this chapter, the definitions contained in the Transportation 7 Code control. 8 (b) The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, will have the following 9 meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. 10 (1) Applicant--Any person, firm, or corporation requesting a permit. 11 (2) Director--The director of the Motor Carrier Division, Texas Department of Motor 12 Vehicles. 13 (3) Division--The Motor Carrier Division. 14 (4) Household goods--Personal property intended ultimately to be used in a 15 dwelling when the transportation of that property is arranged and paid for by the householder or the householder's representative. The term does not include personal property to be used in a 16 17 dwelling when the property is transported from a manufacturing, retail, or similar company to a 18 dwelling if the transportation is arranged by a manufacturing, retail, or similar company. 19 (5) Household goods carrier--A motor carrier who transports household goods for 20 compensation or hire in furtherance of a commercial enterprise, regardless of the size of the 21 vehicle.

1	(6) Leasing businessA person that leases vehicles requiring registration under 43
2	TAC Chapter 218, Subchapter B to a motor carrier that must be registered.
3	(7) Motor Carrier or carrierA person who controls, operates, or directs the
4	operation of one or more vehicles that transport persons or cargo over a public highway in this
5	state as defined by Transportation Code, §643.001.
6	(8) Motor carrier registrationThe registration issued by the department to motor
7	carriers moving intrastate, under authority of Transportation Code, Chapter 643.
8	(9) Motor transportation brokerA person who sells, offers for sale, or negotiates
9	for the transportation of cargo by a motor carrier operated by another person or a person who
10	aids and abets another person in selling, offering for sale, or negotiating for the transportation of
11	cargo by a motor carrier operated by another person.
12	(10) Overdimension loadA vehicle, combination of vehicles, or vehicle and its load
13	that exceeds maximum legal width, height, length, overhang, or weight as set forth by
14	Transportation Code, Chapter 621, Subchapters B and C.
15	(11) OverhangThe portion of a load extending beyond the front or rear of a
16	vehicle or combination of vehicles.
17	(12) OverheightA vehicle or load that exceeds the maximum height specified in
18	Transportation Code, §621.207.
19	(13) OverlengthA vehicle, combination of vehicles, or a vehicle or vehicle
20	combination and its load that exceed(s) the maximum length specified in Transportation Code,
21	§§621.203, 621.204, 621.205, and 621.206.

1	(14) Oversize loadA vehicle, combination of vehicles, or a vehicle or vehicle
2	combination and its load that exceed(s) maximum legal width, height, length, or overhang, as set
3	forth by Transportation Code, Chapter 621, Subchapter C.
4	(15) OverweightA vehicle, combination of vehicles, or a vehicle or vehicle
5	combination and its load that exceed(s) the maximum weight specified in Transportation Code,
6	§621.101.
7	(16) OverwidthA vehicle or load that exceeds the maximum width specified in
8	Transportation Code, §621.201.
9	(17) PermitAuthority for the movement of an oversize and/or overweight vehicle,
10	combination of vehicles, or a vehicle or vehicle combination and its load, issued by the department
11	under Transportation Code, Chapter 623.
12	(18) Public highwayAny publicly owned and maintained street, road, or highway in
13	this state.
14	(19) State highwayA highway or road under the jurisdiction of the Texas
15	Department of Transportation.
16	(20) State highway systemA network of roads and highways as defined by
17	Transportation Code, §221.001.
18	(21) SuspensionTemporary removal of privileges granted to a registrant by the
19	department or a registration state.
20	(22) Unified Carrier Registration System or UCRA motor vehicle registration
21	system established under 49 U.S.C. §14504a or a successor federal registration program.
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23	224.302 Administrative Proceedings

1 (a) If the department decides to take an enforcement action under §218.71 or §219.121 of this 2 title (relating to Administrative Penalties) or §218.72 or 219.122 of this title (relating to Administrative 3 Sanctions), the department shall give written notice to the person by first class mail to the last known 4 address as shown in department records or Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) 5 records. 6 (b) The notice required by subsection (a) of this section must include: 7 (1) a brief summary of the alleged violation or enforcement action being proposed; (2) a statement describing each sanction, penalty, or enforcement action proposed; 8 9 (3) a statement informing the person of the right to request a hearing; 10 (4) a statement of the procedure a person must use to request a hearing, including the deadline for filing a request with the department and the acceptable methods to request a hearing; and 11 12 (5) a statement that a proposed penalty, sanction, or enforcement action will become 13 final and take effect on a specific date if the person fails to request a hearing. 14 (c) A person must submit a written request for a hearing to the address provided in the notice 15 not later than the 26th day after the date the notice is signed by the department. 16 (d) If a person submits a timely written request for a hearing, the department will contact the 17 person and attempt to informally resolve the contested case. If the person and the department cannot 18 informally resolve the contested case, the department will refer the contested case to SOAH to set a 19 hearing date and give notice of the time and place of the hearing to the person. 20 (e) If the person does not make a timely request for a hearing or enter into a settlement 21 agreement within 26 days of the date of the Notice of Department Decision, the allegations are deemed

1	admitted on the 27th day and a final order including sanctions may be issued by the final order
2	authority.
3	(f) Except as provided by Transportation Code, Chapter 643 and this subchapter, any SOAH
4	proceeding is governed by Government Code, Chapter 2001 and 1 TAC Chapter 155, including the
5	authority of the department to informally dispose of the contested case by stipulation, agreed
6	settlement, consent order, or default.
7	(g) The department and the person may informally resolve the contested case by entering into a
8	settlement agreement or agreeing to stipulations at any time before the director issues a final order.
9	However, the person must pay any penalty in full prior to the execution of a settlement agreement.
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11	224.303 Filing of Documents
12	Each document required or permitted to be filed with the department under this subchapter
13	must be filed as instructed by the department.
14	
15	224.304 Registration Suspension Ordered Under Family Code
16	(a) On receipt of a final order issued under Family Code, §232.003, §232.008, or §232.009,
17	regarding child support enforcement, the department will suspend:
18	(1) a certificate of registration issued under Chapter 218, Subchapter B (relating to

1	(2) the registration of an interstate motor carrier issued under §218.17 of this title
2	(relating to Unified Carrier Registration System).
3	(b) The department will charge an administrative fee of \$10 to a person whose registration is
4	suspended under this section.
5	(c) A suspension under this section does not require the department to give notice or otherwise
6	follow the administrative process provided under §224.301 of this title (relating to Administrative
7	Proceedings).
8	(d) A registration suspended under this section may only be reinstated on receipt of an order
9	issued under Family Code, §232.013.
10	
11	224.305 Appeal of a Denial
12	(a) Pursuant to Transportation Code, §643.2526, an applicant may appeal the denial of an
13	application for registration, renewal of registration, or reinstatement of registration.
14	(b) The appeal will be governed by Chapter 224, Subchapter E of this title (relating to Contested
15	Cases Referred to SOAH).
16	(c) The applicant's appeal will be considered untimely if it is not filed with the department by the
17	
1/	26th day after the date of the department's denial of the application. The department will not consider
18	26th day after the date of the department's denial of the application. The department will not consider an untimely appeal.

1 2 §224.306 Referral to SOAH 3 (a) If the department receives a timely request for a hearing and the parties are unable to 4 informally resolve or dispose of the case, the department will refer the contested case to SOAH by filing 5 a Request to Docket form and related documents as required under SOAH rules. 6 (b) When SOAH accepts the department's Request to Docket, jurisdiction of the contested case 7 transfers to SOAH. 8 9 §224.307 Notice of Hearing 10 Once SOAH provides the department with the initial hearing date, time, and place, the 11 department will notify the parties and provide the parties with the contested case documents submitted 12 to SOAH. The contested case proceeds according to Subchapter E of this chapter (relating to Contested 13 Cases Referred to SOAH). 14 15 16 SUBCHAPTER E. CONTESTED CASES REFERRED TO SOAH 17 18 224.400 Purpose and Scope (a) This subchapter describes department practice and procedures for referring a contested 19 20 case to SOAH for a hearing, including a contested case under Subchapter B (relating to Contested 21 Cases: Motor Vehicle and Salvage Industry Enforcement), Subchapter C (relating to Contested

1	Cases Between Motor Vehicle License Holders or Applicants), and Subchapter D (Contested Cases:
2	Motor Carrier and Oversize or Overweight Vehicle or Load).
3	(b) When SOAH accepts a referral from the department, jurisdiction of the contested case
4	transfers to SOAH, and practice and procedure in contested cases heard by SOAH are addressed in:
5	(1) 1 TAC Chapter 155, and
6	(2) this subchapter, where not in conflict with SOAH rules.
7	(c) When SOAH disposes of a contested case, jurisdiction transfers from SOAH back to the
8	department. The department will issue a final order under §224.13 of this chapter (relating to
9	Delegation of Final Order Authority) or under Subchapter F (relating to Board Procedures in
10	Contested Cases).
11	
12	224.401 Referral to SOAH
13	(a) The department shall refer contested cases to SOAH upon determination that a hearing is
14	appropriate under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 or 2302, or Transportation Code, Chapter 503, 621-
15	623, 642-646, or 648, including contested cases relating to:
16	(1) an enforcement complaint on the department's own initiative;
17	(2) a natice of protect that has been timely filed in accordance with \$215,100 of this title
17	(2) a notice of protest that has been timely filed in accordance with §215.106 of this title
18	(relating to Time for Filing Protest);
19	(3) a protest filed under Occupations Code, §2301.360 or a complaint or protest filed
20	under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapters I or J;
21	(4) issuance of a cease and desist order, whether the order is issued with or without
22	prior notice at the time the order takes effect; or

1	(5) any other contested matter that meets the requirements for a hearing at SOAH.
2	(b) The department will follow SOAH procedures to file a Request to Docket Case and related
3	documents and request a setting of a hearing.
4	(c) SOAH will provide the agency with the date, time, and place of the hearing.
5	
6	224.402 Notice of Hearing
7	(a) In a contested case, each party is entitled to a hearing, in accordance with Government Code,
8	§2001.051.
9	(b) The requirements for a notice of hearing in a contested case are provided by Government
10	Code, §2001.052; Occupations Code, §2301.705; 1 TAC §155.401; and Transportation Code, Chapter 643,
11	as applicable.
12	(c) For service of parties outside of the United States, in addition to service under Occupations
13	Code, §2301.265, the department may serve a notice of hearing by any method allowed under TRCP or
14	that provides for confirmation of delivery to the party.
15	(d) The last known address of a license applicant, license holder, or other person is the last
16	mailing address in department records or Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) records.
17	(e) A notice of hearing issued by the department in a contested case shall comply with the
18	requirements of Government Code, §2001.052(a).
19	(f) The department will serve a notice of hearing upon a license holder by first class mail to the
20	last known address of the license holder or authorized representative, in accordance with Occupations
21	Code, §2301.705.

1 (g) The department may serve a notice of hearing upon a person who is not a license holder by 2 first class mail to the person's last known address as shown in department records or Federal Motor 3 Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) records. 4 (h) A notice of hearing in a contested case may be amended in accordance with Government 5 Code, §2001.052(b). 6 7 224.403 Reply to Notice of Hearing and Default Proceedings 8 (a) A party may file a written reply or pleading to respond to all allegations. The written 9 reply or responsive pleading must be filed with SOAH in accordance with 1 TAC §155.101 and must 10 identify the SOAH and department docket numbers as reflected on the notice of hearing. 11 (b) Any party filing a reply or responsive pleading shall serve a copy of the reply or 12 responsive pleading on each party or party's representative in compliance with 1 TAC §155.105. 13 (c) A party may file an amended or supplemental reply or responsive pleading in accordance with 1 TAC §155.301. 14 15 (d) If a party properly noticed under this chapter does not appear at the hearing, a party may request that the ALJ dismiss the contested case from the SOAH docket. If the contested case is 16 17 dismissed from the SOAH docket, the case may be presented to the final order authority for 18 disposition pursuant to 1 TAC §155.501 and §224.13 of this title (relating to Delegation of Final 19 Order Authority). 20 21 22 224.404 Amicus Briefs

(a) Any interested person may submit an amicus brief for consideration by the ALJ in a
contested case by the deadline for exceptions under 1 TAC §155.507. A party may submit one
written response to the amicus brief no later than the deadline for replies to exceptions under 1
TAC §155.507.
(b) An amicus brief and response to amicus brief must be submitted to the ALJ and be
served on all parties.
(c) The ALJ may amend the Proposal for Decision in response to any amicus brief or
response to an amicus brief.
224.405 Cease and Desist Orders
(a) An ALJ shall hold a hearing to determine whether an interlocutory cease and desist
order should remain in effect during the pendency of the proceeding.
(b) The person against whom a cease and desist order was issued without notice may
request that SOAH set an expedited hearing.
(c) After the hearing, the ALJ shall prepare a written order, including a justification
explaining why the cease and desist order should or should not remain in place during the
pendency of the contested case.
(d) A party may appeal to the board an order granting or denying a motion for a cease and
desist order.
224.406 Statutory Stay

1	(a) A person affected by a statutory stay imposed by Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 may
2	request a hearing before a SOAH ALJ to modify, vacate, or clarify the extent and application of the
3	statutory stay.
4	(b) After a hearing on a motion to modify, vacate, or clarify a statutory stay, the ALJ shall
5	prepare a written order, including a justification explaining why the statutory stay should or should
6	not be modified, vacated, or clarified.
7	(c) A person affected by a statutory stay imposed by Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 may
8	initiate a proceeding before the board to modify, vacate, or clarify the extent and application of
9	the statutory stay.
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11	224.407 Issuance of a Proposal for Decision
12	(a) After a hearing on the merits the ALJ shall submit a Proposal for Decision in a contested
13	case to the department and all parties.
14	(b) The parties may submit to the ALJ exceptions to the Proposal for Decision and replies to
15	exceptions to the Proposal for Decision as allowed under 1 TAC §155.507.
16	(c) The ALJ will review all exceptions and replies and notify the department and parties
17	whether the judge recommends any changes to the Proposal for Decision.
18	(d) The parties are not entitled to file exceptions or briefs in response to an amended
19	Proposal for Decision but may raise an issue before the board or board delegate as permitted at
20	the time of oral presentation if the issue is based on information entered into the record.
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23	224.408 Transfer of Jurisdiction for Final Decision

1 (a) If a contested case includes a hearing on the merits, SOAH's jurisdiction transfers to the 2 board when the ALJ confirms that the Proposal for Decision is final. 3 (b) Once the ALJ confirms that the Proposal for Decision is final and the administrative 4 record is closed, no new testimony, witnesses, or information may be considered by the final order 5 authority. 6 (c) After SOAH transfers the administrative record to the department, the board or board 7 delegate with final order authority will consider the contested case under the provisions of 8 Subchapter F (relating to Board Procedures in Contested Cases). 9 10 11 SUBCHAPTER F. BOARD PROCEDURES FOR CONTESTED CASES 12 13 224.500 Purpose and Scope (a) This subchapter describes board procedures for reviewing and issuing a Final Order in a 14 15 contested case in which a SOAH ALJ has submitted a final Proposal for Decision for consideration 16 by the board or board delegate. 17 215.501 Contested Case Review 18 19 (a) After SOAH submits a final Proposal for Decision and transfers the administrative record 20 to the department, the board has jurisdiction to enter a final order and will review the contested 21 case during the public session of a regularly scheduled board meeting, in accordance with the APA. 22 (b) For a contested case in which the board has delegated final order authority to the 23 <u>Director of the Motor Carrier Division, a special public meeting may be scheduled.</u>

215.502 Request for Oral Presentation

(a) At least 30 days prior to the date of a proposed board meeting during which the board may review a contested case, department staff shall notify the parties regarding the opportunity to attend and provide an oral presentation concerning a proposal for decision before the board. The department will deliver notice electronically in accordance with §224.6 of this title (relating to Filing and Service of Documents), to the last known email address provided by the party to the department.

(b) If a party seeks to provide an oral presentation at the board meeting, it must submit a written request for an oral presentation to the department's contact listed in the notice provided under subsection (a) of this section and copy all other parties in accordance with §224.6 of this title (relating to Filing and Service of Documents) at least 14 days prior to the date of the board meeting at which the party's contested case will be considered.

(c) If there is more than one other party who was not adversely affected by the proposal for decision, such parties may agree on the order of their presentations in lieu of the order prescribed under §215.62(c) of this title (relating to Order of Presentations to the Board for Review of a Contested Case). If the parties who were not adversely affected by the proposal for decision do not timely provide the department and the other parties with notice under subsection (b) of this section regarding their agreed order of presentation, their order of presentation will be determined under §215.62(c) of this title.

(d) If a party timely submits a written request for an oral presentation, that party may make an oral presentation at the board meeting. If a party fails to timely submit a written request for an oral presentation, that party shall not make an oral presentation at the board meeting.

224.503 Written Materials and Evidence

(a) If a party seeks to provide written materials, including to the board, it must provide the written materials to the department and all other parties in accordance with §224.6 of this title (relating to Filing and Service of Documents) at least 21 days prior to the date of the board meeting. If a party fails to timely provide written materials to the department or any other party, the department shall not provide the written materials to the board and the party shall not provide the written materials to the board at the board meeting.

(b) For the purposes of this section, written materials are defined as language or images that are contained in the SOAH administrative record that are recorded in paper form. The language or images in the written materials must be taken without changes from the administrative record. Proposed final orders are not prohibited from being included in a party's written materials. Written materials shall be limited to evidence contained in the SOAH administrative record and consistent with the scope of the board's authority to take action under Government Code §2001.058(e) and Occupations Code, Chapter 2301. However, any party may argue that the board should remand the case to SOAH.

(c) All information in the written materials shall include a cite to the SOAH administrative record on all points to specifically identify where the information is located.

(d) Written materials shall be 8.5 inches by 11 inches and single-sided. Written materials must be double-spaced and at least 12-point type if in text form. Written materials are limited to 15 pages per party. If a party provides the department with written materials that contain more pages than the maximum allowed, the department shall not provide the written materials to the board and the party shall not provide the written materials to the board at the board meeting.

1 (e) Photos or other images or diagrams from the administrative record may be included in 2 written materials if a cite is provided to the page in the record. 3 4 224.504 Limiting Oral Presentation and Discussion to Evidence in the Administrative Record 5 (a) The parties to a contested case under review by the board shall limit their oral presentation 6 and discussion to evidence in the SOAH administrative record, and their oral presentation and discussion 7 shall be consistent with the scope of the board's authority to take action under Government Code 8 §2001.058(e) and Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 or 2302, and Transportation Code 503. However, any 9 party may argue that the board should remand the case to SOAH. 10 (b) Each party is responsible for objecting when another party attempts to make arguments or 11 engage in discussion regarding evidence that is not contained in the SOAH administrative record. 12 224.505 Presentations to the Board for Review of a Contested Case 13 14 (a) Department staff will present the procedural history and summary of the contested case. 15 (b) The party that is adversely affected has the opportunity to make its oral presentation first. 16 However, the board chairman is authorized to determine the order of each party's oral presentation in 17 the event of the following: 18 (1) it is not clear which party is adversely affected; 19 (2) it appears as though more than one party is adversely affected; or

1	(3) different parties are adversely affected by different portions of the contested case
2	under review.
3	(c) The other party or parties who were not adversely affected then have an opportunity to make
4	their oral presentation. If there is more than one other party, each party will have an opportunity to
5	respond in alphabetical order based on the name of the party in the pleadings in the SOAH
6	administrative record, except as stated otherwise in §224.502(c) of this title (relating to Request for Oral
7	Presentation).
8	(d) A party must timely comply with the requirements of §224.502 of this title before the party is
9	authorized to provide an oral presentation to the board.
10	(e) The parties to a contested case being reviewed by the board shall be allowed an opportunity
11	to provide an oral presentation to the board, subject to the following limitations and conditions.
12	(1) Each party shall be allowed a maximum of 15 minutes for their oral presentation.
13	(2) No party is allowed to provide a rebuttal or a closing statement.
14	(3) Any party that is intervening in support of another party shall share that party's time;
15	however, this provision is limited to intervenors of record from the State Office of Administrative
16	Hearings' proceeding.
17	(4) Time spent by a party responding to any board questions is not counted against their
18	time.
19	(5) The parties to a contested case under review by the board shall limit their oral
20	presentation and discussion to evidence in the State Office of Administrative Hearings' administrative
21	record.

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(6) During an oral presentation, a party to the contested case before the board may orally claim that a presenting party talked about evidence that is not contained in the State Office of Administrative Hearings' administrative record; time spent discussing such claims is not counted against the objecting party's time. (7) A party must timely comply with the requirements of §224.503 of this title (relating to Request for Oral Presentation) before a party is authorized to provide an oral presentation to the board. 224.506 Board Conduct and Discussion When Reviewing a Contested Case (a) The board shall conduct its review of a contested case in compliance with Government Code Chapter 2001 and Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 and Chapter 2302, including the limitations on changing a finding of fact or conclusion of law made by the administrative law judge at SOAH, and the prohibition on considering evidence outside of the SOAH administrative record. (b) Board members may question any party or the department on any matter that is relevant to the proposal for decision; however, any questions shall be consistent with the scope of the board's authority to take action under Government Code §2001.058(e) and Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 and 2302; any questions must be limited to evidence contained in the SOAH administrative record; and the communication must comply with §224.3 of this title (relating to Prohibited Communication). In addition, board members are authorized to ask questions regarding a request to remand the case to SOAH, including a remand to SOAH for further consideration of the evidence. (c) Board members may use their industry expertise to help them understand the case and make effective decisions, consistent with the scope of the board's authority to take action under Government

1	Code §2001.058(e) and Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 and 2302. However, board members are not
2	advocates for a particular industry. Board members are public servants who take an oath to preserve,
3	protect, and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States and Texas.
4	
5	224.507 Final Orders
6	(a) A decision or order in a contested case reviewed by the board or board delegate shall be in
7	writing and shall be signed by the board chair or board delegate, as applicable.
8	(b) The department will email a copy of the final order to the parties.
9	(c) The provisions of Government Code, Chapter 2001, Subchapter F govern:
10	(1) the issuance of a final order issued under this subchapter; and
11	(2) motions for rehearing filed in response to a final order.
12	(d) A decision or order in a contested case is final in accordance with Texas Government Code
13	<u>§2001.144.</u>
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16	SUBCHAPTER G. LEMON LAW AND WARRANTY PERFORMANCE CLAIMS
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18	224.600 Purpose, Scope, and Definitions

1	(a) Subchapter A and this subchapter apply to contested cases filed under Occupations
2	Code, §2301.204 or Subchapter M, to the extent they do not conflict with state law, rule, or court
3	<u>order.</u>
4	(b) The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following
5	meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
6	(1) Comparable Motor VehicleA new motor vehicle, with comparable mileage,
7	from the same manufacturer, converter, or distributor's product line and the same model year or
8	newer as the motor vehicle to be replaced or as reasonably equivalent to the motor vehicle to be
9	replaced.
10	(2) Lemon LawRefers to Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapter M
11	(§§2301.601-2301.613).
12	(3) Warranty PerformanceRefers to Occupations Code, §2301.204.
13	
14	224.601 Appearance - OK as is in Subchapter A or are there differences for OAH?
15	
16	224.602 Filing a Complaint
17	(a) A complaint alleging a violation of Occupations Code, §2301.204 or Subchapter M, shall be in
18	writing, addressed to the department, and signed by the complainant.
19	(b) A person may use a complaint form supplied by the department. Department staff will
20	provide information concerning the complaint procedure and a complaint form to any person requesting
21	assistance.

1	(c) A person may submit a complaint in letter or other written format, or on a complaint form
2	provided by the department.
3	(1) A complaints shall state sufficient facts to enable the department and the party
4	complained against to know the nature of the complaint and the specific problems or circumstances
5	forming the basis of the claim for relief under the lemon law or warranty performance statute.
6	(2) A complaint shall, at a minimum, provide the following information:
7	(A) the name, address, and telephone number of the motor vehicle owner;
8	(B) the identification of the motor vehicle, including the make, model, year, and
9	manufacturer's VIN;
10	(C) the type of warranty coverage;
11	(D) the name and address of the dealer or other person from whom the motor
12	vehicle was purchased or leased, including the name and address of the vehicle lessor, if applicable;
13	(E) the date of delivery of the motor vehicle to the original owner and in the
14	case of a demonstrator, the date the motor vehicle was placed into demonstrator service;
15	(F) the motor vehicle mileage at the time when:
16	(i) the motor vehicle was purchased or leased;
17	(ii) problems with the motor vehicle were first reported; and
18	(iii) the complaint was filed;
19	(G) the name of the dealer or the name of the manufacturer's, converter's, or
20	distributor's agent to whom the problems were first reported;

1	(H) identification of the motor vehicle's existing problems and a brief description
2	of the history of problems and repairs on the motor vehicle, including:
3	(i) the date and mileage of each repair; and
4	(ii) a copy of each repair order where possible;
5	(I) the date the motor vehicle manufacturer, converter, or distributor received
6	written notification of the complaint;
7	(J) the date and results of the motor vehicle inspection, if the motor vehicle was
8	inspected by the manufacturer, converter, or distributor; and
9	(K) any other information the complainant deems relevant to the complaint.
10	(d) A person may file a complaint with the department by:
11	(1) by mail to the address of the department [add specific address]; or
12	(2) by email to a department-designated email address [add specific address].
13	(e) If requested by the department, complaints shall be made under oath. Before initiating an
14	investigation or other proceeding to determine the merits of the complaint, the department may require
15	the complainant to provide additional information necessary to evaluate the merits of the complaint.
16	(f) The following provisions apply to lemon law complaints.
17	(1) The filing fee required under the lemon law should be remitted with the complaint by
18	[add forms of payment accepted by the department]. The filing fee is nonrefundable, but a complainant
19	that prevails in a case is entitled to reimbursement of the filing fee from the nonprevailing party. Failure

1 to remit the filing fee with the complaint will delay commencement of the 150-day period referenced in 2 paragraph (3) of this subsection and may result in dismissal of the complaint. 3 (2) A lemon law proceeding commences on the date the filing fee is received by the 4 department or its authorized agent [need?]. 5 (3) If the hearings examiner has not issued an order within 150 days after the 6 commencement of the lemon law proceeding in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subsection, 7 department staff shall notify the parties by mail that the complainant may file a civil action in state 8 district court to seek relief under the lemon law. The notice will inform the complainant of the 9 complainant's right to continue the lemon law complaint through the department. The 150-day period 10 shall be extended upon request of the complainant or if a delay in the proceedings is caused by the 11 complainant. 12 (g) The following provisions apply to warranty performance complaints (repair-only relief). 13 (1) A filing fee is not required for a complaint that is subject to a warranty performance 14 claim. 15 (2) A complaint may be filed with the department in accordance with this section if the 16 defect in the motor vehicle subject to the warranty performance complaint was reported to the 17 manufacturer, converter, distributor, or to an authorized agent prior to the expiration of the warranty 18 period. 19 (3) If the defect is not resolved pursuant to §224.127 of this title (relating to Mediation; 20 Settlement), a hearing will be scheduled and conducted in accordance with Government Code, Chapter 21 2001, subject to Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapter O and this subchapter.

1 (5) The final order authority will issue an order on the warranty performance complaint. 2 A party who disagrees with the order may oppose the order in accordance with §224.142 of this title 3 (relating to Contested Cases: Final Orders). 4 224.603 Review of Complaints 5 6 Department staff will promptly review a complaint to determine if the complaint meets the 7 minimum requirements of a lemon law or a warranty performance complaint. 8 (1) If department staff cannot determine whether a complaint meets the minimum 9 lemon law or warranty performance requirements, the complainant will be contacted for additional 10 information. 11 (2) If department staff determines that the complaint meets the minimum lemon law or warranty performance requirements, the complaint will be processed in accordance with this 12 13 subchapter. 14 15 16 224.604 Notification to Manufacturer, Convertor, or Distributor 17 (a) Upon receipt of a complaint for lemon law or warranty performance relief, the department 18 will: 19 (1) notify the appropriate manufacturer, converter, or distributor of the complaint and 20 request a response; and

1 (2) provide a copy of the complaint to the selling dealer and any other dealer involved 2 with the complaint and may request a response. 3 (b) Upon request by the department, the manufacturer shall provide a copy of the warranty for 4 the motor vehicle subject to the lemon law or warranty performance complaint. 5 6 7 224.605 Mediation; Settlement 8 (a) Department staff will attempt to settle or resolve a lemon law or warranty performance 9 complaint through nonbinding mediation before a hearing on the complaint is scheduled. 10 (b) The parties are required to participate in the nonbinding mediation process in good faith. (c) In a case filed under Occupations Code, §2301.204 or §§2301.601 - 2301.613, the mediator 11 12 shall qualify for appointment as an impartial third party in accordance with Civil Practice and Remedies Code, Chapter 154. 13 14 (d) To maintain confidentiality of mediation communications, a mediator assigned to a lemon 15 law or warranty performance complaint is ineligible to serve as the hearings examiner for that 16 complaint. [if OAH hearings examiners also mediators?] 17 18 224.606 Notice of Hearing in Contested Cases 19 (a) In a contested case, each party is entitled to a hearing, in accordance with Government Code, 20 §2001.051.

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(b) A notice of hearing in a contested case shall comply with the requirements of Government Code, §2001.052(a) and shall be served upon the parties in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested to the last known address of the parties or their authorized representatives, in accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.705. (c) The last known address of a party is the last mailing address provided to the department. (d) A notice of hearing in a contested case may be amended in accordance with Government Code, §2001.052(b). 224.607 Reply[is this needed? If so, any changes?] (a) Within 20 days after service of a notice of hearing in a contested case or within 10 days after service of an amended notice of hearing, a party may file a reply. (b) A reply shall include the docket number of the contested case and shall be filed by the party or party's authorized representative. The original reply shall be filed with the department and a copy shall be served on any other parties to the contested case. (c) A party may file an amended reply prior to the contested case hearing. In any contested case when the notice of hearing has been amended at the contested case hearing, a party, at the discretion of the hearings examiner, shall have an opportunity to file an amended reply. (d) Upon the motion of a party, with good cause shown, the department may extend the time to file a reply. (e) All allegations shall be deemed admitted by any party not appearing at the contested case hearing on the merits.

1 2 224.608 Motions 3 (a) Unless made during a contested case hearing, each motion in a contested case shall be in 4 writing and shall state: (1) the relief sought; and 5 6 (2) the specific reasons and grounds. 7 (b) If the motion is based upon matters which do not appear of record, the motion must be 8 supported by affidavit. 9 (c) Any motion not made during a contested case hearing shall be filed with the hearings 10 examiner and a copy shall be served on all parties or their authorized representatives. 11 224.609 Briefs [need?] 12 13 The hearings examiner may direct that the parties file briefs in a pending contested case. 14 15 224.610 Service of a Brief or Other Document 16 (a) A copy of each document filed in any contested case shall be served upon all parties or their 17 authorized representatives and upon the department by sending a copy properly addressed to each 18 party by: (1) first-class mail [add specific address]; 19

1	(2) email [add email address].
2	(b) A copy of each document may be filed with the department by electronic document transfer
3	at a destination designated by the department [add details].
4	(c) A certificate of service shall accompany each document.
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6	224.611 Submission of an Amicus Brief
7	(a) Any interested person may submit an amicus brief for consideration in a contested case and
8	should file the brief no later than the deadline for filing exceptions.
9	(b) A party may submit one written response to the amicus brief no later than the deadline for
10	filing replies to exceptions.
11	(c) Any amicus brief, or response to that brief, not filed within the deadlines prescribed by
12	subsection (b) of this section will not be considered, unless good cause is shown why the deadline
13	should be waived or extended.
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15	224.612 Presiding Official
16	(a) Hearings examiner. A hearings examiner will preside over a hearing for a lemon law or
17	warranty performance complaint.
18	(b) Powers and duties. A hearings examiner shall conduct fair hearings and shall take all
19	necessary action to administer the disposition of contested cases. A hearings examiner's powers include,
20	but are not limited to the authority to:

1	(1) administer oaths;
2	(2) examine witnesses;
3	(3) rule upon the admissibility of evidence;
4	(4) rule upon motions; and
5	(5) regulate the course of the contested case hearing and the conduct of the parties and
6	their authorized representatives.
7	(c) Recusal.
8	(1) If a hearings examiner determines that the hearings examiner should be recused
9	from a particular contested case hearing, the hearings examiner shall withdraw from the contested case
10	by giving notice on the record and by notifying the chief hearings examiner.
11	(2) A party may file a motion to recuse the hearings examiner. The motion to recuse shall
12	be supported by an affidavit setting forth the alleged grounds for disqualification. A copy of the motion
13	shall be served on the hearings examiner who shall have 10 days to reply, and a copy shall be served on
14	all parties or their authorized representatives.
15	(3) If the hearings examiner contests the alleged grounds for disqualification, the chief
16	hearings examiner shall promptly determine the validity of the grounds alleged and render a decision.
17	(d) Substitution of hearings examiner. If the hearings examiner is disqualified, dies, becomes
18	disabled, or withdraws during any contested case proceeding, the chief hearings examiner may appoint
19	another hearings examiner to preside over the remainder of the contested case proceeding.
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(a) After a contested case has been called on the date assigned for hearing pursuant to notice, a
 continuance of the contested case hearing will be granted by the hearings examiner only upon a showing
 of good cause.

(b) A motion for continuance of a contested case hearing shall be filed and served on all parties at least five days before the hearing date, except when good cause is shown to consider a motion for continuance filed after the deadline.

(c) A motion is not granted until it has been ruled on by the hearings examiner, even if the motion is uncontested or agreed.

224.614 Conduct of Hearing

Each party in a contested case shall have the right to notice, cross examination, presentation of evidence, objection, motion, argument, and all other rights essential to a fair contested case hearing.

Except as provided by this chapter or in the notice of hearing, the TCRP, as applied to non-jury civil cases, shall be applicable to hearings in contested cases, as far as reasonably practical.

17 224.615 Hearings

Lemon law or warranty performance complaints that satisfy the jurisdictional requirements of
the Occupations Code will be set for hearing by the department. The department will notify all parties of
the date, time, and place of the hearing by certified mail. Additional information contained in the notice

1	of hearing shall be consistent with §224.606 of this title (relating to Notice of Hearing in Contested
2	Cases). Depositions, interrogatories, and requests for admission shall not be permitted.
3	(1) When possible, hearings will be held in the city in which the complainant resides.
4	(2) Hearings will be scheduled at the earliest date possible, provided that a 10-day notice
5	or other notice required by law is given to all parties.
6	(3) Hearings will be conducted expeditiously by a hearings examiner in accordance with
7	Government Code, Chapter 2001, subject to Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapter O; and with
8	the provisions of this chapter (relating to Adjudicative Practice and Procedure) and this subchapter.
9	(4) If a party fails to appear for the hearing, relief may be granted to the party that
10	appears.
11	(5) Absent a showing of good cause, a complaint may be dismissed if the complainant
12	repeatedly fails to respond or communicate with the Office of Administrative Hearings.
13	(6) The complainant shall have the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence.
14	(7) Hearings will be conducted informally. The parties have the right to be represented
15	by attorneys at a hearing, although attorneys are not required. Any party who intends to be represented
16	at a hearing by an attorney or an authorized representative must notify the hearings examiner, the
17	department, and any other party in writing at least five business days prior to the hearing. Failure to
18	provide notice will result in postponement of the hearing if requested by any other party.
19	(8) Subject to a hearings examiner ruling, a party may present that party's case in full,
20	including testimony from witnesses and documentary evidence such as repair orders, warranty
21	documents, and the motor vehicle sales contract.

(9) By agreement of the parties and with the written approval of the hearings examiner,
the hearing may be conducted by written submission only or by telephone or videoconference. Upon
notice to the parties, hearings and prehearing conferences may be conducted by telephone or
videoconference, even in the absence of a motion.
(10) Except for a hearing conducted by written submission, each party may be
questioned by the other party at the discretion of the hearings examiner.
(11) Except for a hearing conducted by written submission or by telephone or
videoconference, the complainant must bring the motor vehicle in question to the hearing so that the
motor vehicle may be inspected, and test driven, unless otherwise ordered by the hearings examiner
upon a showing of good cause by the complainant.
(12) The department may have the motor vehicle in question inspected by an expert
prior to the hearing, if the department determines that an expert opinion may assist in arriving at a
decision. An inspection under this section shall be made only upon prior notice to all parties, who shall
have the right to be present at such inspection. A copy of any findings or report from such inspection will
be provided to all parties before, or at, the hearing.
(13) Except for hearings conducted by written submission, all hearings will be recorded
by the hearings examiner. A copy of the recording will be provided to any party upon request and upon
payment for the cost of the copy, as provided by law or board rules.
224.616 Evidence

1 (a) General. The TRE shall apply in all contested cases, in accordance with Government Code, 2 Chapter 2001. 3 (b) Documents in department files. The hearings examiner may take official notice of documents 4 or information in the department's files, in accordance with Government Code, Chapter 2001. 5 (c) Exhibits. Exhibits shall be limited to facts with respect to the relevant and material issues 6 involved in a particular contested case. Documentary exhibits shall not unduly encumber the record. 7 Where practical, the sheets of each exhibit shall not be more than 8-1/2 inches by 11 inches in size and 8 shall be numbered and labeled. The original and one copy of each exhibit offered shall be tendered to 9 the reporter or hearings examiner for identification, and a copy shall be furnished to each party. In the 10 event an offered exhibit has been excluded after objection and the party offering the exhibit withdraws 11 the offer, the hearings examiner shall return the exhibit. If the excluded exhibit is not withdrawn, it shall 12 be given an exhibit number for identification and be included in the record only for the purpose of 13 preserving the exception together with the hearings examiner's ruling. (d) Evidence may be stipulated by agreement of all parties. 14 15 16 224.617 Objections and Exceptions A party is not required to make a formal exception to a ruling of the hearings examiner. 17 18 19 224.618 Final Order Authority 20 The hearings examiner has final order authority in a contested case filed under Occupations 21 Code, §2301.204 or Subchapter M.

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2	224.619 Delegation of Final Order Authority
3	(a) In accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.154(c) and §2301.711, the hearings examiner is
4	authorized to issue, where there has not been a decision on the merits, a final order in a contested case,
5	including, but not limited to a contested case resolved:
6	(1) by settlement;
7	(2) by agreed order;
8	(3) by withdrawal of the complaint;
9	(4) by dismissal for want of prosecution;
10	(5) by dismissal for want of jurisdiction;
11	(6) by summary judgment or summary disposition;
12	(7) by a default judgment; or
13	(8) when a party waives the opportunity for a contested case hearing.
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15	224.620 Lemon Law Relief Decisions
16	(a) Unless otherwise indicated, this section applies to decisions that relate to lemon law
17	complaints. Decisions shall give effect to the presumptions provided in Occupations Code, §2301.605,
18	where applicable.

1 (1) If it is found that the manufacturer, distributor, or converter is not able to conform 2 the motor vehicle to an applicable express warranty by repairing or correcting a defect in the 3 complainant's motor vehicle, creating a serious safety hazard or substantially impairing the use or 4 market value of the motor vehicle after a reasonable number of attempts, and that the affirmative 5 defenses provided under Occupations Code, §2301.606 are not applicable, the final order authority shall 6 issue a final order to the manufacturer, distributor, or converter to: 7 (A) replace the motor vehicle with a comparable motor vehicle, less a 8 reasonable allowance for the owner's use of the vehicle; or 9 (B) accept the return of the motor vehicle from the owner and refund the full 10 purchase price of the motor vehicle to the owner, less a reasonable allowance for the owner's use of the 11 motor vehicle. 12 (2) In any decision in favor of the complainant, the final order authority will, to the extent possible, accommodate the complainant's request with respect to replacement or repurchase of 13 14 the motor vehicle. 15 (b) This subsection applies only to the repurchase of motor vehicles. 16 (1) When a refund of the purchase price of a motor vehicle is ordered, the purchase 17 price shall be the total purchase price of the motor vehicle, excluding the amount of any interest, finance 18 charge, or insurance premiums. The award to the motor vehicle owner shall include reimbursement of 19 the amount of the lemon law complaint filing fee paid by, or on behalf of, the motor vehicle owner. The 20 refund shall be made payable to the motor vehicle owner and to any lienholder, respective to their 21 ownership interest.

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(2) There is a rebuttable presumption that a motor vehicle has a useful life of 120,000 miles. Except in cases where the preponderance of the evidence shows that the motor vehicle has a longer or shorter expected useful life than 120,000 miles, the reasonable allowance for the owner's use of the motor vehicle shall be that amount obtained by adding subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph. (A) The product obtained by multiplying the purchase price, as defined in paragraph (1) of this subsection, of the motor vehicle by a fraction having as its denominator 120,000 and having as its numerator the number of miles that the motor vehicle traveled from the time of delivery to the owner to the first report of the defect or condition forming the basis of the repurchase order; and (B) 50% of the product obtained by multiplying the purchase price by a fraction having as its denominator 120,000 and having as its numerator the number of miles that the motor vehicle traveled after the first report of the defect or condition forming the basis of the repurchase order. The number of miles during the period covered in this paragraph shall be determined from the date of the first report of the defect or condition forming the basis of the repurchase order through the date of the hearing. (3) There is a rebuttable presumption that the useful life of a towable recreational vehicle is 3,650 days or 10 years. Except in cases where a preponderance of the evidence shows that the vehicle has a longer or shorter expected useful life than 3,650 days or 10 years, the reasonable allowance for the owner's use of the towable recreational vehicle shall be that amount obtained by adding subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph.

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(A) The product obtained by multiplying the purchase price, as defined in paragraph (1) of this subsection, of the towable recreational vehicle by a fraction having as its denominator 3,650 days or 10 years, except the denominator shall be 1,825 days or five years, if the towable recreational vehicle is occupied on a full time basis, and having as its numerator the number of days from the time of delivery to the owner to the first report of the defect or condition forming the basis of the repurchase order. (B) 50% of the product obtained by multiplying the purchase price by a fraction having as its denominator 3,650 days or 10 years, except the denominator shall be 1,825 days or five years, if the towable recreational vehicle is occupied on a full-time basis and having as its numerator the number of days of ownership after the first report of the defect or condition forming the basis of the repurchase order. The number of days during the period covered in this paragraph shall be determined from the date of the first report of the defect or condition forming the basis of the repurchase order through the date of the hearing. (C) Any day or part of a day that the vehicle is out of service for repair will be deducted from the numerator in determining the reasonable allowance for use of a towable recreational vehicle in this paragraph. (c) This subsection applies only to leased motor vehicle relief. (1) Except in cases involving unusual and extenuating circumstances supported by a preponderance of the evidence, when a refund of the purchase price of a leased motor vehicle is ordered, the purchase price shall be allocated and paid to the lessee and the vehicle lessor, respectively, in accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph. (A) The lessee shall receive the total of:

1 (i) all lease payments previously paid by the lessee to the vehicle lessor 2 under the terms of the lease; and 3 (ii) all sums previously paid by the lessee to the vehicle lessor in 4 connection with entering into the lease agreement, including, but not limited to any capitalized cost 5 reduction, down payment, trade-in, or similar cost, plus sales tax, license, registration fees, and other documentary fees, if applicable. 6 7 (B) The vehicle lessor shall receive the total of: 8 (i) the actual price paid by the vehicle lessor for the motor vehicle, 9 including tax, title, license, and documentary fees, if paid by the vehicle lessor and evidenced in a bill of 10 sale, bank draft demand, tax collector's receipt, or similar instrument; and 11 (ii) an additional 5.0% of the purchase price plus any amount or fee paid 12 by vehicle lessor to secure the lease or interest in the lease. 13 (C) A credit reflecting all of the payments made by the lessee shall be deducted 14 from the actual purchase price that the manufacturer, converter, or distributor is required to pay the 15 vehicle lessor, as specified in subparagraph (B)(i) and (ii) of this paragraph. 16 (2) When the final order authority orders a manufacturer, converter, or distributor to 17 refund the purchase price in a leased vehicle transaction, the motor vehicle shall be returned to the 18 manufacturer, converter, or distributor with clear title upon payment of the sums indicated in paragraph 19 (1)(A) and (B) of this subsection. The vehicle lessor shall transfer title of the motor vehicle to the 20 manufacturer, converter, or distributor, as necessary to effectuate the lessee's rights. The lease shall be 21 terminated without penalty to the lessee.

1	(3) Refunds shall be made to the lessee, vehicle lessor, and to any lienholder, respective
2	to their ownership interest. The refund to the lessee under paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection shall be
3	reduced by a reasonable allowance for the lessee's use of the motor vehicle. A reasonable allowance for
4	use shall be computed in accordance with subsection (b)(2) or (3) of this section, using the amount in
5	paragraph (1)(B)(i) of this subsection as the applicable purchase price.
6	(d) This subsection applies only to replacement of motor vehicles.
7	(1) Upon issuance of an order from the final order authority to a manufacturer,
8	converter, or distributor to replace a motor vehicle, the manufacturer, converter, or distributor shall:
9	(A) promptly authorize the exchange of the complainant's motor vehicle with
10	the complainant's choice of any comparable motor vehicle; and
11	(B) instruct the dealer to contract the sale of the selected comparable motor
12	vehicle with the complainant under the following terms.
13	(i) The sales price of the comparable motor vehicle shall be the vehicle's
14	Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Price (MSRP/DSRP, as applicable);
15	(ii) The trade-in value of the complainant's motor vehicle shall be the
16	MSRP/DRSP, as applicable, at the time of the original transaction, less a reasonable allowance for the
17	complainant's use of the complainant's motor vehicle.
18	(iii) The use allowance for replacement relief shall be calculated in
19	accordance with subsection (b)(2) and (3) of this section.
20	(2) Upon any replacement of a complainant's motor vehicle, the complainant shall be
21	responsible for payment or financing of the usage allowance of the complainant's vehicle, any

1 outstanding liens on the complainant's vehicle, and applicable taxes and fees associated with the new 2 sale, excluding documentary fees. 3 (A) If the comparable motor vehicle has a higher MSRP/DSRP, as applicable, than the complainant's vehicle, the complainant shall be responsible at the time of sale to pay or finance the 4 5 difference in the two vehicles' MSRPs/DSRPs, as applicable, to the manufacturer, converter or distributor. 6 (B) If the comparable motor vehicle has a lower MSRP/DSRP, as applicable, than 7 the complainant's vehicle, the complainant will be credited the difference in the MSRP/DSRP, as 8 applicable, between the two motor vehicles. The difference credited shall not exceed the amount of the 9 calculated usage allowance for the complainant's vehicle. 10 (3) The complainant is responsible for obtaining financing, if necessary, to complete the 11 transaction. 12 (4) The replacement transaction, as described in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this 13 subsection, shall be completed as specified in the final order. If the replacement transaction cannot be 14 completed within the ordered time period, the manufacturer shall repurchase the complainant's motor 15 vehicle in accordance with the repurchase provisions of this section. If repurchase relief occurs, a party 16 may request calculation of the repurchase price by the final order authority. 17 (e) If the final order authority finds that a complainant's motor vehicle does not qualify for 18 replacement or repurchase, an order may be entered in any proceeding, where appropriate, requiring 19 repair work to be performed or other action taken to obtain compliance with the manufacturer's, 20 converter's, or distributor's warranty obligations. 21 (f) If the motor vehicle is substantially damaged or if there is an adverse change in the motor

vehicle's condition beyond ordinary wear and tear, from the date of the hearing to the date of

1 repurchase, and the parties are unable to agree on an amount allowed for such damage or condition, 2 either party may request reconsideration by the final order authority of the repurchase price contained 3 in the final order. 4 (g) In any award in favor of a complainant, the final order authority may require the dealer 5 involved to reimburse the complainant, manufacturer, converter, or distributor for the cost of any items 6 or options added to the motor vehicle if one or more of those items or options contributed to the defect 7 that is the basis for the order, repurchase, or replacement. This subsection shall not be interpreted to 8 require a manufacturer, converter, or distributor to repurchase a motor vehicle due to a defect or 9 condition that was solely caused by a dealer add-on item or option. 10 11 224.621 Incidental Expenses 12 (a) When a refund of the purchase price or replacement of a motor vehicle is ordered, the 13 complainant shall be reimbursed for certain incidental expenses incurred by the complainant from loss 14 of use of the motor vehicle because of the defect or nonconformity which is the basis of the complaint. 15 The expenses must be reasonable and verifiable. Reimbursable incidental expenses include, but are not 16 limited to the following costs: 17 (1) alternate transportation; 18 (2) towing;

(3) telephone calls or mail charges directly attributable to contacting the manufacturer,

distributor, converter, or dealer regarding the motor vehicle;

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1	(4) meals and lodging necessitated by the motor vehicle's failure during out-of-town
2	trips;
3	(5) loss or damage to personal property;
4	(6) attorney fees if the complainant retains counsel after notification that the
5	respondent is represented by counsel; and
6	(7) items or accessories added to the motor vehicle at or after purchase, less a
7	reasonable allowance for use.
8	(b) Incidental expenses shall be included in the final repurchase price required to be paid by a
9	manufacturer, converter, or distributor to a prevailing complainant or in the case of a motor vehicle
10	replacement, shall be tendered to the complainant at the time of replacement.
11	(c) When awarding reimbursement for the cost of items or accessories presented under
12	subsection (a)(7) of this section, the hearings examiner shall consider the permanent nature,
13	functionality, and value added by the items or accessories and whether the items or accessories are
14	original equipment manufacturer (OEM) parts or non-OEM parts.
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16	224.622 Final Orders
17	(a) A motion for rehearing of a final order issued by a hearings examiner for a complaint filed
18	under Occupations Code §2301.204 or Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapter M, shall proceed in
19	accordance with Occupations Code, §2301.713.
20	(b) A hearings examiner shall prepare a final order as soon as possible, but not later than 60 days
21	after the hearing is closed, or as otherwise provided by law. The final order shall include the hearings

1 examiner's findings of fact and conclusions of law. The final order shall be sent by the department to all 2 parties by certified mail. 3 (c) A party who disagrees with the final order may file a motion for rehearing in accordance with 4 Government Code, Chapter 2001, subject to Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapter O. A motion 5 for rehearing of a final order must: 6 (1) be filed with the chief hearings examiner; 7 (2) include the specific reasons, exceptions, or grounds asserted by a party as the basis 8 of the request for a rehearing; and 9 (3) recite, if applicable, the specific findings of fact, conclusions of law, or any other portions of the final order to which the party objects. 10 11 (d) Replies to a motion for rehearing must be filed with the chief hearings examiner in accordance with Government Code, Chapter 2001, subject to Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, 12 Subchapter O. 13 14 (e) If the chief hearings examiner or the chief hearings examiner's designee grants a motion for 15 rehearing, the parties will be notified by mail and a rehearing will be scheduled promptly. After 16 rehearing, a final order shall be issued with any additional findings of fact or conclusions of law, if 17 necessary to support the final order. A hearings examiner may issue an order granting the relief 18 requested in a motion for rehearing or requested in a reply to a motion for rehearing without the need 19 for a rehearing. If a motion for rehearing and the relief requested is denied, the chief hearings examiner 20 or designee will issue an order.

1 (f) A party who has exhausted all administrative remedies and who is aggrieved by a final order 2 in a contested case from which appeal may be taken is entitled to judicial review pursuant to 3 Government Code, Chapter 2001, subject to Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, Subchapter P, under the 4 substantial evidence rule. A copy of the petition for judicial review must be served on the final order 5 authority and any other parties of record. After service of the petition and within the time permitted for 6 filing an answer, the final order authority shall transmit to the reviewing court the original or a certified 7 copy of the entire record of the proceeding. If the court orders that new evidence be presented to the 8 final order authority, the final order authority may modify the findings and decision or order by reason 9 of the new evidence and shall transmit the additional record to the court. 10 11 224.623 Compliance with Order Granting Relief 12 (a) Compliance with an order issued by the final order authority will be monitored by the 13 <u>department.</u> 14 (b) A complainant is not bound by a final decision and order. 15 (c) If a complainant does not accept the final decision, the proceeding before the final order 16 authority will be deemed concluded and the complaint file closed. 17 (d) If the complainant accepts the final decision, then the manufacturer, converter, or distributor, 18 and the dealer to the extent of the dealer's responsibility, if any, shall immediately take such action as is 19 necessary to implement the final decision and order.

1 (e) If a manufacturer, converter, or distributor replaces or repurchases a motor vehicle pursuant 2 to an order issued by the final order authority, then the manufacturer, converter, or distributor shall, 3 prior to the resale of such motor vehicle, retitle the vehicle in Texas and shall: 4 (1) issue a disclosure statement on a form provided by or approved by the department; and 5 (2) affix a department-approved disclosure label in a conspicuous location in or on the motor 6 vehicle. 7 (f) The disclosure statement and disclosure label required under subsection (e) of this section 8 shall accompany the motor vehicle through the first retail purchase. No person or entity holding a license 9 or GDN issued by the department under Occupations Code, Chapter 2301 or Transportation Code, Chapter 503 shall remove or cause the removal of the disclosure label until delivery of the motor vehicle 10 11 to the first retail purchaser. 12 (g) A manufacturer, converter, or distributor shall provide to the department the name, address, 13 and telephone number of the transferee to whom the manufacturer, distributor, or converter transfers 14 the motor vehicle on the disclosure statement within 60 days of each transfer. The selling dealer shall 15 return the completed disclosure statement to the department within 60 days of the retail sale of a 16 reacquired motor vehicle. 17 (h) The manufacturer, converter, or distributor must repair the defect or condition in the motor 18 vehicle that resulted in the vehicle being reacquired and issue a basic warranty excluding non-original 19 equipment manufacturer items or accessories, for a minimum of 12 months or 12,000 miles, whichever 20 comes first. The warranty shall be provided to the first retail purchaser of the motor vehicle. 21 (i) In the event this section conflicts with the terms contained in a cease and desist order, the 22 terms of the cease and desist order shall prevail.

(j) The failure of any manufacturer, converter, distributor, or dealer to comply with a final order
 issued by the final order authority within the time period prescribed in the order may subject the
 manufacturer, converter, distributor, or dealer to formal action by the department, including the
 assessment of civil penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation or other sanctions prescribed by

Occupations Code, Chapter 2301, for the failure to comply with an order issued by the final order

6 <u>authority.</u>

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